

PERIYAR UNIVERSITY

PERIYAR PALKALAI NAGAR SALEM – 636011

DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

Syllabus for **B.A PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

(SEMESTER PATTERN)

(For Candidates admitted in the College affiliated to Periyar University from 2018 - 2019 onwards)

REGULATIONS

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE

- To educate students in both the administrative view and humanistic perspective through the study of public administration and human relations.
- > To make students aware of the Government structure, functions, policy and welfare programmes.
- To provide students with the critical faculties necessary in an academic environment, on the job, and in an increasingly complex, interdependent world.
- > The syllabus of this program is aimed at preparing the students with the latest developments and put them on the right track to fulfill the present requirements.

COMMENCEMENT OF THIS REGULATION

This regulation shall take effect from the academic year 2018 – 2019, i.e, for the students who are admitted to the first year of the course during the academic year 2018 – 2019 and thereafter.

ELIGIBILITY

Refer this office circular No: PU/R/AD-1/UG/PG/Programmes Eligibility/2019 Dated: 16-04-2019.

DEFINITIONS

Programme : Programme means a course of study leading to the award of the degree in a discipline.

Course: Course refers to the subject offered under the degree programme.

SYLLABUS

The syllabus of the UG degree has been divided into the following five categories:

Part I : Tamil / Other Languages.

Part II : English Language.

Part III: Core Courses, Elective Courses and Allied

Courses.

Part IV: Skill Based Elective Courses, Non-Major Course,

Environmental Studies and Value Education.

Part V : Extension Activity.

- **Elective Course:** There are 3 Elective Courses offered for B.A Public Administration students.
- **Skill Based Elective Course :** This course aims to impart advanced and recent developments in the concerned discipline.
- **Non-Major Course:** Irrespective of the discipline the student can select papers that are offered by other disciplines as non-major course.
- Extension Activity: Participation in NSS / NCC / YRC / RRC / Sports or other cocircular activities are considered for Extension activity.

CREDITS

Weightage given to each course of study is termed as credit.

CREDIT SYSTEM

The weight age of credits are spread over to different semesters during the period of study and the cumulative credit point average shall be awarded based on the credits earned by the students. A total of 140 credits are prescribed for the under graduate programme.

DURATION OF THE COURSE

The candidates shall complete all the courses of the programme within 3 years from the date of admission. The programme of study shall consist of six semesters and a total period of three years with 140 credits. The programme of study will comprise the course according to the syllabus.

EXAMINATIONS

The course of study shall be based on semester pattern with Internal Assessment under Choice Based Credit System.

The examinations for all the papers consist of both Internal (Continuous Internal Assessment-CIA) and External (end semester) theory examinations. The theory examination shall be conducted for three hours duration at the end of each semester. The candidates failing in any subjects(s) will be permitted to appear for the same in the subsequent semester examinations.

COURSE OF STUDY AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS

Part	Code Paper	Course		urs / V	Veek	Credit	Hrs.		Marks	5
Part				Prac.	Total			CIA	Exam.	Total
	SEMESTER I									
Ι	Language	Tamil - I	6	-	6	3	3	25	75	100
II	Language	English - I	6	-	6	3	3	25	75	100
III	Core-I	Principles of Pubic Administration	5	-	5	5	3	25	75	100
IV	Core-II	Indian Constitution and Administration	5	-	5	5	3	25	75	100
V	Allied-I	History of Tamil Nadu from 1565 to Vellore Mutiny	5	-	5	4	3	25	75	100
VI	VLE	Value Education - YOGA	2	-	2	2	3	25	75	100
		SEMESTER	II							
1	Language	Tamil -II	6	-	6	3	3	25	75	100
II	Language	English- II	6	-	6	3	3	25	75	100
III	Core -III	Indian Administration	5	-	5	5	3	25	75	100
IV	Core -IV	Local Government Administration in India	5	-	5	5	3	25	75	100
V	Allied - II	History of Tamil Nadu from Vellore Mutiny to Present day	6	-	6	5	3	25	75	100
VI	EVS	Environmental Studies	2	-	2	2	3	25	75	100
		SEMESTE	III							
I	Language	Tamil- III	6	-	6	3	3	25	75	100
П	Language	English-III	6	-	6	3	3	25	75	100
III	Core –V	Organization Theory	6	-	6	5	3	25	75	100
IV	Core - VI	Principles of Management								
V	Allied -III	Indian Economy – I	6	-	6	5	3	25	75	100
VI	SBEC - I	Social Issues in India	6	-	6	3	3	25	75	100
VII	SBEC-II	GK for Competitive Exams	2	-	2	3	3	25	75	100
			2	-	2	3	3	25	75	100
VIII	NMEC-I	சாலை பாதுகாப்பு விதிகள் - ।	2	-	2	2	3	25	75	100
ш		<u>I</u>				- manufacture of the			0.00	

BA - PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

3 3 5 5	3 3 3	25 25		Total	
3 5 5	3	25			
3 5 5	3		75		
3 5 5	3		75	1 400	
5 5		1 /7	75	100	
5				100	
	3	25 25		100	
2	3	25	l .	100	
2	3	25	75	100	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
5	3	25	75	100	
5	3	25	75	100	
5	3	25	75	100	
4	3	25	75	100	
4	3	25	75	100	
3	3	25	75	100	
SEMESTER VI					
5	3	25	75	100	
5	3	25	75	100	
4	3			100	
				100	
				100	
.					
	5 5 4 4 3 5 5	5 3 5 3 4 3 3 3 5 3 4 3 4 3 4 3	5 3 25 5 3 25 5 3 25 4 3 25 4 3 25 3 3 25 5 3 25 4 3 25 4 3 25 4 3 25 4 3 25 4 3 25 4 3 25	5 3 25 75 5 3 25 75 5 3 25 75 4 3 25 75 4 3 25 75 3 25 75 5 3 25 75 5 3 25 75 4 3 25 75 4 3 25 75 4 3 25 75 4 3 25 75 4 3 25 75	

^{***} No Examination – Participation in NCC / NSS / RRC / YRC / Others if any.

SKILL BASED ELECTIVE COURSE:

SKILL BASED ELECTIVE COURSE	DADED CODE	
(III -SEMESTER)	PAPER CODE	
SBEC - I SOCIAL ISSUES IN INDIA	18UPAN01	
SBEC - II GK FOR COPETITIVE EXAMS	18UPAN02	
SKILL BASED ELECTIVE COURSE		
(IV -SEMESTER)	PAPER CODE	
SBEC - III E- GOVERNANCE IN INDIA		
SBEC - IV INDIAN POLITY		

NON - MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSES:

NON – MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE – I	PAPER CODE	
(III -SEMESTER)		
சாலை பாதுகாப்பு விதிகள்	17UTAN01	

NON – MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE – II	2.25	
(IV -SEMESTER)	PAPER CODE	
விளம்பரக் கலை		

UNIFORMITY IN THE NUMBER OF UNITS IN EACH PAPER:

Each theory paper shall consist of five units. The Question paper shall consist of questions uniformly Distributed among all the units.

Question Pattern for 2018-2019 Admitted Students

Duration: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Part A: (10 X 2 = 20 marks)

Answer ALL Questions (Two Questions from Each Unit)

Part B: (5 X 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL Questions
(One Question from Each Unit with internal choice)

Part C: (3 X 10 = 30 marks)

Answer Any THREE Questions out of Five Questions (One Question from Each Unit)

Question pattern for 2019-2020 admitted students

Part A: (15 X 1 = 15marks)

Answer ALL Questions

Objective questions with 4 answers

(Three Questions from Each Unit)

Part B: (2 X 5 = 10 marks

Answer any TWO Questions (One Question from Each Unit)

Part C: (5X 10 = 50 marks)

Answer Any FIVE Questions out of Five Questions (One Question from Each Unit with internal choice)

PASSING MINIMUM

- i) The Candidates shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she secures not less than 40 marks in total (CIA mark + Theory Exam mark) with minimum of 30 marks in the Theory Exam conducted by the University.
- ii) The Candidates shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she secures not less than 40 marks in total (CIA mark + Practical Exam) with minimum of 30 marks in the practical Exam conducted by the University.

CONVERSION OF MARKS TO GRADE POINTS AND LETTER GRADE (Performance in a Course/Paper)

RANGE OF MARKS	GRADE POINTS	LETTER GRADE	DESCRIPTION
90 - 100	9.0 - 10.	0	Outstanding
80 - 89	8.0 - 8.	D+	Excellent
75 - 79	7.5 - 7.9	D	Distinction
70 - 74	7.0 - 7.4	A+	Very Good
60 - 69	6.0 - 6.9	А	Good
50 - 59	5.0 - 5.9	В	Average
40 - 49	4.0 - 4.9	С	Satisfactory
00 - 39	0.0	U	Re-appear
ABSENT	0.0	AAA	ABSENT

Ci = Credits earned for course i in any semester

Gi = Grade Point obtained for course i in any semester

n = refers to the semester in which such course were credited

B A PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Grade point average (for a Semester):

Calculation of grade point average semester-wise and part-wise is as follows:

GRADE POINT AVERAGE [GPA] = \(\Si\)CiGi / \(\Si\)Ci

Sum of the credits of the courses under each part in a semester

Calculation of Grade Point Average (CGPA) (for the entire programme):

A candidate who has passed all the examinations under different parts (Part-I to V) is eligible for the following part wise computed final grades based on the range of CGPA. **CUMULATIVE**

GRADE POINT AVERAGE [CGPA] = $\Sigma n\Sigma iCniGni / \Sigma n\Sigma iCni$

CGPA	GRADE
9.5 -10.0	O+
9.0 and above but below 9.5	0
8.5 and above but below 9.0	D++
8.0 and above but below 8.5	D+
7.5 and above but below 8.0	D
7.0 and above but below 7.5	A++
6.5 and above but below 7.0	A+
6.0 and above but below 6.5	А
5.5 and above but below 6.0	B+
5.0 and above but below 5.5	В
4.5 and above but below 5.0	C+
4.0 and above but below 4.5	С
0.0 and above but below 4.0	U

Classification of Successful candidates

A candidate who passes all the examinations in Part I to Part V securing following CGPA and Grades shall be declared as follows for Part I or Part III:

CGPA	GRADE	CLASSIFICATION OF FINAL RESULT
9.5 -10.0	0+	First Class - Exemplary *
9.0 and above but below 9.5	0	First Class with Distinction*
8.5 and above but below 9.0	D++	
8.0 and above but below 8.5	D+	
7.5 and above but below 8.0	D	
7.0 and above but below 7.5	A++	First Class
6.5 and above but below 7.0	A+	
6.0 and above but below 6.5	А	
5.5 and above but below 6.0	B+	
5.0 and above but below 5.5	В	Second Class
4.5 and above but below 5.0	C+	
4.0 and above but below 4.5	С	Third Class

Conferment of the Degree

No candidate shall be eligible for conferment of the Degree unless he / she

- i. Has undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than six semesters in an institution approved by/affiliated to the University or has been exempted from in the manner prescribed and has passed the examinations as have been prescribedtherefore.
- ii. Has completed all the components prescribed under Parts I to Part V in the CBCS pattern to earn 140 credits.
- iii. Has successfully completed the prescribed Field Work/ Institutional Training as evidenced by certificate issued by the Principal of the College.

Ranking

A candidate who qualifies for the UG degree course passing all the examinations in the first attempt, within the minimum period prescribed for the course of study from the date of admission to the course and secures

I or II class shall be eligible for ranking and such ranking shall be confined to 10 % of the total number of candidates qualified in that particular branch of study, subject to a maximum of 10 ranks. The improved marks shall not be taken into consideration for ranking.

B.A. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

SMESTER - I

CORE PAPER - I

PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Unit-I

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Public Administration – Public Administration and Private Administration – Public Administration and its Relationship with Other Social Sciences.

Unit-II

Organization – types of organization –Bases of organization – principles of organization (Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command, Delegation, Centralization)

Unit-III

Chief Executive – Types of Chief Executive – Line Agency , Staff Agency , Auxiliary Agency – Department –Public Corporation – IRC (Independent Regulatory commission) – Head Quarters and Field Relationship.

Unit-IV

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Management - Planning - Decision making - Communication - Supervision - Leadership - Public Relations.

Unit-V

Control over Public Administration - Legislative control - Executive Control - Judicial Control

- 1. Tyagi, A.R Principles and practice of public Administration.
- 2. Mohit Bhattacharya Public Administration.
- 3. Vishoo Bhagwan Public Administration, S.Chand and co, New Delhi.
- 4. Bhambhri, C.P. Public Administration Theory and Practice, Jain Prakasu, Nath and co, Meerut.

SEMESTER-I CORE PAPER – II

INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND ADMINISTRATION

Unit - I

Preamble - Salient features - Directive Principles of State Policy - Fundamental Rights - Fundamental Duties - Federal and Unitary Features of the Indian Constitution.

Unit - II

Union Administration - Loksabha , Rajyasabha (Composition Powers and Functions) - Speaker of Loksabha - Chairman of Rajya sabha - Committees of Parliament.

Unit-III

Union Administration - President, Prime Minister - Cabinet Secretariat.

Unit-IV

State Administration - Governor, Chief Minister - State Secretariat.

Unit-V

Local Self Government - 73rd and 74th Amendment.

- 1) D D. Basu Introduction to the Constitution of India.
- 2) Pylee The Constitution of India.
- 3) Avasthi Public Administration in India.
- 4) S.R. Maheswari Indian Administration.

<u>SEMESTER – II</u>

CORE PAPER - III

INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

Unit-I

Evolution of Indian Administration - Kautilya's Views on Administration - the British Legacies of Indian Administration - Features of the Moghal Administration.

Unit-II

The President - Election , Powers , Position - The Prime Minister and Council of Minister - Appointment , Powers and Functions - Central Secretariat and Cabinet Secretariat - The Prime Minister's Office

Unit-III

Ministries - Structure, Functions - Home Ministry - Finance Ministry - Defence Ministry - Ministry of External Affairs.

Unit-IV

The Election Commission - Role , Function - The Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG) - Powers , Duties – Finance Commission - Structure , Functions.

Unit-V

Issues in Indian Administration - Generalist & Specialist - Minister & Secretary Relationship - Corruption - Criminalization of Politics.

- 1) Avasthi Central Administration.
- 2) S.R. Maheswari Indian Administration.
- 3) Johari Indian Government and Politics.
- 4) R.B. Jain Contemporary issues in Indian Administration.

SEMESTER-II

CORE PAPER - IV

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

Unit-I

Nature , Scope and Importance of Local Administration - Evolution of Local Government in Independent India - Balwant Ray Mehta and Ashok Mehta Committee Reports - 73rd and 74th Amendment Acts.

Unit-II

Rural local Government - Structure and Functions - Village Panchayat - panchayat - Samithi - Zilla Parizad - Local Finance.

Unit-III

Urban Local Government - Structure and Functions - Municipal Corporation - Municipality - Town Panchayat - Township - Cantonment - Notified Area.

Unit-IV

Rural and Urban Development Programmes - Community Development Programmes - Employment and Poverty Alleviation Programmes - Urban Development Schemes - Housing , Water supply and Sanitation Schemes.

Unit-V

Role of District Collector in Local Government Administration - Role of DRDA - Control over Supervision Local Bodies - State and District.

- 1) S.R. Maheswari local Governments in India.
- 2) Mathur Rural Development and Co operation.
- 3) Bhargava Indian local Government.
- 4) Chaturvedi Panchayat Raj: Indian Institute of Public Administration.

<u>SEMESTER – III</u>

CORE PAPER - V

ORGANIZATION THEORY

Unit – I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Organization – Types of Organization – Principles – Approaches.

Unit – II

Theories of Organization : Classical Theory – Scientific Management Theory – Bureaucratic Theory – Human Relations Theory.

Unit – III

Types of Organizations – Ministries and Departments – Corporations – Boards and Commissions.

Unit – IV

Organization Change – Organisational Development – Organizational Leadership - Control – OD and Intervention Techniques.

Unit – V

Organizational Behaviour – Organizational Conflict – Organizational Effectiveness – Organization and Society - Redressal Mechanism.

- 1. V.S.P Rao & P.S Narayana, Organization Theory and behaviour, Konark Publications Ltd, Delhi, 1990
- 2. Nirmal Singh, Organizational Behaviour Concepts & Theory and Practice, Deep and Deep Publishers, New Delhi; 2001
- 3. S.S.Khanka, Organisational Behaviour, S.Chand & Co Ltd, Delhi, 2003
- 4. P. Stephen Robbins, Organizational Behaviour, Prentice Hall, 1997

SEMESTER – III CORE PAPER VI

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

UNIT-I

Definition, nature, scope and significance of Management – difference between

Management and Administration – Importance of Management, Evolution of Management Thought.

UNIT - II

Modern Management Techniques – Levels of Management – Management Techniques in Government.

UNIT – III

Planning – Decision making – Supervision - Coordination – Communication – Leadership – Training.

UNIT – IV

Management by Objective (MBO) – Management Information System – Total Quality of Management.

UNIT – V

Participative Management – Self Management – Quality Circle – Issues in Management.

- 1. **P.C. Tripathi, P.N. Reddy**, Principles of Management, Tata MCGRAW- Hill Publications, New Delhi. 2008,
- 2. Dr. Vishnoo Bhagwan and VidyaBhushan, Public Administration, New Delhi,
- S.Chand and Company LTD, 2011
- 3. R.N. Gupta, Principles of Management, S.Chand& Company Limited, NewDelhi, 2010
- 4. Dr. D.K. Tripathi, Principles and Practices of Management, Wisdom Publications, New Delhi. 2009

<u>SEMESTER – III</u>

SBEC - I

SOCIAL ISSUES IN INDIA

Unit – I

Social Structure in India – Ancient, Medieval and Modern Society – Reforms and Modern Society

Unit – II

Population Growth – Illiteracy – Unemployment – Poverty – Issue of Social Inclusion and Exclusion – Civil Society and NGOs

Unit – III

Child Labour – Child Abuse – Violence against Women – Domestic Violence

Unit – IV

Castism – Communalism – Regional Unrest – Minorities and Reservation - Lingustism

Unit - V

Alcoholism - Drug Abuse - Digital Divide - Cyber Crime - Social Media and Awareness

- 1. G. David Mandelbaum, Society in India, SAGE TEXTS, New Delhi; 2016
- 2. Veena Das (ed), Oxford Handbook of Indian Sociology, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2004
- 3. T.K. Oommen, Social Inclusion in Independent India Dimensions and Approaches, Orient Black Swan Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2016
- 4. O.P. Goel (ed), Role of NGOs in Development of Social System, ISHA Books, Delhi, 2004

<u>SEMESTER – III</u>

SBEC - II

GK FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMS

UNIT – I

Indus Valley Civilization – Guptas, Delhi Sultans, Mughals and Marathas – Age of Vijayanagaram and the bahamanis - Culture and Heritage of Tamil people - – Unity in diversity – race, colour, language, custom – India as secular state.

UNIT – II

Emergence of National Leaders – Gandhi, Nehru – role of Tamil Nadu in freedom struggle Rajaji, VOC, Periyar, Kamaraj, Barathi.

UNIT – III

National Development Council – National Human Rights Commission – State Human Rights Commission – Central Information Commission – State Information Commission – Anti-Corruption measures - Central Vigilance Commission – Lokpal and Lokayukta – Ombudsman – Comptroller and Auditor General.

UNIT – IV

Water Resources – Rivers in India – Soil – Minerals and natural Resources – Population density and distribution – Natural Calamities - Disaster Management.

UNIT - V

Current Affairs - Eminent personalities - sports and games - Awards and honours - political parties and political and social issues in India - welfare oriented government schemes.

- 1. G. David Mandelbaum, Society in India, SAGE TEXTS, New Delhi; 2016
- 2. Veena Das (ed), Oxford Handbook of Indian Sociology, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2004
- 3. S.R.Maheshwari, Indian Administration, ORIENT LONGMAN PVT LTD, Hydrabad; 2003
- 4. Laxmikanth M, Public Administration, TATA McGRAW HILLS, New Delhi; 2012

SEMESTER-IV

CORE PAPER VII

ADMINISTRATIVE THOUGHT

UNIT – I

Kautilya – Thiruvalluvar - Woodrow Wilson

UNIT - II

Gulick – Urwick – Max Weber

UNIT – III

F.W. Taylor – Henri Fayol - Elton Mayo

UNIT - IV

Mary Parker Follet –Riggs.

UNIT - V

C.I. Barnad – Herbert A. Simon.

- 1. **Tellett A.Etal** Management, Penquin, 1978.
- 2. **Sapru R.K** Theories of Administration. Chand & Co, Delhi, 1996.
- 3. Ravindra Prasad Detal (ed) Administrative Thinkers Sterling Madras 1993.
- 4. **Maheswari S.R.** Administrative Thinker Orient Longman, 1998.

SEMESTER – IV SBEC – III

INDIAN POLITY

UNIT I

Indian Constitution - Composition of Constituent Assembly - Citizenship - Right to Constitutional Remedies - Writs and its types - Amendments - its procedure.

UNIT II

Parliamentary System – Parliamentary Committee – Financial Committee – Standing Committee – Committee on Enquiry.

UNIT III

Federal System - Centre - State Relation - Supreme Court - Judicial Review - Emergency Provisions.

UNIT IV

Constitutional Bodies – Union Public Service Commission – State Public Service Commission – Finance Commission.

UNIT V

National Commission for SC/ST – Attorney General of India – Non - Constitutional Bodies- NITI Ayok – Central Bureau Investigation.

- 1. **D.D.Basu**, Introduction to the Constitution of India
- 2. **Lakshmikanth**, Indian Polity for Civil Service Exams
- 3. **R.B.Jain,** Contemporary issues in Indian Administration

SEMESTER V

CORE PAPER – VIII

PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION

UNIT – I

Meaning, Nature and scope of Public Personnel Administration – Bureaucratic – Aristocratic and Democratic Personnel Systems and their merits and demerits.

UNIT – II

Public Service – Tenure System – Merit System – Spoil System – Merit and Demerits – Position classification – Organization and methods.

UNIT - III

Recruitment – Problems of recruitment – Methods of recruitment – Direct Indirect Recruitment – Appointment and Probation - ARC's Recommendations.

UNIT – IV

Training – Objectives of training – Types of training – Training for public services in India – Promotion – Principles of Promotion – Transfer - Retirement benefits.

UNIT – V

Conduct and Discipline – Morale – Employer – Employee Relations – Employee Associations – Whitely Council – Integrity in Administration.

Books Recommended for Study:

- 1. Goel, O.S.R Public Personnel Administration.
- 2. Rudrabasavraj Dynamic Personnel Administration Management of Human Resources.
- 3. Negro, Felix, A Public Personnel management.
- 4. Sapru, R.K., Civil Service Administration in India.

SEMESTER V

CORE PAPER – IX

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

UNIT – I

Nature, Scope and Significance of Public Financial Administration – Meaning and Principles of Budget – Modern techniques of Public Financial Administration.

UNIT – II

Aspects of Indian Budgetary system – Preparation and Enactment of Budget – Execution of Budget – Control over Public Expenditure in India – Finance Ministry.

UNIT – III

Public Accounts Committee – Estimate committee – Committee on Public Undertakings – Committee on Subordinate Legislation.

UNIT - IV

Meaning of Audit – Audit in India – Comptroller and Auditor General of India – Separation of Accounts from Audit – Performance Auditing.

UNIT - V

Finance Commission – Union – State financial relation – Resource Mobilization – Tax Administration in India – Public Debt Administration – Local body Finances – State Finance Commission.

- 1. Goel S. L. Public Financial Administration, New Delhi Deep and Deep Publication, 2005.
- 2. **Thavaraj MJK**, Financial Administration in India, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2000.
- 3. **Mukherjee S.S**. Financial Administration in India, Surjeet Publication, New Delhi.
- 4. Kramer Fred A., ed. Contemporary Approaches to Public Budgeting

SEMESTER - V

CORE PAPER - X

COMPARATIVE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

UNIT I

Meaning, nature and scope of Comparative Public Administrative System – Need for comparative study

UNIT II

U.K. Constitution – Salient Features – legislature – Executive – Judiciary

UNIT III

USA Constitution - Salient Features - legislature - Executive - Judiciary

UNIT IV

France Constitution - Salient Features - legislature - Executive - Judiciary

UNIT V

Switzerland Constitution - salient Features - legislature - Executive - Judiciary

- 1. Lakshmikanth.M, Indian Polity for Civil service Exams, 2017
- 2. **Chandler J.A.,** Comparative Public Administration 2014
- 3. Ramesh K.Arora, Comparative Public Administration, 2005

SEMESTER-V

CORE PAPER - XI

CITIZEN AND CIVIC ENGAGEMENT

UNIT – I

Need for Political Education – Citizen Obligation under Indian Constitution – Citizenship Training – Political Culture.

UNIT - II

Approaching Government Agencies for various welfare Programmes – Appling for Ration Card – Birth and Death Certificates – Voter Registration – Voter Identity Card – PAN Card – Enrolling Membership for Central and State Government Programme – Employment Registration – Make use of Right to information Act 2005 – Consumer forum and its use for citizens – Redressing of Citizen Grievances.

UNIT - III

Citizens Charter – Meaning - Origin – Need for Citizen Charter.

UNIT - IV

NGO - Meaning, Significance - Dimensions - Organization and Functions of NGO - Regulatory Mechanism at Central and State level Government over NGOs - Sources of Finances of NGOs - Expenditure, Account and Audit of NGOs.

UNIT - V

Awareness - Term Paper - Preparation - Presentation and Discussion.

- 1. D.D. Basu Introduction to the Constitution of Indian
- 2. Social Welfare Programmes
- 3. Voluntary Agencies for Development

SEMESTER -V

ELECTIVE PAPER I

HUMAN RIGHTS

UNIT I

Origin of the Human rights – Nature and Scope of Human Rights – Human Rights and Duties

UNIT II

Constitutional Remedies – Human Rights Violation against Men – Women – Children

UNIT III

Universal Declaration of Human Rights – Human Rights Court

UNIT IV

Communal Violence in India – Female Infanticide – Refugees - Bonded Lobourer – Prisoners

UNIT V

Human Rights and Media - Human rights and Voluntary Organisations - Human Rights in New Era

- 1. **Subramaniyan,** Human Rights: International Challenges
- 2. Sekasena, Human Rights: Fifty years of India's Independence,
- 3. Desai Violence of Democratic Rights in India,

SEMESTER-V

SBEC IV

E – GOVERNANCE IN INDIA

UNIT – I:

E – Governance – Meaning - Definition – Stages and Development of E-governance – E-governance process.

UNIT II:

Public – Private partnership in E-Governance – Difference between government and Governance – Government Database management

UNIT III:

Data Warehouse – Government Web Services – State Data

Centre UNIT IV:

Digitalization of State and District Administration – Bridging and Digital

Divide **UNIT V**:

Cyber Law and e-governance – Legal Status for Digital Transactions – Information Technology.

- **1. Satyanarayanan**.J: e-Government the science of the possible; Prentice hall of India (PVT), New Delhi
- **2. Kenneth Kennison and Deepak Kumar (Eds):** IT Experience in India; Bridging the Digital Divide, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2004
- 3. IT Act, Government of India, www.mit.gov

SEMESTER-VI

CORE PAPER - XII

DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

UNIT - I

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Development Administration – Evolution of Development Administration

UNIT - II

Traditional Administration and Development Administration – International Context of Development Administration.

UNIT -III

Development Planning in India – Bureaucracy and Development Administration – District Collector – DRDA – Field Level Agencies.

UNIT - IV

Urban Development Programmes – Swarna Jayanthi Sahari Rozgar Yojana – Urban Self Employment Programme – Urban Wage Employment Programme – JNNURM –Urban Housing Development Programme.

UNIT - V

NGO's and Development Administration - Citizen Grievances And Redressal Mechanism

- 1. **S.K. Chaterjee** Development Administration, Sultan Chand Deep and Sons, Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Goel S. L Development Administration, Sultan Chand Deep and Sons, Delhi, 2009
- 3. **Rathod, P. B.** Development Administration, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi, 2005
- 4. **Sapru. R.K.** Development Administration, Sterling Publisher, 2008

SEMESTER

CORE PAPER XIII

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

UNIT - I

General Assembly – Secretary – International Court of Justice – The Secretariat

UNIT - II

UNESCO - UNICEF - FAO

UNIT - III

UNDP -IMF- IBRD (World Bank)

UNIT -IV

ILO - WHO - UNHRC

UNIT - V

NATO - VNAM - EU - SAARC

- 1. **Pittman, B.Potter** An Introduction to the Study of International Organisation
- 2. Steoen, Good Speed, The Nature and Functions of International Organizations
- 3. Paul Taylor International organisation in the Modern World

B A PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

SEMESTER VI

CORE PAPER XIV

POLICY SCIENCE

UNIT- I

Nature and scope and significance of Policy Science – Approaches to Policy

Science – Organization for Policy Formulation

UNIT - II

Public Policy Analysis - Models - Rational Model - Optimal Model - Incremental Model.

UNIT-III

Policy Evaluation – Mechanism – Policy evaluation tools in India

UNIT - IV

Role of Legislature – Policy Making in India – Planning Commission & Policy Formulation

UNIT-V

Economic Policy – New Education Policy – Environmental Policy

- 1. Birkaland, Thomas, A. An Introduction to the Policy Process, London 2001
- 2. **Dye, Thomas .R.,** Understanding Public Policy, New jersey, 1979
- 3. Vaidayanatha Iyar, Public Policy Making in India

SEMESTER-VI

ELECTIVE PAPER II

POLICE ADMINISTRATION

UNIT – I

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Law and Order Administration – Society – Evaluation of Police Administration.

UNIT - II

Structure of Police - Recruitment - Training - Promotion - Retirement - Powers, Duties, Accountability and Conduct.

UNIT- III

Modern Police Administration - Technology - Cybercrime - Drug Abuse

UNIT - IV

 $\label{eq:maintenance} \mbox{ Maintenance of Law and Order-Role of Police in Insurgency, Terrorism and Public Safety} \\ \mbox{ $UNIT-V$}$

Criminalization of Police – Police Public Relations – Police Reforms.

- 1. M. B. Chande, Police in India, Atlantic Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. **H. L. Kapoor**, Police Administration in, Reference Press, New Delhi, 2000
- 3. K. K. Mishra, Police Administration in India: Mittal Publisher, New Delhi, 1989.

SEMESTER-V

ELECTIVE PAPER III

SOCIAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION

UNIT – I

Social Welfare Administration - Evolution of social welfare in India – Social Welfare Administration as a discipline and as a Profession.

UNIT – II

Social Welfare Administration at the Union Level – Central Social Welfare Board – Role of Voluntary Organization in Social Welfare.

UNIT – III

Welfare Programmes - Family welfare - Women welfare, Transgender welfare, Child welfare - Youth welfare .

UNIT IV

Special Welfare Programmes - Aged -Disabled -Drug Addicts -Ex-Service Man.

UNIT – V

UNO's Role in Social Welfare Administration.

- 1. **D.R. Sachdeva :** Social Welfare Administration in India, Kitab Mahal Publishers, New Delhi 2010.
- 2. S. L. Goel: Social Welfare Administration Deep and Deep Publishers, New Delhi, 2009.
- 3. M.K.SINGH, Social Welfare Administration, Vayu Education of India, New Delhi, 2016

SEMESTER - I

ALLIED PAPER – I

HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU FROM 1565 TO VELLORE MUTINY

UNIT I

Tamil Country under Vijayanagar Rule - Nayaks Rule in Tamil Nadu - Administration - Social and Economic life - Religion - Literature - Art and Architecture

UNIT II

Tamil Nadu under the Maratha Rule – Administration – society and Development of Religion – Literature – Fine Arts.

UNIT III

Tamil Nadu under the Nawabs – Navayats and Wallajas – European Settlements – Administration of the Nawabs

UNIT IV

Poligars of Tamil Nadu – South Indian Rebellions – Pulithevan – VeerapandiyaKattaboman – kallarRevolt and Vellore Mutiny.

UNIT V

Social and Reform Movements –NarayanaGuru – Economic Drain – Fall of Cottage Industries - Position of Women

- 1. **Subramanian.N,** History of Tamil Nadu (Vol. III)
- 2. Rajayyan K, History of Tamil Nadu
- 3. Sastri K.A.N., History of South India
- 4. Sathiyanantha Iyar R., Political and cultural History of India

SEMESTER II

ALLIED PAPER II

HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU FROM VELLORE MUTINY TO THE PRESENT DAY

UNIT - I

Tamil Nadu under the British – Administration – Revenue and Judiciary – Progress of Education – Social and Economic Conditions.

UNIT - II

Role of Tamil Nadu in Freedom Movement – The Rule of Women – Justice party and its rule – Non-Brahmin Movement - Self-Respect Movement – The Role of Periyar E.V.R – Social Reform Movements - Temples Entrance.

UNIT - III

The Congress Rule in Tamil Nadu – C.R. Rajagopalachariar - Kamarakar and his Contributions

UNIT-IV

Political parties in Tamil Nadu - D.K. Emergence of D.M.K., - C.N.Annadurai – M.G.Ramachandran and A.D.M.K.

UNIT - V

Cultural Movement in the 20th century – Development of Mass Media – Development of Education in Tamil Nadu – Tamil Nadu and Srilankan problem – Development of Industries.

- 1. **Subramanian .N.,** History of Tamil Nadu from 1565 to the Present Day
- 2. Rajayyan k, history of Tamil Nadu
- 3. AlalaSundaram A., History of Tamil Nadu
- 4. Sastri K.A.N., History of South India

SEMESTER-III

ALLIED PAPER - III

INDIAN ECONOMY – I

UNIT – I

Meaning, features of Indian Economy – Determinates of Development, Background and Structure of Indian Economy.

UNIT II

Natural Resources and Economic Development – Principles of Resources Development – Natural Resources of India.

UNIT III

Population Demographic features – Theories of Demographic Transition –causes and measures of controlling High growth rates of population, Human Development Index –Meaning and measurement.

UNIT IV

Agriculture – its place and role in the National Economy – Corp pattern – causes for low productivity – Green Revolution – Food Problem.

UNIT V

Concepts of GNP, NNP, PCI –Methods of Calculating National Income – Trends in National Income since 1991 – Difficulties in Measuring National Income.

- 1. Mishra &Puri, Indian Economy
- 2. Garg, V.K, Indian Economic Problems
- 3. **Dhingral.C**, Indian Economy
- 4. Sankaran, S, Indian Economy

SEMESTER- IV

ALLIED PAPER- IV

INDIAN ECONOMY - II

UNIT -I

Role or industries in Economic Development – Cottage, Small Scale and Large Scale Industries (Cotton, Irom & Steel and Cement), Industrial Policy – 1956, 1980 and 1991

UNIT II

Definition and scope of planning – objectives of planning in India – a brief resume of Five year plans in India – Recent Five year Plan

UNIT III

Meaning of the Poverty line – other estimates of poverty - population below poverty line causes of poverty – poverty eradication programs in India

UNIT IV

Types of Transport – Importance of Railway, Roadways, Shipping and Civil Aviation – Transport Coordination

UNIT V

Importance of foreign trade in Economic Development, balance of payments – recent trade policy WHO and Indian Economy.

- 1. GARG, V.K, Indian Economic Problems
- 2. **SANKARAN, S.** Indian Economy
- 3. **Agarwal,** Indian Economy

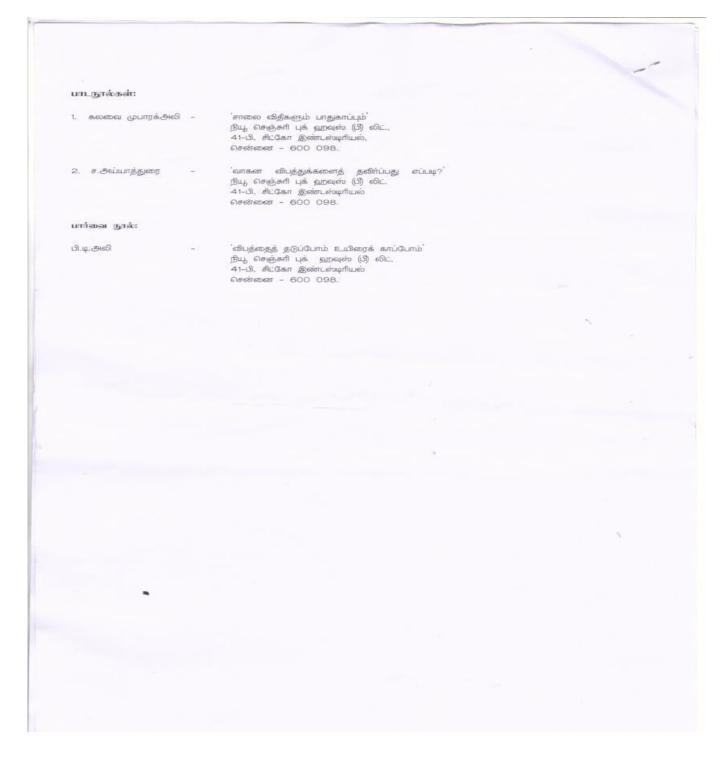
SEMESTER - III

NON -MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE - I (TAMIL)

SALAI PATHUKAPPU VITHIKAL – I

துறைசாறா விருப்பப் பாடம் : தாள் 1 (Non Major Elective Course) சாலை பாதுகாப்பு விதிகள் பாட நோக்கம்: சாலை விதிகளை அறிந்து கடைப்பிடிக்க மாணவர்களுக்கு அறிவுறுத்தல். பாதசாரிகளுக்கான பாதுகாப்பு விதிமுன ஓட்டுவோருக்கான விதிகள் – பொதுவான விதிமுறைகள். விதிமுறைகள் – மிதிவண்டி இருசக்கர வாகன ஓட்டிகள் – கார் மற்றும் கனரக வாகன ஓட்டிகள் கவனத்தீற்கு – வழுக்குதலின் வகைகள் – சைகைகள். வாகன ஓட்டுநரின் தவறான பழக்க வழக்கங்கள் – அனுபவமின்மை – கவனக்குறைவு – அதிவேகம். தவறாக முந்துதல் – தவறாகத் திருப்புதல் – இடைவெளியின்றிப் பின்தொடரல் – வாகனங்களைத் தவறாக நிறுத்துதல். அவகு - 5 வாகனத்தைத் தவறாகப் பின்னோக்கீச் செலுத்துதல் – தவறாகச் சந்தீப்பைக் கடத்தல் – அதிக சுமையேற்றல் – மலைப் பகுதியில் தவறாகச் செலுத்துதல் – சாலை விதிகளை மீறுதல்.

REFERNECE BOOKS



SEMESTER - IV

NON -MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE - II (TAMIL)

VILAMPARAKKALAI - II

துறைசாரா விருப்பப் பாடம் - தாள் 2 (Non Major Elective Course) விளம்பரக்கலை

பாட நோக்கம்:

மாணவர்களுக்கு விளம்பரத்துறையைப் பற்றி அறிந்து கொள்ளச் செய்தல்.

அல்த - 1

விளம்பரங்களின் தன்மையும் நோக்கமும் – விளக்கங்கள் – விளம்பரத்தின் இயல்புகள் – அறிவிப்பும் விளம்பரமும் – விளம்பரத்தின் தன்மைகள் – விளம்பர எல்லை – விளம்பர நோக்கங்கள் – விளம்பர வரலாறு – குறிக்கோள்.

அலகு – 2

விளம்பரங்களின் வகைகள் – நேரடி விளம்பரம் – மறைமூக விளம்பரம் – அடிப்படை விளம்பரம் – விற்பனை நோக்கமுடைய விளம்பரங்கள் – தயாரிப்பும் பொருள் பற்றிய விளம்பரம் – இணங்குவிக்கும் விளம்பரம் – அறிவுறுத்தும் விளம்பரம் – தயாரிப்பு நிறுவனம் பற்றிய விளம்பரம் – நீதி தொடர்பான விளம்பரம் – தொழில்துறை விளம்பரம் – அரசு விளம்பரங்கள் – சமூக விளம்பரங்கள் – வணிக விளம்பரங்கள் – செய்தித்தாள் விளம்பரங்கள் – வானொலி விளம்பரங்கள் – தொலைக்காட்சி விளம்பரங்கள் – திரைப்பட விளம்பரங்கள் – விளம்பரத்தின் கூறுகள்.

அலக - 3

விளம்பரத்தின் நன்மை தீமைகள் – விளம்பரத்தின் குறைபாடுகள் – விளம்பர ஒழுக்க நெறிகள் – தடை செய்யப்பட்ட விளம்பரங்கள் – விளம்பரத்திற்கான சில விதிமுறைகள் – விளம்பரத் தயாரிப்பில் இதர அம்சங்கள் – நுகர்வோர் பற்றிய முக்கிய விவரங்கள்.

அலகு - 4

விளம்பரத்தின் பணிகள் – விளம்பர நிறுவனத்தின் தகுதிகள் – விளம்பர நிறுவன விருதுகள் – நுகர்வோரின் வழிகாட்டி – விளம்பர நகலின் அமைப்பு – விளம்பரத்தில் மனோதத்துவம் – விளம்பர நிறுவனங்கள் – விளம்பர அறங்கள் – விளம்பர நிறுவனங்களுக்குரிய ஒழுக்க நெறிகள்.

REFERNECE BOOKS

அலக - 5 விளம்பரத்தின் தாக்கம் - விற்பனைப் பெருக்கம் - தொலைக்காட்சி விளம்பரங்களில் தவறான போதனைகள் – விளம்பரங்களில் குழந்தைகள் – பண்பாட்டுக் கலப்பு – விளம்பரங்களின் மொழிநிலை – விளம்பர உத்திகள் – உத்திமுறைகளின் நன்மைகள் – உத்தி முறைகளின் தீமைகள் – விளம்பரம் தொடர்பான சட்டங்கள். பாடநால்: முணைவர் ச. ஈஸ்வரன்] -'விளம்பரக்கலை' முனைவர் இரா. சபாபதி பாவை பப்ளிகேஷன்ஸ் 142, ஜானி ஜான் கான் சாலை, இராயப்பேட்டை, சென்னை - 600 014. பார்வை நூல்கள்: 1. அ.விநாயகமூர்த்தி விளம்பரக்கலை பாலமுருகன் பதிப்பகம், ஜெய்ஹிந்த்புரம், மதுரை-11. 2. விமல்நாத் விளம்பர யுத்திகள் கண்ணதாசன் பதிப்பகம். தியாகராயநகர், சென்னை –17. 3. எஸ்.ரவிராஜ் விளம்பரம் செய்வது எப்படி? நியு செஞ்சுரி புக் ஹவுஸ் பிரைவேட் லிட். சென்னை - 58.

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR CORE, ELECTIVE, SKILL BASED AND NMEC PAPERS From 2018 – 2019 Admitted Students

Time: 3hours Marks -75

SECTION 'A' $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

I. Answer the following in about 30 words

each: Questions 1 and 2 - From Unit I

Questions 3 and 4 - From Unit II

Questions 5 and 6 - From Unit III

Questions 7 and 8 - From Unit IV

Questions 9 and 10 - From - Unit V

SECTION 'B' $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ Marks})$

- **II.** Answer the following questions in about 100 wordseach:
 - 11. a) or b) Questions From Unitl
 - 12. a) or b) Questions From UnitII
 - 13. a) or b) Questions From UnitIII
 - 14. a) or b) Questions From UnitIV
 - 15. a) or b) Questions From UnitV

SECTION 'C' (3 x 10 = 30 Marks)

III Answer any three of the following questions in about 200 words each: 16 -

Question From Unitl

- 17 Question From Unit II
- 18 Question From Unit III
- 19 Question From Unit IV
- 20 Question From Unit

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

From 2018 - 2019 Admitted Students

INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND ADMINISTRATION

TIME: 3 HOURS MAX. MARKS: 75

10X2=20

PART – A

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

- **1.** Soverginity.
- 2. Federal Government.
- 3. Rajya sabha.
- 4. Speaker of Lok Sabha.
- 5. Cabinet Secretariat
- **6.** president
- 7. Governor
- 8. Prime Minister
- 9. State Secretariat
- 10. Gram Panchayat

PART - B

5x5=25

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 1. a) Write about Fundamental Rights at Indian Constitution.(or)
 - b) Short note on "Preamble"
- 2. a) What are the Parliament Functions.(or)
 - b) Explain the Lok Sabha
 - 3. a) Write the Prime Minister Functions (or)
 - b) What are the President?
- 4. a) Functions of State Secretariat Explain it.(or)
- 5. b) Write a short note on Chief Minister.
 - 5. a) What are the Functions of Local Government.(or)
 - b) Short Note on "Municipal Corporation"

PART – C

10x3=30

ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

- 1. Explain the Directive Principles of State Policy.
- 2. Analyze the President Powers and Functions
- 3. 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act Explain
- 4. Write about Fundamental Duties of Indian Constitution.
- 5. Write an essay on "Village Panchayat"

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR

Model Question from 2019 – 2020 Admitted Students

Part - A

I. Answer all question (15x1=15 Marks) Objective questions with 4 answers

Questions 1 and 3 - From Unit -I

Questions 4 and 6 - From Unit - II

Questions 7 and 9 - From Unit - III

Questions 10 and 12 - From Unit - IV

Questions 13 and 15 - From - Unit -V

Part - B

II. Answer the following Answer any TWO Questions in about 100 words each: (2x5=10)

- 1. Questions From Unit- I
- 2. Questions From Unit- II
- 3. Questions From Unit- III
- 4. Questions From Unit -IV
- 5. Questions From Unit- V

Part – C

(5x10=50) Marks)

III. Answer ALL of the following questions internal choice (either or) in about 200 words each:

- 16 Questions From Unit I
- 17Questions From Unit II
- 18Questions From Unit III
- 19Questions From Unit IV
- 20Questions From Unit V

Model Question from 2019 – 2020 Admitted Students

Public Administration

INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND ADMINISTRATION

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(15 \times 1 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

- The fundamental rights can be suspended by the 1.
 - (a) President
- (b) Governor
- (c) Law minister
- (d) Prime minister

அடிப்படை உரிமைகள் யாரால் நிறுத்தி வைக்கப்படலாம்

- (அ) குடியரசு தலைவர் (ஆ) ஆளுநர்
- (இ) சட்ட அமைச்சர்
- (ஈ) பிரதம மந்திரி

- The directive principles of state policy have been included in
 - Part IV of the Constitution
 - Part V of the Constitution
 - Part VI of the Constitution
 - Part III of the Constitution

அரசு கொள்கையினை நெறிப்படுத்தும் கோட்பாடுகள் எந்த பகுதியில் சேர்க்கப்பட்டுள்ளன.

- (அ) அரசியலமைப்பின் பகுதி IV
- (ஆ) அரசியலமைப்பின் பகுதி V
- (இ) அரசியலமைப்பின் பகுதி VI
- (ஈ) அரசியலமைப்பின் பகுதி III
- Indian Constitution provides for 3.
 - single citizenship
 - (b) double citizenship
 - multiple citizenship
 - (d) none of these
 - இந்திய அரசியலமைப்பு சட்டம் அளிப்பது
 - (அ) ஒற்றைக் குடியுரிமை
 - (ஆ) இரட்டை குடியுரிமை
 - (இ) பல குடியுரிமை
 - (开) மேலே உள்ளவற்றில் ஏதுமில்லை

- The number of members, the president can nominate to upper house is
 - (a) 10
- (c) 13
- (d) 12

இந்திய குடியரசுத் தலைவர் மேலவைக்கு நியமனம் செய்யும் அங்கத்தினர்களின் எண்ணிக்கை

- (의) 10
- (왕) 7
- (@) 13
- (FF) 12
- Lok Sabha has a strength of
 - (a) 545 members
- (b) 500 members
- 525 members
- (d) 570 members

மக்களவையின் எண்ணிக்கை

- (அ) 545 உறுப்பினர்கள் (ஆ) 500 உறுப்பினர்கள்
- (இ) 525 உறுப்பினர்கள் (ஈ) 570 உறுப்பினர்கள்
- One third of the members of Rajya Sabha retire
 - every year (a)
 - every two years
 - every three years
 - every four years

மூன்றில் ஒரு பங்கு மாநிலங்களவை உறுப்பினர்கள் (அ) ஒவ்வொரு ஆண்டும் ஓய்வு பெறுகின்றனர் குடியரசு தலைவர் தனது பதவி விலகல் கடிதத்தை கீழ் குறிப்பிட்ட நபருக்கு அனுப்பலாம் ஆண்டுகளுக்கு ஒருமுறை (ஆ) இரண்டு ஓய்வு (அ) துணை குடியரசுத் தலைவர் பெறுகின்றனர் (ஆ) மக்களவை சபாநாயகர் ஆண்டுகளுக்கு (இ) மூன்று ஒருமுறை ஒய்வு (இ) பிரதமர் பெறுகின்றனர் (ஈ) உச்சநீதிமன்றத்தின் தலைமை நீதிபதி (ஈ) நான்காண்டுகளுக்கு ஒருமுறை ஓய்வு The prime minister is the பெறுகின்றனர் Head of the state The council of ministers is collectively responsible Head of the Government Nominal head (a) President (b) Prime minister (d) Head of the Parliament Lok sabha (d) Rajya sabha பிரதம மந்திரி அமைச்சரவை கூட்டாக யாருக்கு பொறுப்பானது? (ஆ) அரசாங்க தலைவர் (அ) அரசின் தலைவர் (அ) குடியரசு தலைவர் (ஆ) பிரதமமந்திரி (இ) பெயரளவு தலைவர் (ஈ) பாராளுமன்ற தலைவர் (இ) மக்களவை (ஈ) மாநிலங்களவை Who is the head of the state? The president can vacate his office by addressing (a) Governor (b) Prime minister his resignation to Chief minister (d) President (a) Vice president மாநில அரசின் தலைமை யார்? (b) The speaker Prime minister (அ) ஆளுநர் (ஆ) பிரதம மந்திரி (d) Chief Justice (இ) முதலமைச்சர் (ஈ) ஜனாதிபதி

- 11. Who has to approve state legislation?
 - (a) President
- (b) Union Government
- (c) Parliament
- (d) Governor
- மாநில சட்டங்களை யார் ஒப்புதல் அளிப்பார்?
- (அ) ஜனாதிபதி
- (ஆ) மத்திய அரசாங்கம்
- (இ) பாராளுமன்றம்
- (ஈ) ஆளுநர்
- 12. Minimum age to become a chief minister
 - (a) 25 years
- (b) 21 years
- (c) 18 years
- (d) 22 years
- முதலமைச்சராக குறைந்த பட்ச வயது வரம்பு
- (அ) 25 வயது
- (ஆ) 21 வயது
- (இ) 18 வயது
- (ஈ) 22 வயது
- 13. Three-tier system of Panchayat Raj recommended by
 - Ashok Mehta
 - (b) S.k. Dey
 - Balvanth Rai Mehta
 - (d) Krishnamachari
 - மூன்றடுக்கு ஊராட்சி முறையை பரிந்துரைத்தவர்
 - (அ) அசோக் மேத்தா
- (ஆ) எஸ்.கே. டே
- (இ) பல்வந்தராய் மேத்தா (ஈ) கிருஷ்ணமாச்சாரி

- The lowest unit in the Panchayat Raj institutions
 - Village Panchayat
 - Panchyat Samiti
 - Zilla Parishad
 - (d) Corporation

பஞ்சாயத்து ராஜ் நிறுவனங்களில் அமைந்திருக்கும் சிறிய நிர்வாக அமைப்பு

- (அ) கிராம பஞ்சாயத்து (ஆ) பஞ்சாயத்து சமிதி
- (இ) ஜில்லா பரிஷத்
- (ஈ) மாநகராட்சி
- The basic purpose of Panchayat Raj is
 - to give post for party members
 - democratic decentralisation (b)
 - to collect taxes directly
 - (d) to give employment to local people

பஞ்சாயத்து ராஜ் என்பதன் அடிப்படை நோக்கம்

- (அ) கட்சிகாரர்களுக்கு பதவிகள் கொடுப்பது
- (ஆ) மக்களாட்சியை ஊரக அளவில் பரவலாக்குவது
- (இ) நேரடியாக வரிகள் வசூலிப்பது
- (ஈ) கிராம மக்களுக்கு வேலை தருவது

PART B — $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TWO questions out of Five.

- 16. What are the features of the Indian Constitution? இந்திய அரசியலமைப்பின் அம்சங்கள் யாவை?
- 17. State the functions of the speaker of Lok Sabha. மக்களவை சபாநாயகரின் பணிகளை கூறுக.
- 18. Explain the role of the Cabinet secretariat. கேபினட் செயலக அலுவலகத்தின் பங்கு பணியினை விளக்குக.
- Discuss the importance of the chief minister in State Administration.
 மாநில நிர்வாகத்தில் முதலமைச்சரின் முக்கியத்துவத்தை விவாதிக்க.
- 20. What are the features of the 73rd amendment? 73வது திருதத்தின் அம்சங்கள் யாவை?

PART C — $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

21. (a) Explain the fundamental rights of the citizen.

குடிமகனின் அடிப்படை உரிமைகளை விளக்குக.

(b) Discuss the importance of the directive principles of State policy.

அரசு வழிநடத்தும் கொள்கையின் முக்கியத்துவத்தை விவாதிக்க.

22. (a) Examine the role of the committees of the Parliament.

பாராளுமன்ற குழுக்களின் பங்கு பணியினை ஆராய்க.

Or

(b) Describe the composition and functions of the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha.

> லோக்சபா மற்றும் ராஜ்ய சபாவின் அமைப்பு மற்றும் பணிகளை விவரிக்க.

23. (a) Discuss the power and functions of the President.

ஜனாதிபதியின் அதிகாரம் மற்றும் பணிகளை விவாதிக்க.

Or

(b) "The prime minister in the real head of the State" Comment.

> "அரசின் உண்மையான தலைவர் பிரதம மந்திரி ஆவார்" கருத்துரைக்க.

24. (a) Evaluate the role of the Governor. ஆளுநரின் பங்கு பணியினை மதிப்பிடுக.

Or

- (b) Analyse the position of the chief minister. முதலமைச்சரின் நிலையினை பகுத்தாய்க.
- 25. (a) Classify local government. ஊரக அரசாங்கத்தை வகைப்படுத்துக.

Or

(b) Write an essay on 74th amendment. 74வது திருத்தத்தை பற்றி ஒரு கட்டுரை எழுதுக.