# PERIYAR UNIVERSITY SALEM – 636 011



# **SYLLABUS FOR M.A. HISTORY**

(Semester Pattern)

# **CHOICE BASED CREDITSYSTEM**

and

**Outcome-Based Education [OBE]** 

FOR THE STUDENTS ADMITTED FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2018 – 2019

Regulations and Syllabus

# PERIYAR UNIVERSITY, SALEM- 620 024

M.A. History Syllabus under CBCS

# (Applicable to the candidates admitted from the academic year 2018- 2019 onwards)

Sem			Inst Hours/	Credits	Exam	N	Marks	
ester	Course	Course Title	Week	Credits	Hour	Int.	Ext.	Total
I	Core Course – I (CC)	Ancient Societies (18HIC01)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – II (CC)	History of Ancient India upto 1206 CE (18HIC02)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – III (CC)	History of Medieval India 1206 to 1707 CE (18HIC03)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – IV (CC)	Social and Cultural History of Tamil Nadu upto 1565 CE(18HIC04)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Elective Course – I (EC)	India's Struggle for Independence (Pre- Gandhian Era) (18HIEC01)	4	4	3	25	75	100
		Total	Total 24 2 15		125	375	500	
II	Core Course – V (CC)	History of Modern Europe 1453-1789 CE(18HIC05)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – VI (CC)	Society and Economy of Colonial India (18HIC06)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – VII (CC)	Gandhian Era of Indian National 5 5 Movement (1920-1947) (18HIC07)		3	25	75	100	
	Core Course – VIII(CC)	Socio-Cultural History of Tamil Nadu 5 1800-1967 CE (18HIC08)		5	3	25	75	100
	Elective Course - II (EC)	Economic History of India (1757-1857) 4 4 (18HIEC02)		3	25	75	100	
	Supportive course – I	India's Struggle for Independence/ Indian Culture and Heritage (18HISC01)	3	3	3	25	75	100
		Total	27	2	15	150	450	600
III	Core Course - IX(CC)	Twentieth Century World (18HIC09)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – X (CC)	History of Science, Technology Medicine in India (18HIC10)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – XI (CC)	History of Contemporary India 1952-2002 (18HIC11)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Elective Course –III (EC)	Economic History of India (1858-1947) (18HIEC03)	4	4	3	25	75	100
	Supportive course – II	History for Competitive Examination/ Indian Constitution(18HISC02)	3	3	3	25	75	100
		Total	22	2	15	125	375	500
IV	Core Course - XII CC)	Historiography: Theory and Methods (18HIC12)	5	5	3	25	75	100
	Elective Course – IV (EC) International Relation Since 1945 CE(18HIEC4)		4	4	3	25	75	100
	Project Work Viva voce 50 marks Dissertation 150		10	8		50	150	200
		Total	19	17	6	100	300	400
		Grand Total	92	9	54	500	1500	2000

#### The details of credits are as follows

Total		=	90 Credits
Project	= 1	=	8 Credits
Non Major Elective	= 2	=	6 Credits
Elective Course	= 4	=	16 Credits
Core course	= 12	=	60 Credits

## **EXAMINATIONS**

The examinations shall be 3 hours' duration for each paper at the end of each semester. The examination consists of Internal Assessment (IA) and Semester Examination (SE).

## IA marks for Theory Paper

		-	25 Marks
4.	Assignment	-	<u> 5 Marks</u>
3.	Seminar	-	5 Marks
2.	Test	-	10 Marks
1.	Attendance	-	5 Marks

## **PASSING MINIMUM**

A candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if the candidate secures not less than 50% marks in semester examinations and internal assessment in each course - A minimum of 38 marks out of 75 in semester examinations and a minimum of 12 marks out of 25 in the internal assessment. For the project work and viva - voce, a candidate should secure 50% the marks for a pass. The candidate should compulsorily attend the viva-voce to secure a pass in the paper. Candidates who do not obtain the required minimum marks for a pass in a course or a project report shall be required to appear and pass the same at a subsequent appearance. A candidate has to secure 90 credits to pass the M.A. History Degree Programme.

Bloom's Taxonomy Based Assessment Pattern

K1-Remember; K2- Understanding; K3- Apply; K4-Analyze; K5- Evaluate

## **QUESTIONS PAPER PATTERN**

a. For Theory

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 75

Knowledge Level		Section	Marks	Description	Total
K1 to K6	01 to 20	A (Answer all)	20x01=20	Twenty objective type questions	
K1 to K6	21 to 25	B(Answer 3 out of 5)	03x05=15	Answer each question in 100 words	75
K1 to K6	25 to 30	C (Either or pattern)	05x8=40	Answer each question in 500 words.	

## PART - A

Twenty objective type questions

**Answer all Questions** 

(All question carry equal marks)  $(20 \times 1 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

## PART - B

Answer any THREE Questions

Answer each question in 100 words

(All questions carry equal marks) (3 x5 = 15 marks)

## PART C

Answer any FIVE Questions

Answer each question in 500 words.

(All questions carry equal marks)  $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

## b. For Project

Evaluation : 150 Marks

Viva - Voce : 50 Marks

## **CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE**

Candidates who secured not less than 60% of aggregate marks in the whole examinations shall be declared to have passed the examination with FIRST Class. All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed with SECOND CLASS.

Candidates who have obtained 75% of the marks in aggregate shall be deemed to have passed the examination in FIRST CLASS WITH DISTINCTION, provided they passed all the examinations prescribed for the course in the first appearance.

#### RANKING

A candidate who passed all the examinations prescribed for the course in the FIRST ATTEMPT ONLY is eligible for classification/ Ranking/ Distinction.

## **VISION**

To mould future citizens, who could appreciate the rich heritage and culture of our society. To provide a platform for secular, harmonious society inculcating ethical and human values with a sense of commitment to the society and nation.

#### **MISSION**

Transform the Department of History in stages to a pioneering School of Historical Studies in South India with emphasis on Research and Teaching. To give historical content and professional skills to students preparing for careers in fields such as education, law, religion, international affairs, social service, journalism, and government.

## **PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES**

PO1: To provide a comprehensive understanding of History of India as well as the World.

PO2: To inculcate the consciousness of the rich cultural heritage of India.

PO3: To highlight the utility of the subject in the present scenario.

PO4: To focus upon a multidisciplinary approach towards the teaching and the reading methodology.

PO5: To develop knowledge, skills, attitude, ethics and values among the students.

PO6: To promote a zeal of historical enquiry among the future generation.

## **PROGRAMME OUTCOMES**

PSO1: To enable the student to understand the importance of the study of History to comprehend the day to day happenings of the world.

PSO2: To stress the need to understand the significance of Individuals in the promotion of an effective state and society

PSO3: To promote the skills required like critical thinking and objective understanding for becoming a scientific historian.

PSO4: To provide the students with ample opportunities to build their careers.

PSO5: To enable the students to develop their skills related to competitive examinations.

PSO6: To make the student select a career in historical research

Programme Code: HIS03

**Programme Title : M.A. History** 

Core course Title: ANCIENT SOCIETIES

Core course Code: 18HIC01

Semester : I Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

## Course objectives

It is intended to provide the students higher level understanding of the history of the ancient societies.

To make the students aware of the Great Civilizations of the World.

To explore the world of ancient societies.

To develop a critical understanding of the subject.

To study various aspects of the Civilizations like polity, literature, philosophy, and Arts of the

Civilizations.

## **UNIT-I:** Origins

Age of the Earth - the Evolution of Man in Africa, Europe and Asia - Origin and growth of Primitive cultures.

## **UNIT-II:** From Food-gathering to Food-production

Hunting and Gathering -Food production and village settlements - Division of labour and craft specialization

#### **UNIT-III: Bronze Age Civilizations**

Economy; Society; Religion; State structure- Egypt (old kingdom); Mesopotamia (up to the Akkaadian Empire)

#### UNIT- IV: Slave societies in Ancient Greece and Rome

Agrarian economy - Urbanization and Trade - Athenian Democracy - Roman Empire - the Roman and Greek cultures.

## <u>UNIT- V:</u> Decline of the Roman Empire

Disappearance of Latifundia and the emergence of colonate and patrocinium systems – Germanic social formations and the Germanic invasions of the Roman Empire – The origins of Feudalism.

## References

Jones Arnold H.M., The Decline of the Ancient World.

Austin M.M & Vidal-Naguet. P, Economic and Social History of Ancient Greece

Bengston, H., Introduction to Ancient History.

Braidwood, R.J., The Near East and the Foundation of Civilization.

Chang, K.C., The Archaeology of Ancient China.

Childe, V. Gordon, Man Makes Himself.

Childe, V. Gordon, Social Evolution.

Childe, V. Gordon., What Happened in History.

Clark, Grahame & Piggot Stuart, Pre-Historic Societies.

Hawkes, J., The First Great Civilization: Life in Mesopotamia, the Indus and Egypt.

#### Web Resources

https://humanorigins.si.edu/research/climate-and-human-evolution/climate-effects-human-evolution https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/2743774.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A7d8393ca29b1325da49514557c0e8315

 $\underline{https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/2569527.pdf?refreqid=excelsior\%3A1724a5079c939a026f394c64fb62b44e}$ 

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/20627616.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A70a2349d1b8fb55139c65058d6d6357f

## Course outcome

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To Remember the Ancient world.	K1
CO <sub>2</sub>	To understand the process of development into different fields of human civilization	K2
CO <sub>3</sub>	To Examine the significance of Bronze Age Civilizations	<u>K4</u>
CO <sub>4</sub>	To recollect the importance of Roman and Greek cultures.	(K5)
CO <sub>5</sub>	To assess the historical understanding decline of Roman empire and origin of Feudal society.	(K6)

## Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO	PSO						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	S	M	M	
CO3	S	S	S	M	M	M	
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	M	
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

## Pedagogy

Programme Code: HIS03

Programme Title: M.A. History

Core course Title: HISTORY OF ANCIENT INDIA (Up to 1206 CE)

Core course Code: 18HIC02

Semester : I Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

## **Course Objectives**

To develop historical consciousness in the minds of students

To impart knowledge on the Indian Heritage

To make a comparative study of Harappan culture and Vedic culture.

To study about social transformation from Magadha empire to Guptas

To train the students to face competitive examinations.

## **COURSE SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

The course seeks to impart to the student's comprehensive knowledge and understanding of historical change in early ancient Indian society and politics.

#### Unit-I

Geographical factors and their influences – sources of the Ancient Indian History – Indus Valley Civilization – Early & Later Vedic Age- Polity – the origin of the state – Vedic Assemblies – oligarchies – Republic – councilors and officials.

## UNIT - II

Pre- Mauryan India – Political life – Rise of Magadha – Sisunagas and Nandas – Invasion of Alexander and its impact – Religious reformation – Jainism and Buddhism.

#### UNIT - III

Mauryas: paternal despotism – Chandra Gupta – Bindusara – Asoka's welfare state.-Kingship - Army – Judiciary, Interstate relations. Post Mauryan period – Sungas and Kanvas – Greek, Saka and Parthian culture – Kharavela of Kalinga.

## UNIT - IV

Kushan invasion – Kanishka – Mahayanism- social and Economic conditions- Gandhara Art – Satavahanas – Guptas – important rulers and the achievements – Administration – Social and Economical life – Golden Age – Huns invasion – Decline of Guptas.

#### UNIT-V

The age of Harsha – Extent of the empire – Religious policy – Socio economic and literature – Arab invasion of Sindh – Rajput Kingdoms society and culture – Deccan Kingdoms – the Chalukyas and the Rashtrakutas – contribution to art and literature – Turkish Invasion – Mahmud of Ghazni – Mohammed of Ghor- impact of Indian politics.

#### References

Basham, A.L. The Wonder That Was India, Mumbai, Rupa Publications, 1971.

...... A Cultural History of India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1988.

Habib, Irfan. Prehistory, Delhi, Tulika, 2001.

Karashima, Noboru. Ancient to Medieval South Indian Society in Transition, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2009.

..... A Concise History of South India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2014.

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Kumkum Roy ed. Women in Early Indian Societies, New Delhi, Manohar Publishers & Distributors, 1999.

Majumdar, Ramesh Chandra, Hemchandra Raychaudhuri & Kalikinkar Datta. *An Advanced History of India, Part 2*, New Delhi, Macmillan India, 1973.

Majumdar. R.C. ed. *The History and Culture of the Indian People, The Classical Age*, Volume 3, G. Allen & Unwin, 1954

Mehta, JL. Advanced Study in the History of Medieval India, Vol –I 1000 to 1206, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd, 2014.

Nilkanta Sastri, K.A. The Illustrated History of South India: From Prehistoric Times to the Fall of Vijayanagar, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2011.

Ratnagar, S. The End of the Great Harappan Tradition, New Delhi, Manohar Publications, 2000.

.... Understanding Harappa, New Delhi, Tulika Publications, 2001.

Raychaudhuri H.C. Political History of Ancient India, New Delhi, Cosmo Publications, 2006.

Sharma, R.S. Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1991.

- .... India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2005.
- .... Indian Feudalism, C. AD 300-1200, New Delhi, Macmillan, 2006.
- .... Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, New Delhi, Macmillan, 2007.
- .... Rethinking India's Past, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2010.

Smith, Vincent. Early History of India, New Delhi, Atlantic Publishers, 1999.

Thapar, Romila. Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas: With a New Afterword, Bibliography and Index, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1997.

- .... Cultural Pasts Essays in Early Indian History, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2003.
- .... Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, New Delhi, Penguin Books, 2005.
- .... Somanatha: The Many Voices of a History, Verso, 2005.
- .... The Past Before Us, Harvard University Press, 2013.
- .... Cultural Pasts, New Delhi, University Press, 2003.

Trautmann, Thomas R. *India Brief History of a Civilization*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2011. Upinder Singh. *The Discovery of Ancient India: Early Archaeologists and the Beginnings of Archaeology*, New Delhi, Permanent Black, 2004.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/26491236.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A8606de3a7b741c6db2d 02ced85a8ec14

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/29757421.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Afda771029abbe651f30f 863e1dc35187

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## Course outcome

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To Remember Ancient Indian civilization	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To Highlight the significance of Buddhism	K2
CO <sub>3</sub>	To Assess the significance of Mauryan administration	K4
CO <sub>4</sub>	To Highlights the cultural evolution of various dynasties.	K2
CO <sub>5</sub>	To inculcate historical understanding on the process of Ancient Indian society	(K5)

## Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO			PSO					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	S	S	S	M	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	S	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S		
CO4	S	S	S	M	S	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

## Pedagogy

Programme Code: HIS03

Programme Title: M.A. History

Core course Title: HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL INDIA 1206 to 1707 CE

Core course Code: 18HIC03

Semester : I Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

## **Course objectives**

To impart knowledge on the cultural contribution of Muslim rulers.

To develop knowledge and understanding of medieval India.

To analyse medieval Indian society.

To realize the general development during the Mughal period.

To understand the political transformations in medieval India.

## UNIT-I

Sources – Documentary and Non-documentary – Literary Sources – Trends in Medieval Indian Historiography – Establishment of Muslim rule – Slave Dynasty – Qutb –ud-din-Aibak – Iltutmish – Sultana Razzia – Balban- The Concept of Sovereignty; the Growth of Centralized State Policy.

#### UNIT-II

Khaljis Dynasty – Jalaluddin Khalji -Alauddin Khalji – Economic measures – Religious policy – military exploits — The rise of Tughlaqs – Mohammad Bin Tughlaq – His Administrative measures and their impact – The Sayyids and Lodies – Delhi Sultanate Administration – Social and Economical Life – Bakthi Movement – Art and Architecture.

## <u>UNIT – III</u>

Emergence of the Rajputs as a political force – and their social system. The Deccan – the rise and fall of Bahmini Kingdom – History of Vijaya Nagar Empire – Administration – Social life – Religion- Art and Architecture – Early Mughals- Invasion of Babur – Humayun- Afghan interlude – Sher Sha Sur – his administrative and military reforms.

## UNIT-IV

Re –establishment and consolidation of the Mughal Empire – Akbar's theory of kingship; emancipation of the state from the logical tutelage emergence of a no-sectarian state - Akbar's Rajputs policy – Impact on the reins of Jahangir to Aurangzeb.

## UNIT-V

The Mughals- North West Frontier and Deccan policy- Art and Architecture – the Decline of the Mughals- Rise of Sikhism – Guru Nanak and his Successors.

#### References

Alam, Muzaffar & Sanjay Subramaniam. The Mughul State, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001

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.... Medieval India: From Sultanat to the Mughals Part – II,1526-1707, Delhi, Har-Anand Publications, 2004.

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.... The Agrarian System of Mughal India 1556-1707, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, India, 2013.

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Metha, JL. Advanced Study in the History of Medieval India: Mughal Empire (1526-1707) Volume II, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, 2009.

.... Advanced Study in the History of Medieval India, Vol. III: Medieval Indian Society and Culture, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Private Limited, 2009.

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Richards, John F. Mughal Empire, New Cambridge History of India, Delhi, Cambridge, 1993.

Rizvi, S.A.A. The Wonder that was India. Vol 2, Delhi, Foundation Books, 1993.

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Sastri, K.A.N. History of South India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1975.

Smith, V.A. Akbar The Great Moghul 1542-1605, London, Clarendon Press, 1919.

Stein, Burton, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1980.

.... Vijayanagara, Cambridge University Press, 1989.

Stephen F. Dale. The Eight Paradises: Babur and the Culture of the Empire in Central Asia, Afghanistan and India (1483-1530), Brill, 2004.

Subrahmanyam, Sanjay. The Portuguese Empire in Asia, 1500-1700: A Political and Economic History, John Wiley & Sons, 2012.

Veluthat, Kesavan. The Early Medieval in South India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2010.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/20839068.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A27166160a23b17abd3ad8536465858c0

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/25655997.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A00d072dcb9caefddf6254b443f88 0a02

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3632447.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A9a0862f6934310f53080b90643ef34b9

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https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3517956.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A7d973dd3313dd7e64345129b08546290

## Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To Remember the Establishment of Muslim rule	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To understand the importance of Din-e-Ilahi	<u>K2</u>
CO <sub>3</sub>	To assess the significance of Muslim administration.	<u>K4</u>
CO4	To Analyze the contribution made to the overall architectural development in the Muslim rule.	(K5)
CO <sub>5</sub>	To Evaluate the cultural amalgamation resulting out from various communal groups	(K5)

## Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	S	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

## Pedagogy

Programme Code: HIS03

Programme Title: M.A. History

Core course Title: SOCIAL AND CULTURAL HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU UPTO 1565 CE

Core course Code: 18HIC04

Semester : I Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

## Course objectives

To analyze the Ancient Tamil Civilization

Political system existing in Sangam Age.

To reveal the achievements of Kalabras and Pallavas

To discuss the uniqueness of Chola's Society

To trace the emergence of Vijayanagar rule in Tamil Nadu

To enable students to gain an in-depth knowledge about the contribution of the Pandyas to Tamil polity and culture.

#### UNIT - I

Sources: Archaeology, Epigraphy, Literature and Numismatics - Pre Sangam: Neolithic and Megalithic Age - Sangam and Post Sangam: Sangam Polity- Social Institutions - Customs and Practices - Economy: Agriculture and Trade - Roman Trade - Industries - Revenue - Coinage - Religion - Cultural life.

## UNIT - II

Pallavas: Administrative System - Society - Economy: Agriculture and crops - Irrigation - Trade and Industry - Revenue system - Features of Feudalism - Coinage and Urbanisation - Religion and Bhakthi Movement Education and Literature - Development of Art and Architecture.

## <u>UNIT - III</u>

Cholas: Administrative system - Society - Religion and Role of Temples - Economy: Land system - Trade - Inland and Foreign Trade - Coinage - Art, Architecture and Literature - Iconography - Sculpture and paintings under Cholas.

## **UNIT-IV**

Pandyas: Foreign accounts - Society - Economy - Agriculture - Irrigation - Revenue system - Religion- Arts, Architecture and Literature.

## UNIT - V

Vijayanagar and Nayaks: Society - Economy - Land system - Agriculture and Trade - Religion - Art and Literature.

#### References

Champakalakshmi, R. *Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300-1300*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996.

.... Religion, Tradition and Ideology: Pre Colonial South India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2011.

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Karashima, Noboru. South Indian Society and Economy, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1988.

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Meenakshi. C. Administration and Social Life under the Pallavas, Madras, Madras University, 1977.

Nilakanta Sastri. K.A. The Colas, Madras, Madras University, 1978.

Stein, Burton, *Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1980.

Subbarayulu, Y. South India under the Cholas, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2012.

Veluthat, Kesavan. The Early Medieval in South India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2010.

## Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/27644261.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A20afbfb9f31e9684346c48dd1732

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/44141115.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A76e7a64c30469e24433746076f2c4295

 $\underline{https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/24642343.pdf?refreqid=excelsior\%3A65004bdb209c4ce8ffd656e7d54}\\ \underline{af240}$ 

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/44140195.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Ae3dbddbdcc287f907cd1dca7188 3659e

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/44147170.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A875cde11b628f750c00070fd9a4ab895

## **Course outcome**

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To Remember the remains of Archaeological evidences in Tamil Nadu)	K1
CO <sub>2</sub>	To Trace the origin of Local self-Government in Tamil Nadu	K3
CO <sub>3</sub>	To analyse the Art and Architecture of Cholas and Pandyas in Tamil Nadu.	K4
CO <sub>4</sub>	To summarise the socio- economic and religious conditions of Pallavas, Cholas and Pandiyan empire.	K5
CO <sub>5</sub>	To Evaluate the social and political background of the emergence of Nayaks	<u>K6</u>

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO						
CO								
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	S	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M		
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Code: HIS03

**Programme Title : M.A. History** 

Core course Title: INDIA'S STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE (PRE - GANDHIAN ERA)

**Elective Course Code: 18HIEC01** 

Semester : I Hrs/Week: 4 Credit: 4

## Course objectives

The present course focuses on freedom movement in India in the pre-Gandhian era.

To study origin and growth of a national consciousness in India.

To understand the role of the early nationalists movements.

To study the swadeshi, home rule and revolutionary movements in India.

To understand the nature of colonialism in India.

## UNIT- I: Beginnings of Organized Nationalism

The conception of India: Modern or pre – modern? Approaches to Indian Nationalism:

Nationalist, Marxist, Elitist and Subaltern – Early resistance to colonial rule - The nature of the 1857

Revolt - Rise of National Consciousness – Cultural Awakening - Growth of a Middle Class.

## **UNIT-II**: Early Nationalists

The growth of professions and the emergence of new leadership – Newspapers and Journals - Political associations before 1885- Formation of the Indian National Congress –Debates regarding its origin - The programme and methods of the Moderates - Economic critique of colonialism – Rise of militant nationalism – The programme and methods of the Extremists – Conflict and split.

#### UNIT- III: The Swadeshi Movement

The partition of Bengal – Boycott, swadeshi and national education – The samitis and political trends – Participation of different sections of the people – Regional Variations - The communal tangle and the birth of the Muslim League – Minto – Morley Reforms.

## **UNIT-IV: Revolutionary Movement**

Factors leading to revolutionary trends - Swadeshi agitation and underground revolutionary organizations - Muzaffarpur conspiracy - Alipore bomb case - Ashe murder - Attempt on Viceroy Lord Hardinge - Suppression of revolutionary nationalism - The Ghadar Movement and the failed Insurrection of 1915.

#### **UNIT-V: Home Rule Movement**

Tilak, Annie Besant and the Home Rule leagues – Montague Chelmsford Reforms - The Rowlett Act- Jallianwala bagh tragedy – The road to non- cooperation.

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https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/44138513.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A5365ac89f952440c7f4d9c255645

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## **Course outcome**

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To comprehend the resistance demonstrated by natives against alien rule.	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To bring out the social and cultural changes during British India.	<u>K2</u>
CO <sub>3</sub>	To recapitulate the ideas and movements of Indian Freedom struggle.	<u>(K3)</u>
CO <sub>4</sub>	To Assess the methods and means of achieving independence	(K5)
CO <sub>5</sub>	Evaluate the ways and means of the exploitation of India by colonial government	K6

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO						
СО								
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	S	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M		
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Code: HIS03

Programme Title: M.A. History

Core course Title: HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE (CE 1453 TO 1789)

Core Course Code: 18HIC05

Semester : II Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

## Course objectives

To know the fall of Constantinople in 1453.

To understand the French Revolution in 1789.

To make the students understand world history

To facilitate the students to understand the concepts on world history

To inculcate the spirit of universal brotherhood

To analyse different issues on world history

To study the significant period in the history of Europe its important social, cultural,

intellectual and technological changes in this period.

#### UNIT- I: The Transition from Medieval to Modern

Significance of the fall of Constantinople - Renaissance and Reformation – Economic and Technological Developments in Early Modern Europe –Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism - Rise of New Monarchies in England, Spain and Russia.

## UNIT- II: Explorations, Conquest and Colonization

Portuguese Explorations and the Sea Route to India - Spanish Explorations - Columbus and the discovery of the New World - Spanish conquest of America - American Silver and the Price Revolution - The Columbian Exchange.

#### UNIT- III: European State System

Growth of Absolutism in Spain and England - The Thirty Years War - France under the Bourbons - Expansion and Europeanisation of Russia - Economic Nationalism and Mercantilism - The Dutch Commercial Empire - Anglo-French Rivalry - The Hegemony of Britain.

## UNIT- IV: English and French Revolutions

English Civil War and Puritan Revolution - Cromwell's Regime - Stuart Restoration - Glorious Revolution and its aftermath - Nature and causes of the French Revolution.

## **UNIT-V: Intellectual Currents**

Scientific Revolution from Copernicus to Newton - Intellectual Revolution of the seventeenth century - Eighteenth Century Enlightenment.

#### References

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https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/1881465.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Ad314e77ad4e0e40b8566bf322534a23d

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## Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To critically evaluate different events in world history	<u>K6</u>
CO2	(To comprehend the influence of Renaissance in making of world history)	<u>K2</u>
CO <sub>3</sub>	(To figure out the impactful events in the Transition of world History	<u>K3</u>
CO <sub>4</sub>	To summarise the causes and effects of Renaissance, Reformation and Revolutions of Europe.	<u>K5</u>
CO5	To Evaluate the various scientific developments during Enlightenment period and its contributions for emergence of new scientific world.	(K6)

## Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M		
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

## **Pedagogy**

Programme Code : HIS03

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : SOCIETY AND ECONOMY OF COLONIAL INDIA

Core Course Code : 18HIC06

Semester : II Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

### Course objectives

The course aims at providing comprehensive understanding of the transformations in the economy of colonial India.

It covered introduction of land and agrarian policies under the British rule.

It also delineates the transformation that was effected in the urban space of British India.

It focuses on the emergence of modern Industry and the rise of new social classes in colonial India.

## <u>UNIT-I</u>: Rural economy and Society in 18th century India

The rural agrarian social structure – Land Revenue Settlements -Agrarian Transformation - Rise of Land Lordism - Commercialization of Agriculture – Peasants and landless labour - Rural Indebtedness.

#### **UNIT-II:** Trade and Urbanization

Changes in the trading economy of India in the 18<sup>th</sup> century–Surat, Bengal and Coromandal – Trade and Trade routes - Transformation of the Urban Space: Colonial Urbanization and the rise of new urban centres.

## **UNIT-III:** Social and Religious Reform

British Policies and Social Transformation: Growth of Western Education and the Press - Indian Renaissance - Rise of New Social Classes - Caste mobilization - Anti-Caste movements and movements for Social Justice.

## **UNIT-IV:** Emergence of Modern Industries

De-Industrialization and the decline of the artisans - Growth of Modern Industry: Cotton Textile Industry - Jute Industry - Iron and Steel Industry.

#### **UNIT V:** Changing Role of Women

Reform Movements and Women - Growth of female education - Women's organizations - The Movement for Women's Suffrage - Women and work in colonial India

#### References

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Srinivas, M. N. Social Change in Modern India, New Delhi, Orient Blackswan, 1995.

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Tomlinson, B.R. *The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press,1993.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/312924.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A2d53a1dda42eca7ae3feb6cf523cde

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/44158638.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A0dfac98c9d966a3331dd0e50b133eae7

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# **Course outcome**

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To understand the rural economy and Society in 18th century India	K1 & K2
(CO2)	To bring out the important changes in the Social reform movements during the British Rule.	(K3)
CO <sub>3</sub>	To Understand the Colonial Urbanization and the rise of new urban centers	<u>K2</u>
CO <sub>4</sub>	To assess the significance of growth of Western Education in India.	K5
CO <sub>5</sub>	To examine the role of women's legal status in pre India; focuses on women's contribution to social and environmental movements in colonial India.	<u>K6</u>

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO							
CO									
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6			
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S			
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M			
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M			
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S			
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S			

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Code : HIS03

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : GANDHIAN ERA OF INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT (1920-1947)

Core Course Code : 18HIC07

Semester : II Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

## Course objectives

The Gandhian Era of Indian National Movement was characterised with the prolonged struggle on moral, political and ideological levels.

The students will be benefitted from the deeper understanding of this phase of National Movement as it provide clues for the questions of how the diversity and tensions did not actually weaken the movement, instead became the major source of strength.

#### **UNIT-I: Ghandhian Movements**

Gandhi and the Peasantry – Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movements – Swarajists and Constructive work - Simon Commission - Civil Disobedience Movement - Gandhi-Irwin Pact – Second Round Table Conference - Communal Award - Ambedkar – Gandhi Debate – Gandhian Movements: Nature, Programme, Social Composition, Limitations and Challenges.

#### **UNIT-II:** Revolutionary and Left Movements

Emergence of Communist and Socialist Groups - Growth of Revolutionary socialism in the Interwar period – Activities of the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association - The Ideology and Leadership of Baghat Singh –The Chittagong Armoury Raid – Trade Union Movement and Working Class Struggles.

#### <u>UNIT-III</u>: Peasant Movements and People's Movements in Princely States.

Hard Ships of the Peasantry – Peasant Movements in the 1920s in Malabar, United Provinces, Bengal and Gujarat - Formation of the All India Kisan Sabha – No- Tax and No – Rent Movements in the 1930s –People's Movements in Princely States.

## **UNIT-IV**: World War II and the Upsurge of Nationalism

Failure of the Cripps Mission - The Quit India Movement: Background, Responses and Impact - Formation of the Indian National Army - Leadership and Ideology of Subash Candra Bose - Actions of the INA - Impact of World War II on British Policy towards India.

## **UNIT-V:** Towards Independence and Partition

Elections and the Cabinet Mission – INA Trials – RIN Mutiny – Peasant Struggles: The Worli, Tebhaga and Bakasht Movements – Movement for Pakistan and the outbreak of Communal Violence - The Interim Government – Mountbatten Plan - The Partition and Independence of India.

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#### Web Resources:

 $\underline{https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3520212.pdf?refreqid=excelsior\%3A37fa0598d500659b3b552452b45a8b42}$ 

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3517546.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Ab0ce02896a2fd95111134741fa98 04a3

 $\underline{\text{https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3517049.pdf?refreqid=excelsior\%3Ae7970569d5a75d6b2dbe266b228}}\\ \text{bd1b8}$ 

https://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt15zc7zj

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/40105423.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A2a7d56d554466e406bacf28519f47fde

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/26156505.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A4cbdc2fbb693e0b82615b0f4f7 1d57aa

## Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To know about the rise of National leaders and Nationalism.	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To Understand the bitter experience faced by India during this Period.	K2
CO <sub>3</sub>	To analyzing the role of moderates and extremist in during Indian National Movement.	(K5)
CO <sub>4</sub>	To recapitulate the ideas and movements of Indian Freedom struggle.	K5
CO <sub>5</sub>	To examine the causes and impacts of Partition and its aftermath.	K6

## Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO						
CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
	1301	F3U2	F3U3	F304	1305	F300		
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M		
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

## Pedagogy

Programme Code : HIS03

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU, 1800-1967 CE.

Core Course Code : 18HIC08

Semester : II Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

### Course objectives

To understand the social and Religious conditions of Tamil Nadu.

To study the literary growth

To learn the contributions of Dravidian Movement

To inculcate the spirit of Self-Respect Movement

To enrich the students' skill of knowledge and confidence.

To explain the socio- cultural aspects in Tamil Nadu

## **UNIT-I**: Social and Religious Conditions

Sources: Archival - institutional papers - private papers - literature-folklore - newspapers and journals. Social Conditions: Caste system origin and growth - Castes conflicts. Family: Emigrations-Joint family- break up-position of women-sati-child marriage-devadasi system- infanticide-changes in the 19th and 20th centuries. Social beliefs and social practices: social ceremonies, festivals, entertainments and superstitions. Religion: Saivism, Vaishnavism, Village Gods and Deities - Christianity: Policy of the Company, growth and impact - Islam: growth and impact.

## **UNIT-II**: Land Systems

Zamindari to Ryotwari-General economic conditions: agriculture and industry during colonial and post-colonial periods- Landlords-Peasants - small tenant-serfdom-trading classes. Rise of indigenous commercial Elite- the Dubashis.

#### **UNIT-III**: Growth of Education

Indigenous institutions of learning - Introduction of Western education - Role of Missionaries and the Colonial Government - Munro's Scheme of Education- Professional and Technical education - Education of Depressed Classes - Muslim education - Female education- Rise of Administrative and Professional Elites.

#### <u>UNIT-IV</u>: Modern Socio-Religious Movements:

St. Ramalingar and the Samarasa Sanmarga Sangam- Theosophical Society - Ramakrishna Mission - Radical social reform movements: Concept of Dravidian culture- Non-Brahmin Movement-Periyar E. V. R and Self- Respect Movement-Temple Entry Movement: Dalit Movement: Ayothidhasar - M. C. Raja - Erattamalai Srinivasan.

## **UNIT-V**: Cultural Developments

Music: folk and classical - Tamil Literature: Subramania Bharathi - Bharathidasan - Namakkal Ramalingam Pillai - Kavimani Desika Vinayakam Pillai- Mi Adaraimalaigal - Films: Impact on society and politics.

#### References

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Arooran, N. K. Tamil Renaissance and Dravidian Nationalism, Madurai, 1980.

Baker.C.J. The Politics of South India - 1920-1937, New Delhi, Macmillian Company, 1975.

Baker, C. J. and D. A. Washbrook. *South India: Political Institutions and Political Change* 1880-1947, Delhi, Macmillan, 1976.

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Chandrababu.B.S. Social Protest and Its Impact on Tamil Nadu with Reference to Self-Respect Movement (From 1920s to 1940), Madras, Emerald Publications, 1993.

Geetha. V and S. V. Rajadurai. *Towards a Non-Brahmin Millennium: Iyothee Thass to Periyar*, Delhi, Samya, 1999.

Irechick, Eugence. Dialogues in South Indian History, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1993.

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Berkeley, University of California Press, 1969.

.... Political and Social Conflict in South India, USA, University of California Press, 1969.

.... Tamil Revivalism in the 1930s, Madras, 1986,

Kumar Dharma. Land and Caste in South India Agricultural Labour in the Madras Presidency During the 19th Century, London, Cambridge, 1985.

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Pandian M. S. S. The Image Trap: M.G. Ramachandran in Film and Politics, Sage Publications, 2015.

.... Brahmin And Non-Brahmin, New Delhi, Permanent Black, 2007.

Stein, Burton. Peasant state in Medieval South India, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1980.

Subramanian. Social History of Tamils, New Delhi, P.K. Print World Pt (Ltd), 1999.

Sundarajan, Saroja. March to Freedom in Madras Presidency, 1885-1915, Lalitha Publications, 1989.

Suntharalingam.R. Politics and Nationalist Awakening in South India, 1852-1891, New Delhi, Rawat Publications, 1980.

Theodore Baskaran Sundararaj. The Message Bearers: The Nationalist Politics and the Entertainment Media in South India, 1880-1945, Cre-A, 1981.

Velayutham Selvaraj. Tamil Cinema: The Cultural Politics of India's Other Film Industry, Routledge, 2008.

#### Web Resources:

 $\underline{https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4399994.pdf?refreqid=excelsior\%3A2e348b756783fff52da69b58d9562d5a}$ 

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4400205.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A883d87819dd8558a7700849dec39c139

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/2645314.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Af0cdec3f63d2dedada8e7c11f5b8 1efe

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/24372986.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A246adb91acc6e59291c0f3f7d543dccf

 $\underline{https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4404028.pdf?refreqid=excelsior\%3A82bee950888997df110d27e87c7}\\ \underline{d4eff}$ 

#### Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To Preparing portraits of women and men social reformers	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To obtain knowledge on the various reform movements.	<u>K2</u>
CO <sub>3</sub>	To know the emergence of Dravidian Movement	K3
CO <sub>4</sub>	To Examine the 20th century Tamil Nadu political condition.	<u>K5</u>
CO <sub>5</sub>	To provide a detail Survey of different facts of Modern Tamil Nadu.	K6

## Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO	PSO					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

## **Pedagogy**

Programme Code : HIS03

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : ECONOMIC HISTORY OF INDIA (A.D. 1757-1857)

Elective Course Code : 18HIEC02

Semester : II Hrs/Week: 4 Credit: 4

### Course objectives

The objective of this course is to make students aware of the economic history of India and to provide a historical perspective on the evolution and process of transformation of Indian economy in the pre-British and British periods.

To analyze the transition of economic system in India

To comprehend the theory of Drain wealth and its impact in Indian Economy

To examine the Revenue settlement policy of British India.

The course is designed to develop a comprehensive understanding of the students of the nature of colonial economy and the changes that took place under the British colonial rule.

## **UNIT-I**: Introduction

Issues and problems of Indian Economic History – Different approaches and their limitations - Sources of Economic History of British India

### **UNIT-II**: Indian Economy in the Mid-Eighteenth Century

Nature and structure of economy – rural and urban - Agrarian and non-agrarian production – Technology and methods of production - Trade and indigenous banking.

## **UNIT-III**: Early Phase of Colonial Economy

Mercantilism and European economic interests in India – The East India Company and its rule in Bengal-The early Drain of Wealth and its mechanism, magnitude and effects.

## <u>UNIT-IV</u>: Agrarian Settlements and Agrarian Production

The Permanent Settlement: objectives, operations, effects and official critiques - Ryotwari Settlement - Mahalwari System - Commercialization of Agriculture and its impact.

## <u>UNIT-V</u>: Traditional Handicraft Industry and the question of De-industrialization

Artisans and Handicraft production -Background-De-industrialization - Capital and labour in handicraft industry.

#### References

Dutt, R C, Economic History of India, Publications Division, Govt. of India, 1968.

Kumar, Dharma, Cambridge Economic History of India, Delhi, Orient Longman

Desai, A.R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism,

Dutt, R.P., India Today,

Arnold, David, Famine: Social Crisis & Historical Change, Oxford, Blackwell, 1988.

Chandra, Bipan, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India, Delhi, People's Publishing House.

R.E Frykenberg & B.S. Cohn, Land Control and Social Structure in Indian History, Delhi, Manohar Publication.

Roy, Tirthankar. Traditional Industry in the Economy of colonial India, Cambridge University Press, 1999.

Bagchi, A.K, Private Investment in India, 1900-1939, New Delhi, 1980.

Gadgil, D.R., The Industrial Evolution of India in Recent Times 1860-1939, Bombay, 1971.

Gerschenkron, A., Economic Backwardness in Historical Perspective, Harward University Press, 1976.

Ray, Rajat, K., Industrialization in India: Growth and Conflict in the Private Corporate Sector, 1914-47, Delhi, 1985.

..... Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800-1947, Delhi, 1994.

Tripathi, Dwijendra., Historical Roots of Industrial Entrepreneurship in India and Japan: a comparative interpretation, New Delhi, 1997.

## Web Resources

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3216953.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Ae25da7866b854bb00612008bef2d8ee1

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3516224.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A1d0839b69b12cc844b310d2f1c31c5ae

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4049335.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A28e866cf4cf15da0ee3f54367445 d8fb

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/2698029.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A0eaf84353bbf37099bf2f26ac36f0800

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4409201.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Ac464b46df6a61d6e2aadb4439467be29

## Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To study the early Phase of Colonial Economy on India.	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To bring out the transitional history of Indian Agrarian Economy into Industrial Economy.	(K2 & K3)
CO <sub>3</sub>	To understand the Traditional Handicraft Industry & De-industrialization.	<u>K4</u>
CO <sub>4</sub>	To Assess the dynamics of rural and urban economy of company rule.	K5
CO <sub>5</sub>	To summarize the effects of economic implications of British rule.	(K6)

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO	PSO						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : INDIA'S STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE

Supportive Course Code : 18HISC01

Semester : II Hrs/Week: 3 Credit: 3

#### Course objectives

To analyses the causes of native political failures against company rule.

To bring out the social and cultural changes during British India.

To review the circumstances that led to the establishment of colonialism in India

To examine the trends of linguistic and racial identities.

To bring out the impact of colonial rule in India with particular reference to socio-religious,

political and economic fields.

## UNIT - I

Anti-Colonial Struggles: Poligar Mutiny in Tamil Nadu 1799, 1801- Vellore Munity in 1806-Revolt of 1857.

# UNIT - II

Foundation of Indian National Congress - Moderates - Partition of Bengal - Boycott and Swadeshi - National Education - The Congress Split - Muslim League - Revolutionary Movement - Home Rule Agitation.

#### <u>UNIT - III</u>

Gandhian Era - Champaran - Non-Cooperation and Khilafat Movement - Swarajists.

#### **UNIT - IV**

Simon Commission and Nehru Report - From Dominion State to Purna Swaraj, Civil Disobedience: 1930-1931 -Press - Films Forging Nationalism.

## UNIT - V

States Peoples Movement - The Left in the Congress - The Tripuri Crisis 1939 - The Muslim League and Pakistan - Cripps Proposals - Quit India - The Role of INA - Independence.

Arnold, David. The Congress in Tamilnad: Nationalist Politics in South India: 1919 – 1937, Delhi: Manohar, 1977.

Brown, Judith. *Gandhi's Rise to Power, Indian Politics 1915-22*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1972.

.... Gandhi and Civil Disobedience: The Mahatma in Indian Politics 1928-34, Cambridge Publications, 1977.

Bhattacharya, Sabyasachi. Rethinking 1857, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 2007.

Bandyopadhyay, Sekhar. From Plassey to Partition and After: A History of Modern India, New Delhi, Orient Blackswan, 2004.

.... Nationalist Movement in India, A Reader, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2009.

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.... History of Modern India, New Delhi, Orient Blackswan, 2009.

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Grover, S. A New Look on Modern Indian History: From 1707 to the Present Day; Special Feature: Nine Maps with Descriptive Notes, Who's who in Modern India, New Delhi, Chand and Company, 1986.

Lapierre, Dominique & Larry Collins. Freedom at Midnight, New Delhi, South Asia Books, 2009.

Mahajan, Sucheta. *Independence and Partition: The Erosion of Colonial Power in India*, New Delhi, Sage Publications, 2000.

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Sarkar, Sumit. The Swadeshi Movement in Bengal, 1903-1908, Hyderabad, Orient Black Swan, 2010.

.... Modern India: 1885-1947, New Delhi, Pearson Education India, 2012.

Stokes, Eric. The Peasant Armed: Indian Revolt of 1857, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1986.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.gktoday.in/quizbase/modern-indian-history-freedom-struggle

https://www.edudose.com/gk/modern-indian-history-quiz/

# **Course outcome**

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To analyse the genesis and progress of the resistance movements against the British.	(K6)
CO <sub>2</sub>	To understand the impact of 1857 revolt.	K2 & K3
CO <sub>3</sub>	To examining the rise of National leaders and Nationalism.	<u>K4</u>
CO4	To assess the role of moderates and extremist in during Indian National Movement.	(K5)
CO5	To recapitulate the ideas and movements of Indian Freedom struggle.	<u>K6</u>

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
CO							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : INDIAN CULTURE AND HERITAGE

Supportive Course Code : 18HISC01

Semester : II Hrs/Week: 3 Credit: 3

#### **Course Objectives**

The course is designed to provide a glimpse of the Indian culture and heritage in India.

To analyze historically the culture and polity in India.

To critically evaluate the cultural ethos of Indian Society.

To examine the various trends in the shaping Indian Society.

The need to observe the theme, content and context of the rock art would be focused.

To discuss the growth and development of the religion in India.

#### <u>UNIT - I</u>

Glimpses of Indian Cultural History - Pre and Post Vedic Periods - Ancient Indian - Literatures - Sacred Literature - Secular Literature - Ancient Society & Culture - Ashramas - Varna System - Purushartha - Indian Vs Western Culture.

#### UNIT - II

Religions of India-Religious Shrines & Centers - Hindu, Buddhist, Jain, Sikh, Muslim, Christian and others - Basic Tenets - Indian Vs Western Philosophy.

# <u>UNIT - III</u>

Cultural Heritage - Ayurveda, Yoga and Meditation - Performing Arts: Dance Forms - Music - Vocal & Instruments - Folk Arts - Indian Paintings and Sculpture.

# **UNIT - IV**

Architectural Heritage - Rock cut Architecture - Buddhist Architecture - Gandhara & Mathura Schools of Art - Hindu Temple Architecture - Indo - Islamic Architecture - Modern Architecture - Forts, Palaces and Havelies.

#### UNIT - V

Museums and Art Galleries - Fairs and Festivals - Indian Cuisine - Traditional Arts and Crafts - World Heritage sites in India - Problems and Prospects of Cultural Tourism in India.

Alchin, B., Allchin, F.R, & Thapar, B.K. Conservation of the Indian Heritage, New Delhi, Cosmo Publication, 1989.

Basham.A.L. The Wonder that was India, Delhi, Rupa and Com, 1988.

.... A Cultural History of India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1988.

...... The Origins and Development of Classical Hinduism, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1989. Batra,

N.L. Heritage Conservation, New Delhi, Aryan Books International, 1996.

Gupta S.P. *Cultural Tourism in India*, New Delhi, Indraprastha Museum of Art and Archaeology, 2002. Hussain.A.K. *The National Culture of India*, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1987.

Kosambi, Damodar Dharmanand. *The Culture and Civilisation of Ancient India in Historical Outline*, New Delhi, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd, 1965.

.... An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, New Delhi, Popular Prakashan, 1975.

Lokesh, Chandra. Buddhist Iconography, 2 vols, New Delhi, Aditya Prakashan, 1987. Saraswathi, S.K.

A Survey of Indian Sculpture, New Delhi, Munishiram Manoharlal, 1957

Surendra Sahai. Indian Architecture: Hindu Buddhist and Jain, New Delhi, Prakash Books, 2006.

Thapar, Romila. Cultural Pasts Essays in Early Indian History, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2003.

.....The Past Before Us, Harvard University Press, 2013.

The Gazette of India: History and Culture, Vol.2, Publication Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India, 1988.

Trautmann, Thomas R. *India Brief History of a Civilization*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2011.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jagranjosh.com/general-knowledge/1000-gk-questions-answers-on-indian-history-1464671919-1 https://iasexamportal.com/mcq/Indian-History-Objective-Questions-for-Competitive-Exams

# **Course outcome**

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	(To familiarise the students with the heritage of India.)	(K1)
CO <sub>2</sub>	To understand the Indian Philosophy	K2
CO <sub>3</sub>	To know the various stages of the rock art in India	K3
CO <sub>4</sub>	To assess the Problems and Prospects of Cultural Tourism in India.	K5
(CO5)	To Evaluate the students to engage with conceptual and general issues regarding Indian culture & Heritage.)	(K6)

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M		
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : TWENTIETH CENTURY WORLD

Core Course Code : 18HIC09

Semester : III Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

#### **Course Objectives**

To study about growth of imperialism, nationalism and socialism.

To understand the First World War, the Russian revolution and its impact on the Western world.

To explicit world politics between two world wars.

To expose the Second World War and the emergence of new political order.

To assess the transformation of world politics from bipolar to the unipolar system.

This course seeks to understand the wars, revolutions, alliances, organisations and regionalism of the twentieth-century modern world since the Imperialism to postmodern times.

#### <u>UNIT 1</u>: Legacy of the nineteenth century

Growth of Imperialism: UK, France, Germany and Japan – Rise of Nationalism, Liberalism and Socialism.

# **UNIT 2**: World Order upto 1919

First World War: Its origins, nature, peace settlements and its long term consequences - The Russian Revolution of 1917: Establishment of a socialist state, its political and economic aspects, Responses and reactions in the Western world.

#### **UNIT 3: World Between the wars**

League of Nations- its success and failure – Great Depression – Emergence of Nazism (Germany) Fascism (Italy) and Militarism (Japan).

#### UNIT 4: The Second World War and the New Political Order

Origins, Nature and Results of the Second World War–Decolonization and Nationalist Movements in Asia – Communist Revolution in China – The UNO and the concept of world Peace.

#### **UNIT 5**: From Bipolar to Unipolar system

Emergence of the Cold War- Non-aligned Movement and the Third World - Disintegration of the Soviet Union and the Unipolar World System.

#### References

Roberts, J.M., 1989. Europe: 1880-1945, Longman (second edition). Joll,

James, 1990. Europe since 1870, England: Penguin Books.

Joll, James, 1984. The Origins of the First World War, London: Longman.

Hazen, Charles Downer, 1981. Contemporary Europe since 1870, Delhi: Surjeet. Fay,

Sidney Bradshaw, 1958. The Origins of World War, New Delhi: Eurasia (second

edition).

Dobb, Maurice. Studies in the Development of Capitalism.

Harbutt, Frazer J., 1986. The Iron Curtain: Churchill, America and the Origin of Cold War, New

York: OUP.

Magdoff, H.H. Imperialism from the Colonial Age to the Present.

Sidney, Pollard. *Peaceful Conquest – The Industrialization of Europe, 1760-1970.* 

Berghahn, V. B. Germany and the Approach of War in 1919.

#### Web Resources

https://www.history.com/topics/world-war-i/world-war-i-history

https://www.bl.uk/russian-revolution

http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/worldwars/wwtwo/

https://www.un.org/en/

https://scholar.princeton.edu/sites/default/files/gji3/files/introduction\_unipolarity.pdf

#### Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To understand the different principles like imperialism and nationalism	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To expound the great war and aftermath of world politics.	K4
CO <sub>3</sub>	To assess the significance of UNO to promote peace among world countries.	K5
CO4	To Evaluate the development of Unipolar system.	K6
CO5	To provided students to elucidate the world countries policies and their approach toward developing and under developing countries.	<b>K6</b>

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M		
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : HISTORY OF CONTEMPORARY INDIA (Since 1947)

Core Course Code : 18HIC10

Semester : III Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

# **Course Objectives**

To understand the realm of current politics through democracy governments.

To expose India's foreign policies of various governments.

To evaluate economic policies and development of science and technology

To study social changes which transformed the Indian society

To analyze the issues and challenges in contemporary India.

This course attempts to understand contemporary India through political, economic and social changes by the different governments.

## <u>UNIT - I</u>: The Making of Modern India

The Aftermath of Partition – The Integration of Princely States - Making of the Constitution – Reorganization of States- Indian Emergency – Emergence of Coalition Politics – The Mandal Commission - The Punjab Crisis - Panchyat raj and reservation for women – Anti Mandal protests - Ayodhya Dispute – Era of Coalitions.

#### UNIT - II: India's Foreign Policy: Origins, Continuity and Changes

Panch Sheel - Issues in India-Pakistan Relations - Chinese Aggression - India China War - Non-Alignment - India-Pakistan War of 1971 - Simla Agreement - Pokharan I - Siachen Conflict- Look East Policy - Nuclear Policy and Tests- Kargil War.

#### <u>UNIT - III</u>: Economic Policies and Progress in Science and Technology

Beginnings of Planned Economy – Five Year Plans - Land Question - Industrial Policy – Green Revolution - Progress in Science and Technology in the Nehruvian and post - Nehruvian Era—Liberalization of Economy – Economic transformation.

#### <u>UNIT - IV</u>: Social Change and Transformation

Land Marks in the Progress of Education - Hindu Code Bills - Changes in Family Structure, Caste and Stratification - Assertion of Dalits and Backward castes — Civil Society Activism: Bhoodan, Chipko and Save Narmada Movements.

# <u>UNIT - V</u>: Contemporary Issues and Challenges

Regional Separatism – Identity Politics in India – Left Wing Extremism and Insurgency – Corruption in Indian Public Life: Scams and Scandals — Women and Personal Laws – The Affirmative Action Debate in India.

Bayly Susan. The New Cambridge History of India, Iv.3, Caste, Society and Politics, Cambridge, 1999. Brass,

Paul R. The Politics of India since Independence, Delhi, Foundation Books, 1980.

Chakrabarty Bidyut. Indian Politics and Society since Independence: Events, Processes and Ideology, Routledge, 2008.

Chandra Bipan, Mukherjee Aditya, Mukherjee Mridula. India since Independence, Penguin Books, 2008.

Chatterjee, Partha, *The Nation and Its Fragments*, Delhi, Oxford University Press/ Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1994.

.... Wages of Freedom: Fifty Years of the Indian Nation-state, Oxford University Press, 1998.

.... State & Politics in India, Oxford University Press,1998.

Firth, Kathleen & Felicity Hand. India: fifty years after independence, Peepal Tree Press, 2001. Guha,

Ramachandra. India after Gandhi, London: Picador, 2007.

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.... The Hindu Nationalist Movement the Indian Politics, 1925-1990s (London, 1993)

Jha, Nalini Kant. India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi, South Asia Publishers, 2000.

.... India's Foreign Policy: Emerging Challenges, New Delhi, Pentagon, 2012.

Krishna Ananth V. India Since Independence: Making Sense of Indian Politics, Pearson Education India, 2011.

Lapierre, Dominique & Larry Collins. Freedom at Midnight, South Asia Books, 2009.

Ludden David ed. Making India Hindu, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2007.

Metcalf, Barbara D. & Thomas R. Metcalf. *A Concise History of Modern India*, Cambridge University Press, 2006.

Stokes Eric. The English Utilitarian's and India, Oxford University Press, 1982.

Vanaik Achin & Rajeev Bhargava. *Understanding Contemporary India Critical Perspective*, Hyderabad, Orient Black Swan, 2010.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3866051.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Addcce9c6821f5ac94410fd3c0040e56d https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/40278723.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A63037ea69ede1e1b5e9895c1195f8bff https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3019064.pdf

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4406782.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A501308d804cf68ec6b3ce466bdf3e098 https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4395232.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A46f26a18046bef0781c4a05a05e8eca9

# Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO	CO	Knowledge
Number		Level
		777
CO1	(To acquired the knowledge on Making of Contemporary India)	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	(To obtain the role of political parties to built secular democracy.	K2
CO <sub>3</sub>	(To assess the significance of India's Foreign Policy	K5
CO <sub>4</sub>	(To highlight the development of Indian Economy in the Global context.)	(K4)
CO5	To Evaluate the students into historical understanding of contemporary Indian politics, economic and social conditions.	<u>K6</u>

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
CO							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core course Title : SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND MEDICINE IN MODERN INDIA

Core Course Code : 18HIC11

Semester : III Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

#### **Course Objectives**

To elucidate the theoretical understanding of colonial science concept.

To explicit the science under the company and its explorations.

To understand the encounters with western medicine and women.

To explicate the newly introduced technologies of the steam age.

To access the Indian response to western science and technology and medicine.

This course aims to provide a new platform for students to evaluate the spread and practice of western science, technology and medicine in colonial India.

# <u>UNIT- I:</u> Science and Empire: Theoretical Perspectives

The Concept of Colonial Science - Debate regarding the Spread of Western Science among Non-Western Peoples - The Role of Science in the Colonial Process.

#### **UNIT-II:** Science and Colonial Explorations

East India Company and Scientific Explorations - Science and Orientalism -Early European Scientists: Surveyors, Botanists, Doctors under the Company's Service - The "Tropicality" of India.

#### **UNIT-III:** Western Medicine

The Indian Medical Service - Encounters with Indian Medicine -Epidemic Diseases, Medical Topographies and Imperial Policy -Women, Missions and Medicine.

#### **UNIT-IV:** Technologies of the Steam Age

Textiles, Mining and Ship Building - Roads, Railways and Canals - Technology, Ideology and Resistance.

#### **UNIT-V:** Indian Response to Western Science

Indian Response to New Scientific Knowledge: Interactions and Predicaments - Science and Indian Nationalism: Emergence of National Science; Mahendra Lal Sarkar, P.C.Ray, J.C.Bose – Ideas of Mahatma Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru and other Indian Nationalists.

Arnold, David. Science, Technology and Medicine in Colonial India. The New Cambridge History of India Series, Cambridge, 1999.

Bandyopadhyaya, Arun (ed.), Science, and Society, Delhi: Manohar Publications, 2009.

Dasgupta, Subatra. *Jagdish Chandra Bose and the Indian Response to Western Science*. Delhi: Oxford UP, 1999. Kumar, Deepak. *Science and the Raj*, Delhi, Oxford UP, 1995.

Kumar, Deepak. Disease and Medicine in India: A Historical Overview, Delhi: Tulika, 2000. Lourdusamy, John Bosco. Science and National Consciousness in Bengal, Orient Longman, 2004. Sangwan, S. Science, Technology and Colonisation: Indian Experience, Delhi, Anamika, 1990.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3518179.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A259bb8d9606ff1a23ab41d3b904038de

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/10.1086/430678.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A38bc91e7161700e0b9af ad1559e8ae93

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/41498566.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Aac445e3bed222602e2eccc8a53b7e672

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/1050143.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A70d7da023b803b8a23b01a6899eb205f

https://horizon.documentation.ird.fr/exl-doc/pleins textes/pleins textes 7/carton07/010008835.pdf

#### Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To understanding of the Diffusion of Western Science Technology and Medicine.	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	(To estimate of Science and the company and Crown.)	<u>K4</u>
CO <sub>3</sub>	To assess the role of western medicine to eradicate diseases.	K5
CO <sub>4</sub>	To Evaluate the Indian Response to Western Science	K6)
CO5	To induce the students to make research in the history of science, technology and medicine in colonial and post-colonial India.	<u>K6</u>

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

# S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Elective course Title: ECONOMIC HISTORY OF INDIA (1858-1947)

Core Course Code : 18HIEC03

Semester : III Hrs/Week: 4 Credit: 4

# **Course Objectives**

To explain the impact of Indian railways on the colonial economy.

To elaborate on the development of large scale industries and its different phases.

To understand foreign trade and balance of payments in colonial times.

To reveal the fiscal policy and system under British rule.

To estimate the movements of national income and population growth.

This course seeks to make students to evaluate the concept of British economic activities through their administration.

## **UNIT-I**: Railways and Indian Economy

Economic and Political Compulsions-Effects on Agrarian Production and Export of Raw Material – Commercialization of Agriculture-Famines and British Policy.

#### **UNIT-II**: Large Scale Industry

Modern Industry in Pre-1914 Phase and Post 1914 Phase – Its Nature – Main Industries: Cotton, Jute, Iron and Steel-Rise of Industrial Labour – Labour Force In Large Scale Industry.

# **UNIT-III**: Foreign Trade and Balance of Payments

Changing Nature of External Trade-Mercantilism, Industrial Capital and Finance Capital-Drain of Wealth and British Overseas Trade.

#### **UNIT-IV**: The Fiscal System

The shift from Direct to Indirect Taxation-Tariff and Excise-Monetary Policies and Credit System.

## **UNIT-V:** National Income and Population

Movements of National Income after 1858- 'De-Urbanization' Controversy-Population Growth – Pre and Post-Census Estimates.

#### References

Dutt, R. C., Economic History of India, Publications Division, Govt. of India, 1968.

Kumar, Dharma, Cambridge Economic History of India, Delhi, Orient Longman.

Desai, A.R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism,

Dutt, R.P., India Today,

Arnold, David, Famine: Social Crisis & Historical Change, Oxford, Blackwell, 1988.

Chandra, Bipan, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India, Delhi, People's Publishing House.

R.E Frykenberg & B.S. Cohn, Land Control and Social Structure in Indian History, Delhi, Manohar Publication,

Roy, Tirthankar. Traditional Industry in the Economy of Colonial India, Cambridge University Press, 1999. Bagchi, A.K, Private Investment in India, 1900-1939, New Delhi, 1980.

Gadgil, D.R., The Industrial Evolution of India in Recent Times 1860-1939, Bombay, 1971.

Gerschenkron, A., Economic Backwardness in Historical Perspective, Harvard University Press, 1976.

Ray, Rajat, K., Industrialization in India: Growth and Conflict in the Private Corporate Sector, 1914-47, Delhi, 1985.

..... Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800-1947, Delhi, 1994.

Tripathi, Dwijendra., Historical Roots of Industrial Entrepreneurship in India and Japan: a comparative interpretation, New Delhi, 1997.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/312924.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A2d53a1dda42eca7ae3feb6cf523cdeda https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/25643261.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Aa554f2dfe9fed305af2f6cc35827be0b https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/3517499.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Ab3f5b6f6c868021e501dd9ff9b13264d https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/2140049.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Affa6c8744fb9234711491ef56c974e21 https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/421277.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A85e05e7cfe88fab22dcc7c6fcb4ac3f0

#### Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To Understand the British famine policy	<u>K1</u>
CO <sub>2</sub>	To know about the British policy toward railways.	K2
CO <sub>3</sub>	To assess economic exploitation under the company and crown.	K5
CO <sub>4</sub>	To Analyse the concept of the fiscal system and national income.	K5
CO5	To Evaluate the students to disclose the impact and consequences of British economic policies and economic exploitation in terms of development.	<u>K6</u>

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
CO							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

# S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Supportive Paper Title: HISTORY FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION

Supportive Course Code : 18HISC02

Semester : III Hrs/Week: 3 Credit: 3

## Course objectives

To understand the history of ancient India through its empires.

To study the Delhi sultanate, Mughal and South Indian kingdoms.

To know the significant role of the national movement from company rule to pre-Gandhian era.

To perceive the life and mission of many martyrs of India.

To possess knowledge in the making of contemporary India.

This course aims to disseminate the importance of Indian History to appear the competitive

examinations.

## **UNIT-I** - Ancient India

Pre-history - Indus valley - Mauryas - Sathavahana- Guptas - Pallavas - Cholas.

#### UNIT-II - Medieval India

Delhi Sultanate - Vijayanagar - Mughals - Marathas - Nayaks.

#### **UNIT-III-** Modern India I

Company rule - South Indian Rebellion - Revolt of 1857 - INC - Pre Gandhian era.

#### **UNIT-IV-** Modern India II

Partition of Bengal - Non cooperation movement - Civil Disobedience - INA - Indian Independence Act.

#### **UNIT-V**- Contemporary India

Indian Constitution - Ambedkar - Nehru - Kamaraj - Five year plans - Indira Gandhi - The Emergency.

#### References

Habib, Irfan. Prehistory. Delhi, Tulika, 2001.

Thaper, Romila., Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, New Delhi, Penguin Books, 2005.

Rizvi, S.A.A. The Wonder that was India. Vol 2, Delhi, Foundation Books, 1993.

Chandra, Bipan., History of Modern India, New Delhi, Orient Blackswan, 2009.

Sarkar, Sumit., Modern India: 1885-1947, New Delhi, Pearson Education India, 2012.

Chandra Bipan, Mukherjee Aditya, Mukherjee Mridula. *India since Independence*, Penguin Books, 2008.

Guha, Ramachandra., Makers of Modern India, Penguin Books, 2012.

# Web Resources:

https://www.jagranjosh.com/general-knowledge/1000-gk-questions-answers-on-indian-history-1464671919-1 https://iasexamportal.com/mcq/Indian-History-Objective-Questions-for-Competitive-Exams

# Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To analyse of prehistory and Indus valley civilization in ancient India.	(K5)
CO <sub>2</sub>	To Evaluate of Medieval Indian empires and their achievements.	<u>K6</u>
CO <sub>3</sub>	To Understanding the importance of the struggle for freedom and its results.	K2
CO <sub>4</sub>	To Assess the role of governments towards the development of a nation since independence.	<u>(K6)</u>
CO5	To stimulate the student to understand the need of Indian history for contemporary competitive examinations.	(K6)

# Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S		
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M		
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M		
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S		
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S		

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Supportive Paper Title : INDIAN CONSTITUTION

**Supportive Course Code: 18HISC02** 

Semester : III Hrs/Week: 3 Credit: 3

## Course objectives

To know the history of the Indian constitution and its basic features.

To expound the Fundamental rights and fundamental duties of the citizens.

To understand the powers and functions of President, Prime Minister and Parliament.

To perceive state governments and centre-state relations.

To obtain the role of judiciary and process for amendments.

This course aims to help the students to acquire prominent facts of the Indian constitution to appear the competitive examinations.

**UNIT-I-** The Making of India's Constitution and its sources - Basic Features of India's Constitution.

<u>UNIT-II</u>- Preamble - Fundamental Rights and Duties and the Directive Principles of State Policy.

**UNIT-III**- Union Government: President, Parliament, Cabinet and Prime Minister.

<u>UNIT-IV</u>- The State Government: Governor, Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister - centre-state Relations.

**UNIT-V**- Supreme Court and the Constitutional Process – Emergency – Amendments to the Constitution.

#### References

Austin, G. The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1966.

..... Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000. Basu, D.

D. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994.

Baxi, U. The Indian Supreme Court and Politics, Delhi, Eastern Book Company, 1980.

Chaube, S. K. Constituent Assembly of India: Springboard of Revolution, New Delhi, Peoples' Publishing House, 1973.

Hardgrave, R. L. India: Government and Politics in a Developing Nation, New York, Harcourt, Brace and World, 1965.

Kashyap, S. Our Parliament, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1992.

Krishna Shetty, M. P. Fundamental Rights and Socio-Economic Justice in the Indian Constitution, Allahabad, Chaitanya Publishing House, 1969.

Mallya, N. N. Indian Parliament, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1970.

Munshi, K. M. The President Under the Indian Constitution, Bombay, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1963. Noorani, A.

G. Constitutional Questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.

Pylee, M. V. Constitutional Government in India, Bombay, Asia, Publishing House, 1977.

.... An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Vikas, 1998.

Ray, A. Tension Areas in India's Federal System, Calcutta, The World Press, 1970. Setalvad, M.

C. Union and State Relations under the Indian Constitution, Calcutta, Eastern Law House, Calcutta, 1975

Sharma, L. N. *The Indian Prime Minister: Office and Powers of India*, New Delhi, Macmillan, 1976. Sharma, S. R. *The Indian Federal Structure*, Allahabad, Central Book Depot, 1967.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.india.gov.in/sites/upload\_files/npi/files/coi\_part\_full.pdf

http://legislative.gov.in/constitution-of-india

http://constitutionnet.org/country/constitutional-history-india

# Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To understanding of the constitutional history and role of the constituent assembly.	K1 & K2
CO <sub>2</sub>	To assess of salient features of the Indian constitution.	(K5)
CO <sub>3</sub>	To Evaluate the role of Legislative, Executive and Judiciary to protect the democracy.	(K6)
CO <sub>4</sub>	To analyse of federal government setup through centre-state relations.	<u>K4</u>
CO <sub>5</sub>	To encourage the student to face the competitive examinations and help them to crack the constitution portions.	<u>K6</u>

Mapping of COs with PSOs

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
co							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

#### Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Core Course Paper Title: HISTORIOGRAPHY: THEORY AND METHODS

Core Course Code : 18HIC12

Semester : IV Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

# Course objectives

The broad aim is to make students aware about the development of history writing in different historical phases continuing till present days.

To understand the meaning of History and Historiography.

To know the beginning of history writing.

To know the progress of history writing in different ages.

To compare and contrast the different trends in historical writing

To analyze the importance of philosophy of history

To understand the growth of numerous philosophical, intellectual and ideological constructs in all these phases.

To understand the growth of historiography in the given historical milieu.

## UNIT - I

History: Meaning, Nature and Scope - Social Relevance of History - History and Social Sciences - Philosophy of History - Causation in History - Objectivity in History

#### **UNIT-II**

Greek and Roman Historiography: Herodotus, Thucydides, Livy - Church Historiography St. Augustine - Medieval Arab Historiography: Ibn Kaldun - Enlightenment Historiography - Contribution of Leopold von Ranke.

## <u>UNIT - III</u>

Indian Historian's: Kalhana - Alberuni - Abul Fazal - Modern Historians: Jadunath Sarkar

D.D. Kosambi - K.A. Nilakanta Sastri - R.C. Majumdar.

# <u>UNIT - IV</u>

Marxist Historiography: E.P. Thompson - Eric Hobsbawm - Annales Historiography - Impact of Post Modernism - Foucault - Subaltern Studies.

# UNIT - V

Selection of Topic - Primary and Secondary Sources - External and Internal Criticism - Foot Notes and Bibliography - Stages of Writing Thesis.

Ali B. Sheikh. *History, Its Theory and Method,* New Delhi, Macmillan Publishers India Limited, 1981. Aymard, Maurice and Harbans Mukhia. ed. *French Studies in History*, 2 Volumes. Delhi, Orient Longman, 1988.

Bhattacharya Sabyasachi. *Approaches to History: Essays in Indian Historiography*, New Delhi, Primus Books, 2011. Braudel, Fernand. *On History*, University of Chicago Press, 1982.

Carr E.H. What is History? Penguin, 2008.

Collingood. R.G. The Idea of History, Oxford University Press, 2004.

Elton Geoffrey R. The Practice of History, Wiley, 2002.

Fukyama, Francis. The End of History and the Last Man, Simon and Schuster, 2006.

Guha, Ranajit, ed. *A Subaltern Studies Reader, 1986-1995*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1997. Jenkins, Keith. *The Postmodern History Reader*, London, Routledge, 1997.

Marwick Arthur. The New Nature of History: Knowledge, Evidence, Language. Houndmills, Palgrave, 2001.

Manickam. S. History and Historical Methods

Rajayyan. K. History its Theory and Method

Rajendran. N. Historiography(Tamil), Clio Publications, 2015. Sen. S.P.

Historians and Historiography of Modern India,

Sreedharan E. A Textbook of Historiography: 500 BC to AD 2000, Hyderabad, Orient Blackswan, 2004.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4544077.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A995dc2a47353eeb1e1a4924c69e51004 https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/25183349.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A7a29bbfdfdda3cf50f365b996704f8dc https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4376762.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A9bc2507ba5f3adb666a72e9dc40cdd8d https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/4412215.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A390c9b62f53992829c03fe88b6bad0b9 https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/25011528.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A7a4c024e8f3505262cb2d0b90d9b4991

#### Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

CO Number	CO	Knowledge Level
CO1	To look for historical sources and to acquire the ability to differentiate between the primary and secondary sources	K4 & K5
CO <sub>2</sub>	To acquire skill of methodology to write research articles	(K3)
CO <sub>3</sub>	To develop the analytical skill of viewing different schools of thought in historiography	K6
CO <sub>4</sub>	To equip the skill of scientific enquiry in analyzing historical events.	(K5)
CO <sub>5</sub>	To learn the components of research methodology.	(K2)

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
CO							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

Programme Title : M.A. History

Elective Paper Title : INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS SINCE 1945 CE

Elective Course Code : 18HIC13

Semester : IV Hrs/Week: 5 Credit: 5

# **Course objectives**

The broad aim is to make students aware about the International relations since 1945 to present days.

To highlight the Theories on International Relations

To approach analytically the challenges of International Relations

To disseminate the Challenges and responses of International Relations

To achieve a personal understanding of whether or not they possess the ability, motivation and

interest to pursue further postgraduate study in History.

## <u>UNIT-1</u> Introduction to International Relations

Nature and Scope of International Relations – Theories of International Politics – National Power and National Interest – Balance of Power and its relevance – Collective Security – Determinants of Foreign Policy and Diplomacy.

#### **UNIT-II** United Nations Organization

Structure, Power and Functions of U.N.O – Specialized Agencies of U.N.O. – Reformation and Revision of the U.N.O – Challenges before the U.N.O – Evaluation of the U.N.O.

# <u>UNIT-III</u> Contemporary Relevance of Cold war

Origin, Meaning and Basis of Cold War – Different Phases of Cold War – Implications and Impact of Cold War – End of Cold War - Collapse of the Soviet Union and the Unipolar World System – Foreign Policies of USA, USSR, China and India.

#### <u>UNIT-IV</u> Arms Race, Nuclear Disarmament and Terrorism

General factors pertaining to Arms Race and Nuclear Disarmament – Arms Control Treaties: PTBT, NPT, CTBT, SALT – I & II, START etc., East West Military Confrontation – Impact of Nuclear Weapons on International Politics – History of Terrorism – Definitions of Terrorism – Terrorism and Counter Terrorism on International Politics.

# **UNIT-V** Regional Organizations

Military Pacts: NATO, SEATO, CENTO, ANZUS, Warsaw Treaty, COMECON etc., Idea of Regionalism: OAS, APEC, NAFTA, E.U, BRICS, G7, G15, Arab League, OPEC, OAU, Common Wealth, ASEAN, NAM and the Third World Countries.

Carr E.H. International Relations between two Worlds War, Macmillan & Co, 1966.

Grenville J. A. S. A history of the world from the 20th to the 21th Century, Routledge, London, 2005.

Jha, Nalini Kant. India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi, South Asia Publishers, 2000.

.... India's Foreign Policy: Emerging Challenges, New Delhi, Pentagon, 2012.

John Young. International relations since 1945: A Global history, New Delhi, OUP, 2004.

Kauti Bajpai. International Relations in India Bringing theory back home, Hyderabad, Orient Longmans, 2005.

Morgethan. H.J. Politics among Nations: the struggle for power and peace, Knopf, 1985.

Palmer & Perking. International Relations, Lucknow, Prakasam Publication, 1980.

Palmer Perkins. International Relations, New Delhi, AITBS Publishers and Distributors, 2004. Prasad,

Bimal. Origins of India's Foreign Policy, Bombay, Orient Longman, 1966.

Robert, Jackson. Introduction to International Relations, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2003. Schunann

Frederick Lewis. International Politics: An Introduction to the Western State System, McGraw-

Hill Book Company, 1933.

Stephen, P Cohen. India Emerging Power, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001. Stephanie

Lawson. International Relations, UK, Polity, 2003.

Vinay Kumar Malhotra. *Theories and Approaches to International Relations*, New Delhi, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd, 2001.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctvdf09vd

https://www.un.org/en/

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/20039280.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3A090cd7daa7a5bf04efcd11a23767aaba

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/26294401.pdf?refreqid=excelsior%3Ade62ede386d0e1732c6343c00e9cf49b

https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/41854857.pdf

# Course outcome

On successful completion of the course the students will be able

СО	CO	Knowledge
Number		Level
CO <sub>1</sub>	To analyse various institutions started in the world to maintain peace.	(K5)
CO <sub>2</sub>	(To evaluate the peace making process of the international peace lovers.)	K6)
CO <sub>3</sub>	(To approach the countries that have real challenges to make good relations.)	K2
CO <sub>4</sub>	(To discuss the power blocks in the world and its impact on developing countries.)	K5)
CO <sub>5</sub>	To demonstrate their comprehension and an in-depth orientation to understand	<u>K6</u>
	of the character of contemporary international relations.	

PO/PSO CO		PSO					
co							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	S	
CO2	S	M	S	M	S	M	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	S	
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	

S- Strong, M-Medium, L- Low

# Pedagogy

# PERIYAR UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) PATTERN

(For the students admitted from the year 2018-19 onwards)

**IV SEMESTER** 

**PROJECT** 

The students are entitled to do a project work on any social problem relevant the study of history. The project work contains introduction, review of literature, methodology, analysis, along with conclusion and bibliography.

**PROJECT**