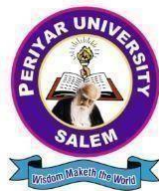


PERIYAR UNIVERSITY



DEGREE OF MASTER OF ARTS

Syllabus for

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(SEMESTER PATTERN)

**(For Candidates admitted in the Colleges affiliated to
Periyar University from 2026 – 2027 onwards)**

FIRST YEAR MA POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER – I CORECOURSE–I

POLITICAL THEORY

Course Objectives	
C1	To introduce the students to the fundamental ideas of Political Theory
C2	To help students understand the origin of the State and its dynamics
C3	To familiarize students with the concepts of power, justice and law
C4	To enable students to analyse the notions of liberty, equality, rights and duties
C5	To provide insights in to the domains of citizenship, political obligation and the Contemporary debates on Political Theory

UNITS	Details	No.of Hours
I	Political Science: Meaning, Nature, Scope, Methods, Approaches – Relationship between Political Science and Other Social Sciences- Classical and Empirical Political Theories: Behaviouralism and Post-Behaviouralism- Political Theory versus Political Philosophy	6
II	Theories of Origin of State: Theory of Divine Origin - Theory of Force -Social Contract Theory (Thomas Hobbes, John Locke and Jean-Jacques Rousseau) - Matriarchal and Patriarchal Theories - Historical or Evolutionary Theory.	6
III	Power: Views of Antonio Gramsci (Hegemony), Hannah Arendt (Communication) and Michel Foucault (Bio-power); Justice: Meaning, Nature and Typology - Theories (Liberal, Libertarian, Marxist and Feminist. Law: Meaning, Nature and Kinds - Sources of Law - Schools of Jurisprudence.	6
IV	Liberty: Meaning, Nature and Types-Liberal and Marxist Views Equality: Meaning, Nature, and Relationship between Liberty and Equality - Rights and Duties: Meaning, Nature and Typology- States “Rights and Human Rights - Relationship between Rights and Duties	6
V	Citizenship: Meaning, Nature and Components- Theories Political Obligation: Meaning, Nature and Types-	6
Total		30

Text Books	
1.	Kapur A.C, Principles of Political Science, S Chand and Company, New Delhi
2.	GeraldFGausandChandranKukathas(Eds.),HandbookofPoliticalTheory,SAGE Publishing.
3.	Robert E.Goodin(Ed.),The Oxford Handbook of Political Science, Oxford University Press.
4.	Gilchrist,R.N.PrinciplesofPoliticalScience.Madras:OrientLongmans.
5.	Johari,J.C.PrinciplesofPoliticalScience.NewDelhi:SterlingPublicationsLtd

References Books	
1.	JohnS.Dryzek,BonnieHonigandAnnePhillips(Eds.),TheOxfordHandbookofPolitical Theory, Oxford University Press.
2.	Mark Bevir(Ed.),Encyclopedia of Political Theory(Volumes I - III),SAGE Publishing.
3.	JamesN.Druckman,DonaldP.Greene,JamesH.KuklinskiandArthurLupia(Eds.), Cambridge Handbook of Experimental Political Science, Cambridge University Press.
4.	DirkBerg-Schlosser,BertrandBadieandLeonardoMorlino(Eds.),TheSAGEHandbook Of Political Science (Volumes I- III),SAGE Publishing.
5.	David Marsh, Theory and Methods in Political Science, U.K:Palgrave Macmillan

CORE COURSE – II

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA

Course Objectives	
C1	To introduction the students to the evolution and basic framework of the Indian Constitution
C2	To help students understand the Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties and important Judicial Doctrines in India
C3	To familiarize students with the structure and powers of the important offices and Authorities of the Union Government
C4	To provide insights into the important offices and authorities of the States and Union Territories in India
C5	To enable students to examine the Local Self-Government, Centre-State Relations and Important Constitutional Bodies in India

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Making of the Indian Constitution: Historical Background-Constituent Assembly-Philosophy of the Indian Constitution-Preamble-Salient Features-Amendment Procedure	6
II	Fundamental Rights-Directive Principles of State Policy-Fundamental Duties-Important Judicial Doctrines: Basic Structure - Judicial Review	6
III	Union Executive: President - Vice President - Prime Minister and Council of Ministers- The Parliament: Composition- Legislative Procedure – Powers-Supreme Court: Organisation and Powers-Attorney-General: Role and Functions	6
IV	State Executive: Governor- Chief Minister and Council of Ministers. State Legislature: Composition- Legislative Procedure. High Courts and Subordinate Courts: Organisation and Powers. Administration of Union Territories: Lieutenant Governor - Chief Minister and Council of Ministers of NCT of Delhi, Puducherry, Jammu & Kashmir- Advocate-General (States and Union Territories):Role and Functions	6
V	Local Self-Government: Urban and Rural Local Bodies (73 rd and 74 th Constitutional Amendment Acts, 1992) - State Election Commission. Centre-State Relations: Inter-State Council - Goods and Services Tax Council Other Constitutional Bodies: Election Commission, Comptroller and Auditor General of India, Finance Commission, Union Public Service Commission, National Commission for Scheduled Castes, National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, National Commission for Backward Classes, and Special Officer for Linguistic Minorities	6
Total		30

Text Books	
1.	D.D.Basu, <i>Constitutional Law of India</i> , Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd.
2.	Sujit Choudhry, Madhav Khosla, Pratap Bhanu Mehta, <i>The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution</i> , Oxford University Press.
3.	Bidyut Chakraborty, <i>Indian Constitution: text, Context and Interpretation</i> , SAGE Publishing.
4.	Pandey. J.N, <i>Constitutional Law of India</i> , Central Law Agency.
5.	Pylee.M.V, <i>Indian Constitution</i> , Asia Publishing House Pvt Ltd.

ReferencesBooks	
1.	Austin Granville, <i>The Indian Constitution: Corner stone of A Nation</i> , Oxford University Press.
2.	Zoya Hasan, Easwaran Sridharan, R.Sudharshan, <i>India's living Constitution: Ideas, Practices, Controversies</i> , Permanent Black, UK.
3.	Samaraditya Pal, <i>India's Constitution—Origins and Evolution (Constituent Assembly Debates, Lok Sabha Debates on Constitutional Amendments and Supreme Court Judgments); Volumes I-X</i> , Lexis Nexis.
4.	Bidyut Chakrabarty, <i>Constitutionalizing India: An Ideational Project</i> . Oxford University Press.
5.	Austin, Granville, <i>Indian Constitution</i> , Oxford University Press, India. 1999.

WebResources	
1.	Constitution of India, Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India, https://legislative.gov.in/constitution-of-india
2.	Oxford Reference, https://www.oxfordreference.com/
3.	National Digital Library of India, https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
4.	Encyclopedia Britannica, https://www.britannica.com/
5.	eGyanKosh, https://egyankosh.ac.in/

CORE COURSE – III

WESTERN POLITICAL THINKERS

Course Objectives	
C1	To give the students an understanding on the political thought in the western world
C2	To make students have an idea about the ancient and medieval period thinking on governance
C3	To highlight the changing dynamics in the modern period
C4	To bring forth an understanding on the rise of communist doctrines
C5	To bring out the importance of a world of justice and welfare

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Nature & Characteristics of Western Political Thought -Plato: Socrates Influence on Plato- Method of Plato- The Republic (Theory of Justice, Education, Communism) Aristotle: Method- The Politics–Nature & Origin Of State- Forms of Government-Best Practicable State	6
II	St. Augustine: - Church- State Controversy- Conception of Two Cities- Justice-Slavery. Thomas Aquinas: Classification of Law -Machiavelli: Human Nature- The Prince- Art of Ruling, Rules of Diplomacy.	6
III	Hobbes: Social Contract Theory-Absolute Sovereignty. Locke: Social Contract Theory- Limited Government. Rousseau: Social Contract Theory- General Will	6
IV	Hegel:-German Idealism-Dialectics. Jeremy Bentham - Utilitarianism. & J.S.Mill: Utilitarianism On Liberty.	6
V	Karl Marx: Materialistic Interpretation of History- Class Struggle- Theory of Value-Dictatorship of Proletariat - Communism. Jurgen Habermas-Theory of Truth and knowledge	6
Total		30

Text Books	
1.	George H Sabine, <i>A History of Political Theory</i> , Oxford & IBH Publishing C. Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
2.	Sukhbir Singh, <i>History of Political Thought</i> , Vol1,2, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
3.	William Ebenstein, <i>Great Political Thinkers: From Plato to the Present</i> , S.Chand(G/L)& Company Ltd, New Delhi
4.	S K Sharma & Urmila Sharma, <i>Western Political Thought</i> , VolI & II Atlantic Publishers, New Delhi, 2013.
5.	O.P.Gauba, <i>Western Political Thought</i> , National Paper backs, Delhi. 1999

References Books	
1.	Brooke Noel Moore, Kenneth Bruder, <i>Philosophy- The Power of Ideas</i> , Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.
2.	David Stewart,H. Gene Blocker, <i>Fundamentals of Philosophy</i> , Pearson, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
3.	VarmaV.P.Political Philosophy. Lakshmi Narain Agarwal Publishing Co.
4.	Wayper C.L. Political Thought. B.I.Publications PrivateLtd.
5.	PantS.C.History of Political Thought .Prakashan Kendra.

WebResources	
1.	Armstrong,E.“Machiavelli as Political Thinker.”History,NEWSERIES,5,no.18 (1920):81-94. http://www.jstor.org/stable/24399721
2.	Kateb,George.“Aspects of Rousseau”s Political Thought.”Political Science Quarterly 76, no. 4 (1961): 519-43.
3.	Wood, Neal. Cicero”s Social and Political Thought. University of California Press, 1988. http://www.jstor.org/stable/10.1525/j.ctt1pncgd .
4.	Donnelly, Jack.“Natural Law and Right in Aquinas” Political Thought” The Western Political Quarterly 33, no. 4 (1980): 520-35.
5.	Puntambekar, S. V. “St. Augustine and His Predecessors (Foundators of Medieval Political Thought).”The Indian Journal of Political Science 5,no.2(1943):107-38. http://www.jstor.org/stable/42743760

CORE COURSE– VIII

MODERN POLITICAL SYSTEMS

Course Objectives	
C1	To understand the nature of parliamentary form of Government
C2	To study the features of the British Constitution
C3	To explore the salient features of American Constitution
C4	Salient feature of the French constitution–
C5	Salient feature of the constitution of China.

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Parliamentary form of Government – its features - Presidential form of Government and its features – Constitution – Meaning, Types – Merits and demerits characteristics of a good constitution – Unitary and Federal systems of government.	6
II	Salient features of the British constitution – The crown - powers and functions – Prime Minister – parliaments – House of Lords – House of Commons – Powers and functions –party system - Rule of law – Judiciary	6
III	Salient feature of the American constitution – President – Election, Tenure, powers and functions – Congress – Senate composition powers and functions – House of Representatives: composition powers and functions. Committee System – party system – Judiciary.	6
IV	Salient feature of the French constitution–The Executive: powers and functions – parliament–Senate–National Assembly–power and functions–party system – judicial.	6
V	Salient feature of the constitution of China – President – Powers and functions – National people congress – Powers and functions – Standing committee – Party system.	6
	Total	30

Reference Books	
1.	1. Kapur A: Select Constitutions: S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008. 2. Vishnoo Bhagvan & Vidhya Bhushan: World Constitutions, Sterling Publishers Ltd, New Delhi, 2008;. 3. Mahajan V.D: Select Modern Governments; S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2006. 4. Sachdeva and Gupta, World Constitution, Delhi: A Jantha Prakasam, 2000. 5. J.C. Johari, Comparative Politics, New Delhi: Sterling, 2003.

WebResources	
1.	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Constitution_of_the_United_Kingdom
2.	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Constitution_of_the_United_States
3.	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Constitution_of_France
4.	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Constitution_of_the_People

ELECTIVE
PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Course Objectives	
C1	To understand the meaning, nature, scope and evolution of Public Administration.
C2	To acquire knowledge of the principles of organization and administrative management.
C3	To examine the structure and functions of public administrative institutions.
C4	To understand the principles of personnel and financial administration in government.
C5	To analyse contemporary trends in Public Administration, including e-governance, development administration and administrative reforms.

UNITS	Details	No.of Hours
I	Introduction Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Administration, Evolution of Public Administration, Public and Private Administration, New Public Administration, New Public Management, Good Governance	6
II	Principles of Organization Principles of Organization, Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Span of Control, Delegation and Decentralization, Coordination	6
III	Administrative Structure Chief Executive, Line, Staff and Auxiliary Agencies, Departments and Public Corporations, Independent Regulatory Commissions, Administrative Tribunals, Field Administration	6
IV	Personnel and Financial Administration Civil Services, Recruitment and Training, Promotion and Discipline, Budget, Financial Control, Audit and Accountability	6
V	Contemporary Patterns of Public Administration Comparative Public Administration, Development Administration, E-Governance, Citizen-Centric Administration, Administrative Reforms, Public Policy and Governance	6
	Total	30

Text Books	
1.	Avasthi, A. & Maheshwari, S.R., <i>Public Administration</i> , Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra.
2.	Mohit Bhattacharya, <i>New Horizons of Public Administration</i> , Jawahar Publishers, New Delhi.
3.	Nicholas Henry, <i>Public Administration and Public Affairs</i> , Routledge, New York.
4.	F.A. Nigro & L.G. Nigro, <i>Modern Public Administration</i> , Harper & Row Publishers.
5.	M.P. Sharma & B.L. Sadana, <i>Public Administration in Theory and Practice</i> , Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

ReferencesBooks	
1.	Rumki Basu, <i>Public Administration: Concepts and Theories</i> , Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.
2.	Prasad, Ravindra D., V.S. Prasad & P. Satyanarayana, <i>Administrative Thinkers</i> , Sterling Publishers.
3.	R.K. Arora & Rajni Goyal, <i>Indian Public Administration: Institutions and Issues</i> , New Age International Publishers.
4.	S.R. Maheshwari, <i>Indian Administration</i> , Orient Blackswan.
5.	B. Guy Peters, <i>The Politics of Bureaucracy</i> , Routledge.

ELECTIVE - SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

Course Objectives	
C1	To understand background of the society and the emergence of movements in India
C2	To identify and explain the role of caste in human rights violation and the role of social reformers
C3	To recognize, describe, and identify rights and oppose in human practices through movements
C4	To identify social and political Icons of India and their specific roles
C5	To study the achievements of various social and political movements in India

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Civil Society and Culture: Diversity and Pluralism –Civil Rights Movements- Independence Movement –	4
II	Caste and Casteism: Emergence and Practices - Casteism as a Human Rights Violation-B.R. Ambedkar- Sree Narayana Guru and SNDP Yogam- Narayana Guru- Subramanya Bharathi	4
III	Periyar E.V. Ramasamy and the Self Respect Movement- Ayyankali and Chattampi Swamikal –Hindu Reform Movements and Bengal Renaissance- Rights of Children and Women: The ill Practices of Sati and Child Marriages.	4
IV	Dayananda Saraswathi and Arya Samaj– Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar and Brahmo Samaj – Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Upliftment of Women Jyotirao Phule and Savitribai Phule – Baba Amte – Behramji Malabari.	4
V	Environmental Movements– Land Reforms in India–Sarvodaya Movement And Trade Unionism–Save Narmada Movement and Chipko Movement– National Movement Against Corruption – LGBTQIA movement	4
	Total	20

Text Books	
1.	S.G.Devgaonkar, <i>Social Movements in India and Abroad</i> . Shree Sainath Prakashan. 2016. Chesters, <i>Social Movements: The Key Concepts</i> . Routledge. 2010.
2.	Krishna Menon Ranjana Subberwal, <i>Social Movements in Contemporary India</i> . Sage Publishing. September 2019
3.	Rao M. S.A, <i>Social Movements in India</i> . Manohar Publishers: 2016
4.	Biswajit Ghosh, <i>Social Movements</i> . Sage Publications. 2020
5.	Bijendra Kumar, <i>Social Movements in Modern India</i> . DPS Publishing House
Reference Books	
1.	Ghanshyam Shah, <i>Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature</i> . Sage Publications
2.	Kumar B, <i>Social Movements in India</i> . D.P.S. Publishing House. 2011
3.	Shanmuganathan. V, <i>A Remarkable Political Movement</i> , Prabhat 2001.
4.	Biswajit Ghosh, <i>Social Movements: Concepts, Experiences and Concerns</i> . SAGE Publications India Private Limited January 2020
5.	Makwana M.H, Richard Pais, (Eds) <i>Understanding Social Movements</i> , Rawat Publications. 2022

Web Resources	
1.	https://tripurauniv.ac.in/Content/pdf/Distance%20Education%20Notice/Social_Movements_and_Politics_in_India_MA_CRC_18092017.pdf
2.	https://blog.ipleaders.in/social-movements-modern-india/
3.	https://www.academia.edu/36831256/Social_and_Political_Movements_in_India_Renaissance_in_Process
4.	https://www.jstor.org/stable/45071683
5.	https://www.epw.in/tags/social-movements

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE [SEC] – I

POLITICAL JOURNALISM

Course Objectives	
C1	To examine the origin, scope and significance of Political Journalism
C2	To analyse the role of Political Organisations in Journalism
C3	To understand about media and its role in Elections
C4	To assess media and public opinion and its role in Political Journalism
C5	To evaluate the recent developments and challenges in Political Journalism

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	An Introduction to Political Journalism: Origin, Scope and Significance of Political Journalism	2
II	Political Journalism and Political Organisations: Political Parties, Freedom of Press, Associations, Interest/Pressure groups	2
III	Role of Media in Elections: Election and Mass Media – Election and Social Media	2
IV	Media and Public Opinion: Communication Theory (Karl Deutsch) – Agenda-setting Theory – Priming Theory.	2
V	Political Journalism, Recent Developments and Challenges: Ethics in Journalism – Artificial Intelligence in Political Journalism.	2
	Total	10

Text Books	
1.	Andreu Casero-Ripolles, Journalism and Politics, New influences and Dynamics in the Social Media Era (2022)
2.	J Andrews, The New Media's Role in Politics (2020)
3.	Arjen van Dalen, Claes H. de Vreese, Erik Albaek, Political Journalism in Comparative Perspective (Communication, Society and Politics) (2014)
4.	Claes de Vreese, Frank Esser, David Nicolas Hopmann, Comparing Political Journalism (2020)
5.	James Morrison, Jen Birks, Mike Berry, The Routledge Companion to Political Journalism (2022)

Reference Books	
1.	Alok Mehta, Power, Press and Politics: Half a Century of Indian Journalism: Half a Century of Journalism and Politics Hard cover (2021), Bloomsbury, India
2.	Lynette Sheridan Burns Understanding Journalism (2013), Sage Publications
3.	Maxwell McCombs, Setting the Agenda: Mass Media and Public Opinion (2014)
4.	Sallyanne Duncan, Ethics for Journalists, 3rd Edition (2022), Routledge
5.	Nael Jebril, Stephen Jukes, Sofia Iordanidou, Journalism Society and Politics in the Digital Media Era (2020)

WebResources	
1.	https://www.researchgate.net/publication/330579241_PoliticalJournalism
2.	https://online.lsu.edu/newsroom/articles/how-become-political-journalist/
3.	https://www.lse.ac.uk/media-and-communications/polis/JournalismAI/About-JournalismAI
4.	https://reutersinstitute.politics.ox.ac.uk/our-research/political-journalism-transition
5.	https://sk.sagepub.com/reference/encyclopedia-of-social-media-and-politics

**SECOND YEAR
SEMESTER – II
CORE COURSE– V**

INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Course Objectives	
C1	To introduce the concept and contributions to Nation building.
C2	To explain the impact of caste and its politics in India.
C3	To analyse the role of religion and the importance of secularism in India.
C4	To assess Ethnic factors and the role of regionalism in India
C5	To analyse the political parties and pressure groups in India.

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Nature of the Indian State: Nationalism and Nation in India -Political Legacies of the British Raj - Nature of the Indian National Movement and its contribution to the Nation Building-Modernity and Tradition in Indian Politics–Political Culture in India–Political Leadership in India.	6
II	Caste and Politics: Sociology of Caste - Constitutional Perspective-Caste and Political Parties – Caste and Elections- Politics of Reservation – Dalit Politics in India - Caste as a Pressure Group.	6
III	Religion and Politics: Religion in India – Religion and Constitution – Secularism in India – Gandhian and Nehruvian Views on Secularism – Communal Politics, Communal Organizations and Communal Violence in India-Major Issues: Ayodhya, Uniform Civil Code.	6
IV	Ethnicity and Regionalism: Race, Ethnicity and Politics in India-Language Politics in India- States Reorganization and demand for New States in India- Regionalism and Separatism in India..	6
V	Party Systems and Pressure Groups in India: Nature of Party System- TypesandClassificationofParties-NationalParties:INC–BJP–CPI(M)- Regional Parties: DMK – Akali Dal – Shiv Sena - Coalition Politics in India - Pressure groups and Interest groups in India..	6
	Total	30

Text Books	
1.	Chandra,B.,Mukherjee,A.&Mukherjee,M.(2010) India After Independence.New Delhi: Penguin.
2.	Singh,M.P. &Saxena, R.(2008)Indian Politics:ContemporaryIssuesand Concerns. New Delhi: PHI Learning.

3.	Vanaik,A.&Bhargava,R.(eds.)(2010)Understanding Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives. NewDelhi: Orient Blackswan.
4.	Rajni Kothari.Politics in India.Orient Longman PvtLtd.
5.	Hovey da Abbas. Indian Government and Politics. Dorling Kindersley

ReferencesBooks

1.	Abbas,H.,Kumar,R. &Alam,M.A. (2011)Indian Government and Politics.NewDelhi: Pearson, 2011.
2.	Chandhoke,N.&Priyadarshi,P.(eds.)(2009) Contemporary India:Economy,Society, Politics.NewDelhi:Pearson.
3.	Chakravarty,B.&Pandey,K.P.(2006)Indian Government and Politics.NewDelhi: Sage.
4.	Bidyut Chakraborty.Indian Politics and Society Since Independence. Routledge.
5.	C.P.Bhambhri. Coalition Politics in India. Shipra Publications.

WebResources

1.	https://www.india.gov.in/my-government/constitution-india
2.	http://davp.nic.in/constitutionofindia/english/index.html
3.	https://www.constitutionofindia.net/constitution_of_india
4.	Centreforthe Studyof DevelopingSocieties. http://www.cds.in/
5.	CentreforDevelopmentStudies. http://www.cds.edu/

CORE COURSE – VI

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Course Objectives	
C1	To understand the nature of International Relations among nations of the world
C2	To comprehend the concept of national interest and the dynamics of power
C3	To know the importance of collective security for the peace of the world
C4	To describe the impact of globalisation
C5	To summarise the contemporary global concerns

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Nature and Scope of International Relations: Nation-State and Sovereignty State and Non- State Actors- Theories of IR: Idealism and Realism Neo-Realism-Traditionalism and Behaviouralism – Marxism and Critical Theory - Constructivism- Feminism and Green Theory	6
II	National Interest: Meaning and Dynamics Typologies of National Interest- Power: Classification - Soft Power and Hard Power-National Power: Elements and Evaluation- Balance of Power: Assumptions – Methods – Relevance in the Nuclear Era -Deterrence	6
III	Collective Security: Meaning- Collective Security under the UNO- Collective Defense. International Law- Nature and Functions - International Morality and Public Opinion.	6
IV	Globalization: Globalization and the Nation- State Information Technology and its Impact on IR-International Economic System Global Trade and Commerce-International Migration	6
V	Contemporary Global Concerns: Human Rights–Terrorism-Nuclear Proliferation - Global Environmental Concerns - Climate Change.	6
Total		30

Text Books	
1.	James Dougherty and Robert Pfaltzgraff, Contending Theories of International Relations. A Comprehensive Survey ,Harper Collins.
2.	Hans Morgenthau and Kenneth Thompson, Politics Among Nations: The Struggle For Power And Peace ,McGraw-Hill.
3.	Theodore Coulombis and JamesWolfe, Introduction to International Relations: Power and Justice,Prentice-HallInc.
4.	Robert Jackson and Georg Sorenson, Introduction To International Relations, Oxford University Press.
5.	Pau IWilkinson, International Relations ,Sterling Publishing Co. Inc

References Books	
1.	Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen. "Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches", Oxford University
2.	Peter Calvocoressi, World Politics since 1945, Pearson Longman.
3.	Daniel Papp, Contemporary International Relations: Frameworks for Understanding, Longman Press.
4.	John Baylis, John; Steve Smith; and Patricia Owens. The Globalisation of World Politics, Oxford University Press 7 th edition, 2016
5.	Palmer and Perkins, International Relations, Aitbs Publishers

Web Resources	
1.	"The IR Theory Home Page". http://irtheory.com/
2.	The IR Theory Knowledge Base". http://irtheory.com./know.htm .
3.	http://www.e-ir.info/
4.	Encyclopedia Britannica, https://www.britannica.com/
5.	National Digital Library of India, https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/

CORECOURSE–VII**INDIAN POLITICAL THINKERS**

Course Objectives	
C1	To understand the ideas of Rajaram Mohan Roy, Ahmed Khan and Naoroji
C2	To know the views of Tilak, Gokhale and Aurobindo
C3	To comprehend the political ideas of Gandhi, Jinnah and Savarkar
C4	To decipher the conceptual understanding of Nehru, Ambedkar and Lohia
C5	To idealise the views of Roy, Dange and J.P Narayan

UNITS	Details	No.of Hours
I	Rajaram Mohan Roy–Advocate of British Rule–Humanist–Brahmo Samaj -Education- Father of Indian Liberalism Syed Ahmed Khan:As a Nationalist & Communalist-Political and Social Ideas Dadabhai Naoroji-Political Ideas-Drain Theory-Economic and Moral Drain	6
II	Bal Gangadhar Tilak - Concept of Swarajya – Revivalism - As an Extremist – Home Rule League Gokhale–Spiritualization of Politics–Servants of India Society– Gokhale & Tilak - Economic Ideas Sri Aurobindo - Spiritual Nationalism - Poorna Swaraj - Passive Resistance – Views on World Government	6
III	Mahatma Gandhi- Moral Ideas-Non-Violence–Satyagraha-Economic Ideas Mohammad Ali Jinnah- Muslim League-Communalist-Two Nations Theory – Gandhi & Jinnah V.D.Savarkar-Political Ideas-Social Ideas	6
IV	Jawaharlal Nehru-Democracy-Secularism-Economic Ideas–Socialistic Pattern of Economy – Mixed Economy B. R. Ambedkar – Social Revolutionary – Wome’s Rights – Social Justice – Concept of Religion.	6
V	M.N. Roy- Radical Humanism- New Humanism- Economic Ideas J.P.Narayan- Partyless Democracy-Restructuring Indian Polity–Total Revolution	6
Total		30

Text Books	
1.	Bidyut Chakrabarty & Rajendra Kumar Pandey, Modern Indian Political Thinkers, Sage Publishing House Pvt Ltd ,New Delhi.
2.	O.P.Gauba,Indian Political Thought, Mayur Paperback, New Delhi.
3.	Himanshu Roy, Indian Political Thought, Person Education.
4.	V.P.Verma,Modern Indian Political Thought, Laxmi Narain Agarwal, NewDelhi.
5.	Vishnoo Bhagwan ,Indian Political Thinkers ,Atma Ram & Sons, New Delhi.

Reference Books	
1.	M.Sharma,Political Theory and Thought, Anmol Publishers,NewDelhi.
2.	V.R.Mehta,Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Manohar Publications, New Delhi
3.	Neetu Sharma, Modern Indian Political Thought, Gullybaba Publishing House, New Delhi
4.	Dr.Suman Mohapatra, Modern Indian Political Thought
5.	V.R.Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought .Manohar Publishers And Distributors

Web Resources	
1.	Hegde, Sasheej. “The „Modern“ of Modern Indian Political Thought: Outline of a FrameworkofAppraisal.”SocialScientist,vol.35,no.5/6,2007,pp.19–38.JSTOR, JSTOR,www.jstor.org/stable/27644215.
2.	Kozicki,RichardP. “The Journal ofAsianStudies.” The Journal of Asian Studies, vol.26, no. 4, 1967,pp. 728–729. JSTOR,JSTOR, www.jstor.org/stable/2051282.
3.	Nair,M.P.Sreekumaran.“BALGANGADHARTILAK:REVOLUTIONARYOR CONSTITUTIONALIST? Summary.”ProceedingsoftheIndianHistoryCongress, vol. 31, 1969, pp. 398–398., www.jstor.org/stable/44138408
4.	Nair,M.P.Sreekumaran.“TILAK”SCONCEPTOFSWARAJ:EXPEDIENCYOR INCONSISTENCY?”ProceedingsoftheIndianHistoryCongress,vol.32,1970,pp.

CORE COURSE–VIII

GRASSROOT DEMOCRACY IN INDIA

Course Objectives		
C1	Explain the theoretical aspects of Grass root democracy	
C2	Examine the historical origins of rural local governments in India	
C3	Assess the legal framework that supports the rural local government.	
C4	Analyse the historical framework of the urban local government	
C5	Explain the legal structure that facilitates grassroots governance in urban areas	
UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Define Grassroot democracy- Democracy in India: Social, Economic and Political– Framework for Devolution of Powers - Challenges before Democracy: women and marginalized sections of the society-Social Change Through Social Movements– Media and Grassroot Democracy	5
II	Rural Local Government in Ancient and Medieval times-Rural Local Government during British rule-Rural Local Government after Independence -Community Development Programme and National Extension Service	5
III	Balwantray Mehta Committee Report - Working of the three-tier system of Panchayati Raj during 1959-93 - Asoka Mehta Committee Report - Constitutional Status to Panchayati Raj Institutions and main provisions of the 73rd Constitution Amendment Act.	5
IV	Urban Local Government in Ancient and Medieval times-Urban Local Government in Pre-British Era - Urban Local Government under the British	5
V	Municipal Government in Post-Independence period - Attempts made at the Center and in the states to promote Municipal Government-Main features of 73 rd and 74 th constitution Amendment Act	5
	Total	25

Text Books	
1.	M.N.Srinivas and A.M.Shah, <i>The Grassroots of Democracy: Field Studies of Indian Elections</i> , Permanent Black, 2007
2.	Palanithurai G., <i>Grassroot Democracy in Indian Society</i> , Concept Publishing, 2000
3.	Dr.S.R.Maheshwari, <i>Local Government in India</i> , Laxmi Narain Agarwal Publications, 2003
4.	Dr.Ishita Chatterjee, <i>Local Self Government</i> , Central Law Publications.
5.	Pradeep Sachdeva, <i>Local Government in India</i> , Pearson India

Reference Books	
1.	M.R.Biju, Ravindra Sharma, M.R.B.Anantha Padmanabha, <i>Politics of Grassroots Democracy in India</i> , Concept Publishing, 2019
2.	Kalaiyarasan A., Vijayabaskar M., <i>The Dravidian Model: Interpreting the Political Economy of Tamil Nadu</i> , Cambridge University Press, 2021
3.	S.R.Maheshwari, <i>Rural Development in India</i> , SAGE Publication 1985
4.	S.R.Maheshwari, <i>Local Administration</i> Laxmi Narain Agarwal Publications, 2003
5.	Venkatesu E., <i>Local Governance in India</i> , Kalpaz Publications, 2016.

Web Resources	
1.	https://www.worc.org/grassroots-democracy-program/
2.	http://hdl.handle.net/10603/120474
3.	http://magazines.odisha.gov.in/Orissareview/feb-mar-2007/engpdf/page11-13.pdf
4.	Oxford Reference, https://www.oxfordreference.com/
5.	National Digital Library of India, https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/

ELECTIVE COURSE – II

LEGISLATURE PROCEDURE IN INDIA

Course Objectives	
C1	To understand the Legislature process in India Union parliament and its powers and functions
C2	To examine Law making procedure and types of amendment
C3	To analyse the sessions of parliament and various resolutions.
C4	To understand the Budget in parliament
C5	To know the distribution of powers between centre and state

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Union Parliament: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha–Powers and Functions– Relations between two Houses – Speaker of the Lok Sabha.	4
II	Legislative Process in India: Law making procedure – Procedure for Amendment (Article 368) – Types of Amendment - Ordinary Bills – Money Bills – Constitutional Amendment Bills–First Reading–Second Reading and Third Reading.	4
III	Sessions of the Parliament – Joint sitting of the Two Houses- Summoning of the Houses – President’s Address – Quorum of the House – Voting Procedure – Adjournment and Dissolution–Types of Resolutions–Private Member’s Resolutions–Government Resolutions – Statutory	4
IV	Budget in Parliament-Question Hour–Categories of Questions–Starred Questions - Unstarred Questions – Short Notice Questions – Zero Hour – Calling Attendance Notice – No-Confidence Motion – Censure Motion.	4
V	Distribution of Powers: Union List–State List–Concurrent List–Parliament Committees-Standing Committees–Adhoc Committees–Code of Conduct for Members – Parliament Privileges of Members.	4
	Total	20

Reference Books	
1.	Subhash C.Kashyap,Our Parliament, National Book Trust, NewDelhi,2005.
2.	M.Lakshmikanth Indian Polity for Civil Services Exams. Tata Magraw Hill Education (India) Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
3.	Jeevan Nair,U.C.Jain,Indian Parliament:privileges, powers and functions, Pointer Publishers, 2000.
4.	Shashishekhar Gopal Deogaonkar, Parliamentary System in India, Concept Publishing Company, 1997.

Web Resources	
1.	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lawmaking_procedure_in_India .
2.	https://www.legalserviceindia.com/legal/article-7253-legislative-procedure-of-parliament.html
3.	https://advocatetanmoy.com/indian-parliament-law-making-process/
4.	https://rajbhasha.gov.in/en/constitutional-provisions
5.	https://indianconstitution.guru/constitution-of-india/part-5/article-107/

ELECTIVE COURSE

POLITICAL ECONOMY IN INDIA

Course Objectives	
C1	To familiarize the students to the basic concepts of political economy
C2	To provide insights on Indian economy and planning
C3	To throw light on importance economic development
C4	To enlighten the students with the economic policies of India
C5	To familiarize the students with the international Institution for economic development

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Political Economy: Definition, Concepts, Significant and role of political economy in development, theories of political development, types of development, Phases of Economic Development, Constitutional provisions of economic and social development.	4
II	Indian Economy and issues relating to planning, growth, development and unemployment, Mobilization of resources, administrative reforms of economic development in India.	4
III	Concept of Economic development and Economic Planning, Planning Commission, Centralized and Decentralised Planning, National Development Council, Planning and Management in India, The concept of Inclusive growth & issues.	4
IV	Macro-Economic Policies of India– Modernisation, Liberalization – Privatization – Globalization	4
V	Role of International Institutions in the development of Indian Economy: World Trade Organisation– International Monetary Fund– World Bank, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Development Association, International Finance Corporation, Asian Development Bank	4
	Total	20

Text Books	
1.	S.Sankaran, 2015,“Indian Economy–Problems, Policies and Development”,Margam Publications, Chennai.
2.	Kalpana Rajaram (ed.),2010,“Indian Economy”, Spectrum Books, New Delhi.
3.	Barry R.Weingast,The Oxford Hand book of Political Economy, Oxford University Press.
4.	Kaushik Basu,The Oxford Companion to Economics in India, Oxford University Press.
5.	LloydI.Rudolph and Sussanne Hoeber Rudolph. In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political State of the Indian Economy. University of Chicago Press.

References Books	
1.	Bimal Jalan(ed.),2014,“The Indian Economy–Problems and Prospects”,Penguin Books,New Delhi.
2.	Anne O,Krueger (ed.),2002,“Economic Policy Reforms and the Indian Economy”, Oxford University Press, NewDelhi.
3.	Anne O.Krueger, Economic Policy Reforms and the Indian Economy, University of Chicago Press.
4.	Francine R Frankel,India’s Political Economy: 1947–2004, Oxford University Press
5.	To Moore, India’s Emerging Financial Market: A flow of funds model, Routledge.

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1.	http://www.economicdiscussion.net/international-monetary-fund/role-of-international-monetary-fund-imf-in-india/10817
2.	https://niti.gov.in/planningcommission.gov.in/docs/aboutus/history/index.php?about=aboutbdy .
3.	Economic and Political Weekly- https://www.epw.in/
4.	National Council of Applied Economic Research- http://www.ncaer.org/
5.	https://www.cambridge.org/core/books/abs/politics-of-international-law/international-financial-institutions/7532520C7866C3BDB162EC1424A96EA5

NON – MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE - II

LEGAL AWARENESS IN INDIA

Course Objectives	
C1	To understand the legal provisions for protection available.
C2	To identify the laws concerning individual and group
C3	To analyse and utilize the legal protection mechanisms available in India.
C4	To evaluate the role of national commissions
C5	To assess the working of consumer courts

UNITS	Details	No. of Hours
I	Outline of Indian Legal System: Introduction to Law and Legal Systems - Personal laws and Criminal Laws - - Complaint Procedure, First Information Report, Format for FIR, Affidavit, Format of Affidavit, Types of Writs	2
II	Other Laws: Labour Laws and Atrocities Act-Intellectual Property Rights, Major Statutes concerning Environmental Law-Media and its role in Advocacy Right to Information Act-	2
III	Basics of Commercial Laws: Consumer laws and RTI- Legal Aid and Alternative Dispute Resolution - Legal Aid and Public Interest Litigation- Consumer Rights and protection - Consumer Protection Act, 1986-Limitations and Guidelines for Filing Consumer Complaints	2
IV	Institutions: National Legal Services Authorities, Judiciary-Commissions protecting Human Rights in India.	2
V	Social Issue in the Regulation of Cyber space: The Regulation of Cyberspace-Issues in E-Governance-Personal Freedom -Issues Concerning Democracy, National Sovereignty, Personal Freedom-Digital Divide.	2
	Total	10

Text Books	
1.	Mangari Rajender, (2010), First Information Report (FIR), Asia Law House.
2.	Dr. B. L. Wadhwa, (2016), Public Interest Litigation, Universal Law Publishing and imprint Of Lexis Nexis.
3.	Vijay Kumar Singh, Learn the Law, EBC
4.	Abdul Qadir, Legal Awareness in India, Global Vision Publishing House, 2019.
5.	Surendra Malik and Sudeep Malik, Supreme Court on Information Technology Act, Internet & Cyber Laws and Aadhaar. EBC Publishers

References Books	
1.	K. M. Sharma, (2019) Affidavit, Kamal publishers.
2.	GB Reddy and Baglekar Akash Kumar, Transgender Persons and The Law: A Commentary
3.	Dr. K. N. Chandrasekharan Pillai, R. V. Kelkar's Lectures on Criminal Procedure, EBC
4.	SCC Editorial, Commissions of Inquiry Act, 1952, Bare Act

5.	PurviPokhariyal,AmitK.KashyapandArunB.Prasad,ArtificialIntelligence:LawAnd Policy Implications
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1.	https://www.pilsni.org/about-public-interest-litigation
2.	https://www.drishtiias.com/to-the-points/Paper2/public-interest-litigation
3.	E GyanKosh, https://egyankosh.ac.in/
4.	Encyclopedia Britannica, https://www.britannica.com/
5.	National Digital Library of India, https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/