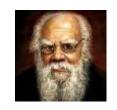


PERIYARUNIVERSITY

PeriyarPalkalai Nagar, Salem-636011



(Reaccreditedwith 'A++' GradebytheNAAC)

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES EXPORT MANAGEMENT

MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[CHOICE BASES CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)]



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OBEREGULATIONSANDSYLLABUS

(Effectivefromtheacademicyear2022-2023 onwards)

MBA

EXPORT MANAGEMENT (Choice Based Credit System (CBCS))

REGULATIONS AND SYLLABUS MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION- EXPORT MANAGEMENT

[CHOICE BASES CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)]

OBEREGULATIONSANDSYLLABUS

(Effective from the academic year 2021-2022 onwards)

PREAMBLE

Department of Management Studies is one of the Department under the School of Business Studies of Periyar University in the Southern region of the country. Department of Management Studies offers two-year full-time MBA program with a difference (CBCS – Choice Based Credit Systems) since its inception in 2005. The Department also offers M.Phil full-time and Ph.D. both full-time and part-time programmes to promote research activities. Department of Management Studies is an active Institutional member of All India Management Association.

Students are selected for MBA Programme based on their performance in Graduation, Group Discussion, Personal Interview and TANCET / MAT Score as per Government Norms. The academic, professional practice and performance standards of the Institute match with the world class business schools. Students of Department of Management Studies are being imparted management education in a very cohesive, disciplined and professional environment. The institute leaves no stone unturned to prepare its students as perfect decision-makers and path finding managers.

The Department is located in a separate spacious, lush green campus in the Salem-Bangalore national highway and is equipped with sprawling infrastructure and instructional facilities. There is a separate hostel facilities for boys and girls within the University premises.

The Department provides the contemporary Audio-Visual learning equipments for lectures and has developed its enduring relationship with the industries for providing practical training to the students through industrial visits, summer placement and guest lecture's of executives from corporate world.

The University has employed highly experienced and professionally qualified young faculty members with background from industries and education who are dynamic and possess management skills as a trainer.

The interactive and participating methods of learning have been introduced and the students are assessed for their comprehensive skills at the end of each semester. The students are encouraged to make maximum use of library and computer lab which are available to them round the clock. The learning environment is always continuous and inculcates in the students the best skills of communication and personality development.

The faculty members of Department of Management Studies are actively involving themselves in research and extension activities, paper and book publications. Attending and presenting papers at national and international level seminars, conferences and taking up consultancy services.

The students are provided assistance for the Summer Training and Job Placement in leading organizations.

The Department strongly emphasis on quality education, effective teaching pedagogies and real industry interface to propel to a better career. The institute will ever look for long term benefits where it equips the students with required employable skills and Managerial traits.

The Department of Management Studies offers MBA Export Management programme which caters the student's fathom of global nature of business activities. The sustainable management are taught and practiced here so, the students can get exposed to Innovation, Intelligence and International market.

SCOPE

As per the announcement of Government of India in the union budget 2019-20 to accelerate the economic growth through the promotion export activities. In addition to that the union government also planned to identify and establish an export hub in each and every district throughout country.

The MBA Export Management is a specialized program for developing a competent cadre of export business to meet the countries growing requirements. The main academic focus is on equipping the participants with an in-depth knowledge of global business and to inculcate them an urge to take up competitive global challenges in export and import.

Graduates in MBA Export Management having a wider opportunity in the present global business world. Placement opportunities in this course are unlimited. MBA in ExportManagement provide an opportunity to work in the international standard company in the following functions:

International marketing research

Foreign exchange management

Brand management

Logistics and supply chain management

Export import management

Export documentation

Export financing

Compliance management

VISION

Imparting the knowledge to the society through formal and informal modes and contributing to nation building.

MISSON

- To institute specialized research centers of Excellence
- To design courses and to train students to improve academic excellence
- To enhance academia-industry interaction
- To involve in extension and outreach programmes
- To make the University globally known academic and research institution

• To inculcate values, ethics, scientific temper and environmental awareness

MBA-EXPORT MANAGEMENT- PROGRAMME OUTCOME (PO)

After the successful completion of MBA-Export Management, the student are expected to

- Inculcating basic managerial theoretical concepts and skills
- Imparting functional management knowledge with Export and Import documentation
- Enhancing the knowledge in theoretical models in international business
- Developing the skills of information technology application on EXIM operation
- Have cross cultural competency exhibited by working as a member or in teams.
- Evaluating global trends influencing the business environment to formulate and communicate competitive strategies.
- Equipping students with digital literacy
- Express moral and ethical awareness
- Have good critical thinking
- Enabling students to have research related skills

MBA – EXPORT MANAGEMENT PROGRAMSPECIFICOUTCOMES(PSOs)

Programspe	ProgramspecificOutcomes(PSOs)					
Afterthesuc	ccessfulcompletionofM.B.A. Export Management Program, the studentare expected to					
PSO1	Have Enhanced their knowledge on various financial markets and services to work proficiently with financial markets and institutions					
PSO2	Have analyzed the financial performance of an organization applying various tools that aid in decision making					
PSO3	Have an in-depth knowledge on various services and products of Banking and Insurance					
PSO4	Have developed theoretically relevant empirically strong research output that would solve social, business and theory building problems.					
PSO5	Have developed verbal and written communication to adapt toevolving virtual organisations.					

JOB OPPORTUNITIES

The course circular delineated in such a way so that after graduating the students can revamp and renovate their professional aptitude to clutch their career at the authoritative, reputable and leading status in business houses and multinational companies including enterprises overseas, entrepreneurial pursuits in rising business fields, other than covetable positions in the government occupations.

MBA Export Management providing carrier opportunities to Exim organisations in various capacities. The below mentioned job profile that can be offered by the company after qualifying the degree.

EXIM managers and executives

Global business development manager

Global marketing analysist

Global finance manager

Global business consultant

Entrepreneurship opportunities

After successful completion of MBA Export Management course it provides excellent entrepreneurship opportunities for the students to individually starting the global business activities.

PROGRAMME PATTERN

This programme is offered under Choice Based Credit system (CBCS). Students can earn more credits than the stipulated minimum of 90 credits, through Extra Credit Courses via Interdisciplinary (Supportive) Courses).

CANDIDATE'S ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

A pass in a recognized Bachelor's Degree of Minimum of 3 years duration and obtained at least 50% marks (45% in the case of candidates belonging to reserved category) in the qualifying degree examination and TANCET/MAT/CAT Score/Entrance Examination specifically conducted from the Department of management Studies or any other equivalent

admission test score (For above said exam scores, only the latest entrance exam test score will be considered), Group Discussion and Personnel Interview.

CBCS-STRUCTUREOFTHEPROGRAMME

The programme structure comprises of two parts.

Course Component	No. of Courses	Credits
Core Courses	13	52
Elective Courses(Optional)	05	20
Supportive Courses	02	06
Practical Courses	04	08
Project (Experiential Learning)	02	15 (12+3)
Total	26	101

Industrial Visit shall be the compulsory component of the MBA-Export Management Programme. Such visit will be organized with the approval from the appropriate authorities of the University.

.MBA EXPORTMANAGEMENT

LIST OF SUBJECTS

SEMESTER I

S. No	Subject Code	Subject Name	IA	EA	Total Marks	Credit
1	22UPMBA2C01	Concepts of Management and Communication	25	75	100	04
2	22UPMBA2C02	Organizational Behaviour	25	75	100	04
3	22UPMBA2C03	Export Business Environment		75	100	04
4	22UPMBA2C04	Financial and Management Accounting Practices		75	100	04
5	22UPMBA2C05	Quantitative Techniques for Managers		75	100	04
6	22UPMBA2C06	Entrepreneurship Development	25	75	100	04
		Total	150	450	600	24

SEMESTER II

S. No	Subject Code	Subject Name	IA	EA	Total Marks	Credit
1	22UPMBA2C07	Export Marketing Management	25	75	100	04
2	22UPMBA2C08	International Financial Management	25	75	100	04
3	22UPMBA2C09	International Business Strategic Management	25	75	100	04
4	-	Elective- I	25	75	100	04
5	-	Elective- II	25	75	100	04
6	-	Elective- III		75	100	04
7	22UPMBA2L01	Export Documentation Lab- I	40	60	100	03
8	22UPMBA2S01	Non-Major Supportive I (Export and Import Documentation)	25	75	100	03
9	22PHR01	Human Rights	25	75	100	02
10	22UPMBA1SW1	Swayam Course	-	-	-	02
		Total	240	660	900	34

ELECTIVES

S.N	Subject Code	Elective Subject Name		EA	Total	Credit
					Marks	
1	22UPMBA2E01	Overseas Project Management	25	75	100	04
2	22UPMBA2E02	Port and Terminal Management	25	75	100	04
3	22UPMBA2E03	Global Buyer Behavior	25	75	100	04
4	22UPMBA2E04	International Investment and Portfolio	25	75	100	04
		Management				
5	22UPMBA2E05	Business Research Methods	25	75	100	04

SEMESTER III

S. No	Subject Code	Subject Name		EA	Total Marks	Credit
1	22UPMBA2C11	International Logistics	25	75	100	04
2	22UPMBA2C12	India's Export Policy Framework	25	75	100	04
3	22UPMBA2C13	Export Finance and Promotion	25	75	100	04
4	-	Elective- IV		75	100	04
5	-	Elective- V		75	100	04
6	-	Elective- VI		75	100	04
7	22UPMBA2L02	Export Documentation Lab- II		60	100	03
8	22UPMBA2I01	Internship Report- Export Import Procedures	-	-	-	-
		Supportive Courses Offered to Non-MBA's	25	75	100	04
		Total	190	510	700	31

ELECTIVES

S.N	Subject Code	Elective Subject Name		EA	Total	Credit
		-			Marks	
1	22UPMBA2E06	Cross Cultural Management	25	75	100	04
2	22UPMBA2E07	International Business Negotiation		75	100	04
3	22UPMBA2E08	Inventory Management and Materials		75	100	04
		Requirement Planning				
4	22UPMBA2E09	International Marketing Research	25	75	100	04
5	22UPMBA2E10	International Banking	25	75	100	04

Every student of MBA Export Management shall carry out a Internship project during the summer vocation of second semester (i.e May and June) under the guidance of faculty member of the department. The Internship report on Export Import Procedures should be prepared and submitted in the beginning of third semester. The Internship Project Report and Viva-Voce examination will be evaluated by one Internal Examiner& one External Examiner and categorized their report as Commanded/ Highly Commanded.

SEMESTER IV

S.	Subject Code	Subject Name	IA	EA	Total	Credit
No					Marks	
1	22UPMBA2P01	Project Work and Viva Voce	100	200	300	12
		Total			300	12

Applied project work is mandatory for all the students in the fourth semester.

Project internship training (major project) in any export company or C & F agency for 90 days by students is compulsory. The project develops research bent of mind among them. The students can select any topic in EXIM operation. The faculty acts as internal guide

Project report evaluation consists of report evaluation and the conduct of viva voce examination. Report evaluation (200 marks) will be undertaken by an external examiner and the faculty guide independently and the average of the two will be the final mark. Viva Voce examination (100 marks) will be conducted by the external and the faculty guide together.

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

Model Examination		-	10 Marks
Assignment (Min 2) / Seminar	/Case Analysis	s -	5 Marks
Unit/Class Tests (2 Numbers)		-	5 Marks
Attendance & Class Participation	on	-	5 Marks
Т	otal :	-	25 Marks

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR MBA SYLLABUS 2022-2023

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Section	Approaches	MarkPattern	COCoverage
A	Oneword(Answeral lquestions)	20x1=20(Multi pleChoiceQuest ions)	CO1–20%,CO2–20%,CO3–20%, CO4– 20 % andCO5–20%
В	100to200words(Answer Anythreeoutoffiv	3x5=15	CO1–20%,CO2–20%,CO3–20%, CO4– 20 %andCO5–20%

	e questions)		
С	500to1000words (Essaytypequestions)	5x8 = 40	CO1–20%,CO2–20%,CO3–20%, CO4– 20 %andCO5–20%

MENTOR-MENTEE SYSTEM

The students of Department of Management Studies are supported by all faculties in the Department personally and professionally through mentor and mentee system.

GRADING SYSTEM

Evaluation of performance of students is based on ten-point scale grading system as given below.

Ten Point Scale					
Grade of Marks	Grade points	Letter Grade	Description		
90-100	9.0-10.0	0	Outstanding		
80-89	8.0-8.9	D+	Excellent		
75-79	7.5-7.9	D	Distinction		
70-74	7.0-7.4	A+	Very Good		
60-69	6.0-6.9	A	Good		
50-59	5.0-5.9	В	Average		
00-49	0.0	U	Re-appear		
ABSENT	0.0	AAA	ABSENT		

CONDONATION

Students must have 75% of attendance in each semester to appear for the examination. Students who have attendance between 65% and 74% shall apply for condonation in the prescribed form with the prescribed fee to write the examination in the same semester. Students who have attendance between 50% and 64% shall apply for condonation in prescribed form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate in the current semester but they can write their examinations only in the next semester. Students who have attendance below 50% are not eligible to appear for the examination. They shall re-do the semester(s) in the next academic year to acquire required attendance for appearing examinations.

22UPMBA2C01 -CONCEPTS OF MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATION

Course	Thiscourseaimsat makingthe studentsto understand
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Objectives	1. Thecourseenhancesinknowingtheconceptofmanagementanditsevolution.(CO1)				
	2. Itcoverstheplanninganddecisionmakingprocess ofanorganization.(CO2)				
	3. Toprovideaninsightinorganizationalstructureanditscontroltechniques. (CO3)				
	4. The course enhances the students to have understanding about the				
	variousconceptsofcommunication thatmayhelpthem				
	tocarryoutthemanagerialfunctionseffectivelyand efficiently. (CO4)				
	5. Further, togive clear understanding on communication media and various tools. (CO5).				
Course	Upon successful completion of the requirements for this course, students will be				
Outcome					
Outcome	ableto:				
	1. TofamiliarizewiththeconceptofManagement,Importanceand				
	Roleofmanagers and their Contributions and identifying the fundamentals				
	ofManagementThought.(K2) 2. Todevelop an understanding Planning Decision				
	2. Todevelop an understanding Planning and Decision Makingwhichthey can implement in their job. (K2, K6)				
	3. To familiarize you with the concept of principles of Organization and				
	itseffectiveness.(K3)				
	4. Thestudentscanbetterunderstandthecommunicationprocesswhichhelps themin				
	achievingthe managerial needs in theirupcomingbusiness career.(K5)				
	1.Comprehendtheconceptofcommunicationmediaandtoimplementinthebusinessto				
	enrich theircareergoals.(K3).				
Unit I	Concept of Management:				
	Meaning and definition – Nature of Management – Scope of Management – Is				
	Management Art or Science? - Functions of Management - Professionalisation of				
	Management - Role and qualities of Managers - Evolution of Management Thought:				
	Contributions of FW Taylor and Henri Fayol				
Unit II	Planning and Decision Making				
	Nature and importance of Planning – Need for planning – Principles of planning –				
	Planning Process – Types of Plans – MBO – MBE – Decision making: Characteristics of				
	Decision Making – Types of Decisions – Decision Making Process – Characteristics of Effective Decisions – Pationality in Decision Making – Limits on Pationality – Issues				
Unit III	Effective Decisions – Rationality in Decision Making – Limits on Rationality– Issues. Principles Of Organisation				
	Meaning and definition – Organisation Structure – Principles of Organisation –				
	Management's Attitude towards Informal Organisation – Differences between Formal and				
	Informal Organisation - Types of Organisation - Span Of Management -				
	Decentralisation – Delegation – Directing – Controlling and Coordinating				
Unit IV	Concepts of Communications				
	Meaning and definition – objectives of communication – communication process – Forms				
	of communication – Communication Roadblocks and Overcoming them – Overcoming				
	Communication Barriers - Principles of effective communication - Types of				
	communication: Formal Vs. Informal – Downward, Upward, horizontal, Diagonal and				
	Informal communication.				
Unit V	Communication Media:				
	Role of Verbal & Non-verbal Symbols in communication – Listening – Spoken				
	Communication - Group Discussion & Interviews - Meetings - Forms of				
	Communication in Written mode – Job applications & Resume – Face-to-Face				
	communication – Visual communication – Business letter – Modern communication tools.				

Text	1.	1. Andrew J Dubrin, Essential of Management, Thomson Southwestern, 9 th edition,			
Books		2012.			
	2.	Samuel C. Certo and Tervis Certo, Modern Management: Concepts and skills,			
		Pearson Education, 12 th edition 2012.			
	3.	Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich, Essential of Management: An International &			
		Leadership Perspective, 9 th Edition, Tata Mcgraw - Hill Education 2012.			
	4.	Singh & T. N. Chabra, Management Concepts & Practices			
Reference	1. Don Hellriegel, Susan E Jackson and john W slocum, Management – A competency				
Books	based approach, Thompson south Western, 11 th edition 2008.				
	2. Heinz Weihrich, Mark V Cannice and Harold Koontz, Management- A global				
		entrepreneurial perspective, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 12 th edition, 2008			

22UPMBA2C02 - ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

Course	Toprovideanoverviewoftheoriesandpracticesinorganizationalbehaviorinindividual, grou				
Objective	pand organizational level.				
S	1. To provide a basic knowledge of concepts related to organizational behavior				
	(CO1)2. Toprovide an insightson keytheories relatingto individual behavior(CO2)				
	3. Tomakestudents tounderstandon the concepts and theories related				
	togroupbehavior.(CO3)				
	4. Toidentifythevariousleadershiptraitsandunderstandwhyconflictsinanorganizationand				
	how to deal with it.(CO4)				
	Tomaintaintheorganizationalenvironmentfavorableforthework.(CO5)				
Course	1. HumanBehaviouralpatternswillbeestablishedintheorganization,forinstillingfavorablew				
Outcome	orkingenvironment.(K1)				
	2. Individualbehaviorwillrejuvenatehumanbeingasaperfectperson.(K4)				
	3. Understand groupand groupdynamics.(K2)				
	4. Easyto Handleuncertain conflictsituations insimpleway.(K3)				
	Improveanddevelopstrategiesaboutorganizationalchangeanddevelopment.(K6)				
Unit I	OB Focus and Purpose				
	Historical background of OB - Concept Relevance of OB - Contributing disciplines - to the				
	field of OB - Definition, need and importance of organizational behaviour – Nature and				
	scope – Frame work – Cognitive Model – Reinforcement Model – Psycho analytical Model				
	– Evolution and challenges of OB.				
Unit II	Foundations of Individual Behavior				
	Personality – types – Factors influencing personality – Theories – Learning – Types of				
	learners – The learning process – Learning theories- Classical, Operant and Social				
	Cognitive Approaches. Perception: Meaning -Process – Factors influencing perception –				
	Attitudes – Characteristics – Components – Formation – Measurement Values.				
Unit III	Group Behaviour				
	Motivation - Meaning, importance, techniques - Maslow's need Hierarchy Theory -				
	Herzberg's Two Factor Theory - Organization Structure: Formation - Groups in				
	organizations – Influence – Group dynamics – Emergence of informal leaders and working				
	norms - Group decision making techniques - Team building - Interpersonal relations -				
	Communication – Barriers to Communication – Guidelines for Effective Communication				
Unit IV	Leadership				

	Leadership – Trait, Behavioural and Contingency theories, Leaders vs Managers - Power and Politics: Sources of Power – Political Behaviour in Organisations – Managing Politics. Conflict and Negotiation: Sources and Types of Conflict – Negotiation Strategies –				
	Negotiation Process				
Unit V	Organizational Culture				
	Understanding Organizational Cultures, Managing Organizational Culture- Factors				
	affecting organizational climate - Importance. Job satisfaction - Determinants-				
	Organizational Development and Change: Characteristics – objectives –. Organizational				
	effectiveness – Work Stress – Work Life Integration Practices.				
Text	1. John R. Schermerhorn, Jr., Richard N. Osborn, Mary Uhl-Bien, James G. Hunt,				
Books	"Organizational Behavior" John Wiley & Sons Inc (12th Edition), 2012				
	2. Stephen Robbins, Timothy A. Judge, (2014), Organizational Behaviour, 16th edition, Prentice				
	Hall India Pvt. Ltd.				
	3. Fred Luthans, Organisational Behavior, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2001.				
Reference	1. Mc Shane & Von Glinov, OrganisationalBehaviour, 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2007.				
Books	2. John W. Newstrom, "Organizational Behaviour: Human Behavior at Work" Tata McGraw Hill				
	(14th Edition)				
	3. Nelson, Quick, Khandelwal. ORGB – An innovative approach to learning and teaching.				
	Cengage learning. 2nd edition. 2012				

22UPMBA2C03 -EXPORT BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Course	• To understand the meaning of Export.(CO1)			
Objectives	• To know the need for export trade.(CO2)			
	• To explain the types and elements of business environment.(CO3)			
	• To impart the knowledge on the key functions environmental analysis.(CO4)			
	• To educate the students in solving issues related in requirements in global and international environment.(CO5)			
Course	• The student shall also develop network thinking in regards to export. This includes			
Outcome	the role of import in relation to export, including the role of business relationships with customers, suppliers, supporting actors such as consultants, financial institutions, logistics service providers.(K6) • Students will have appreciation of the role of export/import process in the globalized world market.(K4) • Students will have a broad overview of the business environment.(K2) • The student will be able to create Business environment plan.(K3) • The students will develop understanding of Global and International environment.(K6)			
Unit I	Introduction to Export			
	Meaning- Definition- Need for Export Management- Features of Export Management-			
	Functions of Export manager- Problems and issues of export management- Export			
	product planning and new product development process-Importance of Exports to the			
	economy- How to increase the level of exports- major steps to become successful			
** ** **	export entrepreneur			
Unit II	Export Potential			

	Historical Perspective- Categories of Export- Implications of International Trade in Indian Economy since 1991- Direction of Export Trade- India's Export Potential by 2025			
Unit III	India's Export Potential by 2025. Introduction to Business Environment:			
Cint III	Introduction to business environment-Concept of business environment-Nature/Significance of business environment-Types of business environment: Internal environment-External environment-Elements of external environment: Micro environment-Macro environment-Impact of environment on business and strategic decisions.			
Unit IV	Environment Analysis :			
	Meaning and Process of environmental analysis-Importance/Limitations of environmental analysis-Techniques: SWOT Analysis-ETOP Analysis -Approaches of environmental analysis-Environmental analysis and strategic management-Competitive structure of industries.			
Unit V	Global / International Environment			
	Meaning and definition-Globalization-Nature and Essential conditions of globalization-Indicators and Strategies for globalization-Advantages and disadvantages of globalization-Globalization of Indian business-Multinational corporation-Concept – Reasons-Advantages-Disadvantages-Control over the multinational corporations in India-India, WTO Trading Blocks-GATT-TRIMs-TRIPs-GATS-WTO-UNCTAD-Regional Trading Blocks.			
Text Books	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T			
	 K.Aswathappa(2013)Fifth Edition "International Business" Published by Tata McGraw-Hill C.B.Gupta (2005) First Edition "Business Environment", Published by Sultan Chand & sons. 			
Reference	1. John D. Daniels, Radebaugh& Sullivan: International Business: Environments and			
Books	Operations (Pearson Education) 2. Export Marketing –Francis Cherunilam 3. Export Management –T.A.S Balagopal 4. Export Import Procedure - Documentation and Logistics-C.Ramagopal 5. Export Import Finance :Parasram.			

22UPMBA2C04 - FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING PRACTICES

Course	1.	Tolearn	basicaccountingconcepts	andconventions	which
Objectives		areapplicableforbusiness decision making.(CO1)			
	2.	Toequiptl	hestudentsto independentpreparati	on offinancial statement.(CO2)
	3.	Todevelo	ptheideaandmethodologyforthean	alysisof	financial

	statementwithappropriatefinancialtools.(CO3)					
	4. ToLearnBudgettechniquesandpreparation.(CO4)					
	5. ToapplytheBreak-Even Analysiswith Business problems.(CO5)					
Course	Tounderstandthebasisaccountingconceptsandconventionwhichare					
Outcome	relevancetothe					
Outcome	Financial Accounting and cost accounting? The students are ensured to in					
	dependpreparation offinancialstatement.(K2)					
	2. To employ various financial tools for the analysis of financial statement					
	which are used to develop the interpretation and analysis. (K4)					
	3. Toencouragethestudentstodevelopment budgetingtechniquesandalsoto					
	ensurepreparationofdifferenttypes ofbudgets withreal business					
	organization.(K6)					
	4. ToexaminetheBreakEvenPointwithapplications					
	toexistingandnewBusinessconcerns(K4)					
	5. To understand the standard costing and its role. To encourage the students for					
	the applications of standard costing in realbusiness problems.(K1)					
Unit I	Introduction					
	IntroductiontoAccounting:Accounting-Meaning-FunctionsofFinancialAccounting-					
	accountingconceptsandconventions-BranchesofAccounting-					
	Financial, Management, Cost Accounting-Objectives, Limitations.					
	Preparation of Final Account –Trial Balance-TradingAccount-ProfitandLossAccount-					
	BalanceSheet-Problems withadjustments.					
Unit II	Financial Analysis					
	FinancialAnalysis:Meaning— Advantages-Ratio,FundFlowAnalysis— Meaning,					
	Advantages, Limitations, Problems.					
Unit III	Budgets and Budgetary Control					
	BudgetsandBudgetaryControl-Meaning-Advantages-Disadvantages-					
	EssentialsofSoundBudgetarycontrol-classificationofBudget-					
	ProblemsinCash,Budget-Cash budget, Flexible budget, Sales budget and producti					
TT *4 TT7	budget- Case studies.					
Unit IV	Marginal Costing					
	Marginal Costing: Meaning -Advantages-Limitations-Practical Applications of					
TT 24 T7	Marginal Costing-CostVolume ProfitAnalysis-BreakEvenAnalysis-Problems					
Unit V	Standard Costing					
	Standard Costing Meaning- Advantages-Limitations-Determination of					
	StandardCosts-VarianceAnalysis—Material, Labor,SalesVariances-Problems,					
Torrt Doolra	Computerized accounting in Business 1. Mahagyari Dr. S. N. Sylton Chand & Sons					
Text Books	1. Maheswari.Dr.S.N.,SultanChand&Sons, Introduction to Computerized Accounting, New Delhi					
	IntroductiontoComputerizedAccounting, NewDelhi.					
	2. Palanivelu.Dr.V.R.,AccountingforManagement, University Science Press.,					
Reference	NewDelhi.					
Books	1. Brown and Howard, ELBS, Khan & Lein Management Accounting Total Account					
DOOV2	&Jain,ManagementAccounting.,TataMcGrawHill, NewDelhi.					

Unit Wise Question Paper Pattern

		Part-A	
AN	SWER THE Q	UESTIONS	20*1=20
UNIT	Q.NO		
I	1 to 4	2 Questions Problems	
		2 Question Theory	
II	5 to 8	3 Questions Problems	
		1 Question Theory	
III	9 to 12	3 Questions Problems	
		1 Question Theory	
IV	13 to 16	3 Questions Problems	
		1 Question Theory	
V	17 to 20	2 Questions Problems	
		2 Questions Theory	
		PART-B	
ANSW	VER ANY THR	REE QUESTIONS	3*5=15
Unit	Q.No		
I	21	Theory	
II	22	Problem	
II	23	Theory	
IV	24	Problem	
V	25	Problem	
		Part-C	
ANSW	VER ALL THE	QUESTIONS	5*8=40
Unit	Q.No		

Marks: 75

Time: 3.00 hrs

I	26	Problem
		(Or)
	27	Theory
II	28	Problem
		(Or)
	29	Theory
III	30	Problem
		(Or)
	31	Thoery
IV	32	Problem
		(Or)
	33	Problem
V	34	Problem
		(Or)
	35	Problem

22UPMBA2C05 - QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR MANAGERS

Course Objectives	1. To make the students to understand the mathematical and statistical concepts, tools and techniques.(C01)		
Objectives	 To make them to understand the various measures of data and interpretation.(CO2) To teach the students to apply hypothesis testing for parametric and non-parametric data analysis.(CO3) 		
	 4. To enable them to understand time series and variable analysis like regression and correlation.(CO4) 5. To enhance their knowledge on probability distributions and application on business 		
	problems.(CO5)		
Course	On successful completion of this course:		
Outcome	1. The students are able to comprehend, analyse, compare and handle quantitative data and draw interpretation and conclusion about the data(K4)		

	2. The students will learn to apply various techniques like regression, correlation, time series analysis, hypothesis testing and probability distribution of data analysis for effective
	business decision making.(K3)
	3. They can be able to apply quantitative tools and techniques for research data analysis and
	make findings from them scientifically.(K3)
	4. The students will become employable in business data analysis and survey related
Unit I	jobs.(K6) Data classification and Measures
	Classification of Data: Ungrouped and Grouped Data, Discrete and Continuous data, Finite
	and Infinite Data; Basic of Data Analysis: Uni-Variate, Bi-Variate and Multivariate Data
	Analysis (No Problems); Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode; Measures
	of Dispersion: Variance and Standard Deviation; Application of Co-efficient of Variation
Unit II	Hypothesis testing – Parametric Data
	Hypothesis Testing: Meaning, Types, Errors and Procedure; Parametric Tests: Z -Test for
	Large Samples (One Sample and Two Samples tests for Population Mean), t-Test for Small
	Samples (One Sample and Two Samples); ANOVA (One way)
Unit III	Hypothesis Testing – Non-Parametric Data
	Sign Test for Paired Data; Rank Sum Tests – Mann-Whitney U Test (Two Samples); Kruskal
	Wallis Test (More than two samples); Chi-Square Test – Conditions and Applications
Unit IV	Data Relationship and Time Series Analysis
	Regression Analysis – Linear Bivariate Regression Model; Correlation Analysis – Types of Correlation- Karl Pearson's and Spearman's Rank Correlation Methods; Time Series Analysis
	- Components of Time Series - Trend, Cyclical, Seasonal and Irregular; Application of Trend
	Analysis
Unit V	Probability Distributions
	Basics of Probability (No problems), Probability Distributions – Discrete Probability
	Distributions -Binomial Distribution, Poisson Distribution; Continuous Probability
	Distribution – Normal Distribution; Application Problems
Text	1. S.P.Gupta&M.P.Gupta, 'Business Statistics', Sutan Chand & Sons Publications, 2018
Books	2. J.K.Sharma, 'Business Statistics', S.Chand Publications, 2020
7.0	3. P.N.Arora, 'Managerial Statistics', S.Chand Publications, 2010
Reference	1. Amir D.Aczel, Jayavel Sounder Pandian, P.Saravanan, 'Complete Business Statistics', Tata
Books	McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 2017.

22UPMBA2C06 - ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Course	1. To impact the fundamentals of entrepreneurship, marketing, accounting,
Objectives	information systems, and operations.(CO1)
	2. To learn to ideate for a tangible product or a service, to think about how your
	business meets a human need. (CO2)
	3. To Learn to research demand using fundamental marketing research.(C03)
Course	1. Students will be able to define the principles of viability of businesses, new
Outcome	business proposals, and opportunities within existing businesses.(K1)
	2. Students will be able to apply the principles of entrepreneurial management and
	growth through strategic plans, consulting projects and/or implementing their own
	businesses.(K3)
	3. Students will be able to identify the principles of preparing a start-up business
	plan emphasizing financing, marketing, and organizing. (K4)

	4. Students will be able to define the principles of creating and defending an
	entrepreneurial marketing plan.(K1)
	5. Students will be able to apply the principles of new venture financing, growth
	financing, and growth financing for existing businesses.(K4)
Unit I	Introduction
	Concept of Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship – Entrepreneurial Motivation –
	Characteristics of Successful Entrepreneurs – Entrepreneurial Decision Process –
	Functions of Entrepreneurs – Types of Entrepreneurs – Growth of Entrepreneurship in
	India – Role of Entrepreneurship in Economic Development.
Unit II	Family Business
	Meaning – Family Business in India - Types of Family Business – Advantages of Family
	Business – Disadvantages of Family Business – Major Challenges of faced by the
	Family Business in India – Business Succession Planning – Factors for Effective Family
	Business- Case Study.
Unit III	Forms Ownership
	Introduction – Sole Proprietorship – Partnership – Company – Cooperative – Selection
T7 1/ TT7	of an Appropriate Form of Ownership Structure- Case Study.
Unit IV	Innovation and Incubation
	Idea Generation and Prototype Development – Technological and Non-Technological
	Innovation and Process – Innovation and Startup Ecosystem – Pre-Incubation and
	Incubation Stages – National Innovation and Startup Policy for Higher Educational
	Institutions – Prototyping for Innovation – Future Markets and Innovation Needs for
Unit V	India- Case Study. Schemes
Omt v	
	New Entrepreneur-cum-Entrepreneurship Development Scheme (NEEDS) – Unemployment Youth Development Generation Programme (UYEGP) – Prime
	Ministers Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) – MSME Subsidy Scheme –
	Scheme for Promotion of Energy Audit and Conservation of Energy (PEACE) – Skill
	Fraining and Employment Scheme.
Reference	Dynamics of Entrepreneurship Development, Vasant Desai
Books	2. Entrepreneurship: New Venture Creation, David H. Holt
200110	3. Entrepreneurship Development New Venture Creation, Satish Taneja, S.L.Gupta
	4. Project management, K. Nagarajan.
	5. Entrepreneurship: Strategies and Resources, Marc J. Dollinger Suggested Reference Books:

22UPMBA2C07 - EXPORT MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Course	1.	To impart the basic concepts of international trade & international marketing.(CO1)
Objective	2.	To make the students to understand the international groupings and market entry
S		strategies.(CO2)
	3.	To expose the students to exports procedures and documents.(CO3)
	4.	To enable students to understand and appreciate the significance of international
		institutions related to international trade.(CO4)
	5.	To make students learn the new trends in international marketing especially with India
		focused discussion on relevant institutions and FDI & FPI.(C05)
Course	1.	Students will be able to Infer and interpret the basic concepts of international trade &
Outcome		international marketing.(K2)
	2.	Students will be able to examine the vital nature of international groupings and develop

	better market entry strategies.(K5)
	3. Students will be able to analyze the role of exports in international economic
	growth.(K4)
	4. Students will be able to discover the utility and significance of international institutions
	related to international trade.(K6)
	5. Students will be able to estimate the impact of new trends in international marketing
	especially, with India focused discussion on FDI and FPI.(K5)
Unit I	Basics of Export Marketing Management
	Evenuet Madhatina/Dusinassa Masaina advantassa mahlama Clahalinatian Masaina
	Export Marketing/Business: Meaning, advantages, problems. Globalization: Meaning,
	Drivingand restraining force- Stages of internationalization – Differences between domestic
	marketing and International marketing, International Orientations.
	Theories of International Trade: Absolute advantage theory by Adam Smith, Comparative
	Cost Advantage theory by David Ricardo and Relative factor endowments theory by
	Heckscher-Ohlin.
Unit II	International Trading Environment
	Arguments for free trade- protection- methods of protection-forms of integration- European
	Union, India's free trade agreements with other countries
	International market selection & Barriers - International market entry strategies Tariff and
	Non-tariff Barriers.
Unit III	International Pricing & Export Procedure
	International product decision- Product life cycle- New product development- Challenges in
	international branding and packaging - International pricing decisions: Factors affecting
	international pricing - INCO Terms - Transfer pricing – Dumping - Counter trade.
	Export procedures - Import Procedures - Methods of payments.
Unit IV	MNCs & WTO
	Multinational Corporations (MNCs): Definitions – Concepts – Factors contributed to the
	growth of MNCs – Advantages and Disadvantages The relationship between Head Quarters
	and Subsidiaries.
	Conservation Tourist and Translation and its transfer matrix into WTO). We did
	General Agreement on Tariff and Trade (Origin and its transformation into WTO)- World
	Trade Organization (WTO): Origin, objectives, functions, briefly about GATS, TRIPS and
	TRIMs - Dispute settlement mechanism under WTO.
Unit V	India: Trade and Investment
	India's trade: Direction, Composition and Trend - India's current Balance of Trade and
	Balance of Payments position.
	Foreign Direct Investment (FDI): International investment theories – Factors influencing
	FDI – Reasons for FDI – Cost and benefits of FDI – Trends in FDI – FID in India.
Text	1. Subba Rao P. 2008. International Business: Text and Cases. [Second Edition].
	Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi. (For Unit I, II, III & IV).
	Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi. (For Unit I, II, III & IV).

Books	2.	Economic survey of India- Recent Edition. (For Unit V).
Reference	1.	Francis Cherunilam. 2009. International Business: Text and Cases. [Fifth Edition].
Books		PHI Publishing House, New Delhi. (For Unit II, IV & V).
	2.	Arvind V. Phatak., Rabi S. Bhagatand and Roger J. Kashlak. 2010. International
		Management: Managing in a diverse and dynamic global environment.[Second
		Edition] Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
	3.	Charles W L Hill and Arun K Jain. 2014. International Business: Competing in the
		Global Market Place. [Tenth Edition]. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
	4.	Bhalla, V.K. and Shiva Ramu, S. 2010. International Business: Environment and
		Management. [Thirteenth Edition]. Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
	5.	John D. Daniels., Lee H. Radebaugh and Daniel P. Sullivan. 2012. International
		Business: Environment and Operations.[Fourteenth Edition]. Pearson Education,
		New Delhi.

22UPMBA2C08 - MULTINATIONAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Course	1. To know the nature of exposure and risk(CO1)
Objective	2. To impart on the structure of the foreign exchange market.(CO2)
s	3. To learn the application of futures and options.(CO3)
	4. To make students understand the various types of foreign exchange exposure.(C04)
	5. To teach students about long term borrowing instruments.(CO5)
Course	1. Students will be able to know the foundation of multinational financial
Outcome	management.(K1)
	2. Students will have a better understanding on the foreign exchange market.(K2)
	3. Students will able to propose suitable F&O strategies to hedge FOREX risks.(K3)

	4. Students will be able to analyse various types of exposures.(K4)
Unit I	5. Students will be able to suggest appropriate long term borrowing instruments.(K6)Basics of Multinational Financial Management
	The rise of the multinational corporation – Evolution of the MNC – The process of oversea expansion – The global manager – The multinational financial system – Criticisms of the MNC – The role of the financial executive. The foreign exchange market: organization – participants – (Concept only) Sport market, Spot quotation, forward market & forward quotation.
	Futures contract – Difference between forward and futures contracts – Currency options – Elementary option strategies. Alternative exchange rate system – History of international monetary system.
Unit II	Balance of Payments & Accounting Exposure
	Balance of payments categories – Coping with current-account deficit – The bottom line on current-account deficits and surpluses. Alternative currency translation methods.
	Transaction exposure – Managing transaction exposure – Managing translation exposure – Fund adjustment – Evaluating alternative hedging mechanisms - Designing a hedging strategy – Centralization versus decentralization.
Unit III	Economic Exposure & Short term financing
	An overview of Operating exposure management – Marketing management of exchange risk. Key factors in short-term financing strategy – Short term financing objectives – Short term financing options.
Unit IV	International Cash Management
	International Cash Management – Organization – Collection and disbursement of funds – Payments netting in international cash management –Management of the short term investment portfolio – Optimal worldwide cash levels – Cash planning and budgeting – Bank relations.
	The value of the multinational financial system – Intercompany fund-flow mechanisms: Costs and benefits – Tax factor – transfer pricing - Reinvoicing centers – Fees and Royalties – Leading and lagging – Intercompany loans – Dividends – Equity versus Deb – Invoicing intercompany transactions. Designing a global remittance strategy.
Unit V	Corporate strategy and Foreign Direct Investment
	Theory of multinational corporation: Product and factor market imperfections – Financial market imperfections – The strategy of Multinational Enterprises: Innovation based multinationals – The mature multinationals – The senescent multinationals- Foreign direct

	investment and survival - Designing a global expansion strategy.
	International bond market, Eurocurrency market & Eurobond - Special financing vehicles: Interest rate swaps — Currency swaps — Economic advantages of Swaps.
Text Book	1. Alan C. Shapiro. 2013. Multinational Financial Management. [Tenth Edition]. Wiley.
Reference	1. Maurice D. Levi. 1996. International Finance: The markets and financial management
Books	of multinational business. [Third Edition]. McGraw Hill.
	2. Adrian Buckley. 2003. Multinational Finance. [Fifth Edition]. Prentice-Hall.
	3. Ian Giddy. 1993. Global Financial Markets. [Fifth Edition]. South-Western College
	Publishers.
	4. Apte P G. 2009. International Financial Management. [Seventh Edition]. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

22UPMBA2C09 –INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS STRATEGY MANAGEMENT

Course	1. Ability to improve Functional Strategies, Models and Analysis.(CO1)
Objectives	2. Ability to improve strategies technology.(CO2)
	3. Ability to develop value based leadership approach.(CO3)
	4. To evaluate opportunities and risks for operating businesses in the international context.(C04)
Course	1. Develop an understanding of influence of global competition on firm strategy
Outcome	and performance.(K6)
	2. Make strategic choice for different levels of the organization.(K3)
	3. Develop familiarity with some of the practical realities of running a business across the
	globe.(K6)

	4. Helps the students understand the International business
	strategies.(K1)
Unit I	Introduction
	Meaning and Definition of Strategic Management - Influence of Strategic Management - Strategic
	Leadership - Competitive Advantage - Superior Performance - Strategic Managers - The Strategic
	Making Process - Model of the Strategies Planning Process - Major Goals - External Analysis -
	Define an Industry – Porter's Five Forces Model – Strategic Groups – Industry Life Cycle Analysis.
Unit II	Functional Strategies
	Integrating Business and Functional Strategies - Production - Quality Consideration -
	Research and Development - Purchasing - Human Resources - Human Capital and
	Knowledge Management – Information Systems Management.
Unit III	Levels of Strategies
	Building Competitive Advantage Through Business Level Strategy – Business Level Strategy and
	the Industry Environment - Strategy and Technology - Strategy in the Global Environment -
	Corporate Level Strategy.
Unit IV	Implementing Strategy
	Stakeholders and Corporate Performance – Stakeholder Impact Analysis – The Unique
	Role of Stockholders - Agency Theory - Governance Mechanisms - The Board of
	Directors - Financial Statements and Auditors - The Takeover Constraint - Governance
	Mechanisms Inside a Company - Ethics and Strategy - Implementing Strategy in
	Companies that Compete in a Single Industry – Implementing Strategy in Companies that
	Compete Across Industries and Countries.
Unit V	Competitive Advantage
	The Roots of Competitive Advantage - Distinctive Competitive - The Value Chain -
	Support Activities – Support Activities – The Building Blocks of Competitive Advantage
	- Business Module - Analyzing Competitive Advantage and Profitability - The
	Durability of Competitive Advantage – Avoiding Failure and Sustaining Competitive –
	Steps to Avoid Failure.
Text Books	1. Parnell, J. A. (2013). Strategic management. Sage.
	2. Hill, C. W, & Jones, G. R. (2013). Strategic management: theory: an integrated
	approach. Cengage Learning.
	3. Sharan, V. (2008). International Business 2/e, Concepts, Environment and Strategy. Pearson Education India.
	1. Cavusgil, S. T., Knight, G., &Riesenberger, J. R. (2008). International business:
Reference	Strategy, management, and the new realities. Pearson Education India.
Books	2. Lasserre, P. (2017). Global strategic management. Bloomsbury Publishing.

David, F. R. (2011). Strategic management concepts and cases. Prentice hall.
 Verbeke, A. (2013). International business strategy. Cambridge university press.
 Barney, J. B., &Hesterly, W. S. (2015). Strategic management and competitive advantage: Concepts and cases. Pearson.
 Griffin, R. W., &Pustay, M. W. (2015). International Business: A Managerial

22UPMBA2C10 - BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS

Perspective. Pearson Education.

Course	1. To understand the formulation of research problem and hypotheses.(CO1)
Objective	2. To learn critical analysis, problem solving and research skills.(CO2)
S	3. To enable students to understand the rationale for using a particular qualitative and
3	quantitative research method.(CO3)
	4. To enable students to understand various methods to select appropriate research designs
	and methods to investigate their chosen research problems.(CO4)
Course	1. Acquire knowledge in generating and handling data with the help of statistical
Outcome	software to draw meaningful conclusions and suitable suggestions. (K2)
	2. knowledge on addressing various management decision process through business
	research .(K2).
	3. skill to apply different research techniques in a scientific manner to assist the
Unit I	management for proper decisions on functional aspects.(K3) Introduction
Omt 1	
	Introduction: Importance of research methodology, types of research methodology,
	research process, Identification of the problem: selection and formulation of research
	problem – Review of literature- Research Gaps and Techniques – Hypothesis – Types and
	Formulation
Unit II	Research Focus
	components of research design -Sample design -census Vs population, determination of
	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods
	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods
Unit III	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and
Unit III	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data
Unit III	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics
Unit III	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics Data Processing: Scaling techniques, Methods of scale construction- Validity and
Unit III Unit IV	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics Data Processing: Scaling techniques, Methods of scale construction- Validity and Reliability- Pre-testing- Pilot Study- data processing: Editing, coding, classification and
	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics Data Processing: Scaling techniques, Methods of scale construction- Validity and Reliability- Pre-testing- Pilot Study- data processing: Editing, coding, classification and tabulation, interpretation; SPSS - creating and entering data.
	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics Data Processing: Scaling techniques, Methods of scale construction- Validity and Reliability- Pre-testing- Pilot Study- data processing: Editing, coding, classification and tabulation, interpretation; SPSS - creating and entering data. Research tools
	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics Data Processing: Scaling techniques, Methods of scale construction- Validity and Reliability- Pre-testing- Pilot Study- data processing: Editing, coding, classification and tabulation, interpretation; SPSS - creating and entering data. Research tools Data Analysis: Diagrammatical and Graphical representation of the data; Components of
	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics Data Processing: Scaling techniques, Methods of scale construction- Validity and Reliability- Pre-testing- Pilot Study- data processing: Editing, coding, classification and tabulation, interpretation; SPSS - creating and entering data. Research tools Data Analysis: Diagrammatical and Graphical representation of the data; Components of hypothesis, Hypothesis testing procedure, Parametric tests - t distribution, Z test, F test and
Unit IV	sample size, sampling techniques- data collection - primary data, secondary data- methods of collecting primary data, guidelines and design of questionnaire, interview and observation techniques, Sources of secondary data Application of Statistics Data Processing: Scaling techniques, Methods of scale construction- Validity and Reliability- Pre-testing- Pilot Study- data processing: Editing, coding, classification and tabulation, interpretation; SPSS - creating and entering data. Research tools Data Analysis: Diagrammatical and Graphical representation of the data; Components of hypothesis, Hypothesis testing procedure, Parametric tests - t distribution, Z test, F test and ANOVA - one way and two ways test

	Discriminant Analysis, Factor analysis; Types of reports, parts of report and presentation of
	reports
Text	1. Dr.Deepak Chawla, Dr NeenaSondhi-Research Methodology concepts and cases
Books	2 nd Eedition, 2015
	2. Kothari.C.R., Gaurav Garg - Research Methodology – Methods and Techniques 4 th Edition, 2018.
Reference	1. Cooper – Business Research Methods Tata McGraw Hill Education 9 th Edition 2006.
Books	2. Donald Cooper, Pamela Schnider – Business Research Methods, McGraw Hill Higher
	Education, 12 th Edition 2013.

22UPMBA2E01 - OVERSEAS PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Course	1. To understand project management concept, development and
Objectives	deployment.(CO1)
	 To understand project management tools, techniques and skills.(CO2) To understand the implications, Challenges and Opportunities of Organisational
	dynamics in project management.(CO3)
Course	1. The students would know to measure the project feasibility and appraisal.(K1)
Outcome	2. The students would know to manage the International projects.(K4)
	3. The students would know to tackle with costs and take wise decisions by applying various critical path techniques.(K5)
Unit-I	Concept and Approaches to Project Management:
	Types of Projects – Project life cycle – Functions of project management – Project
	Management approaches: Traditional – PRINCE2 – PriSM – Critical Chain – Event
	Chain – Process approach – Different stages of Project Management – Project Design
	-Project Report Documentation: Nature, Significance and Components - Drafting of
	Project Report –Project Documentation and Submission
Unit-II	Project Appraisal and Feasibility Report:
	Nature and Purpose - Marketing, Technical, Financial, Managerial analysis and
	Social Cost-Benefit analysis – UNIDO and Little &Mirrlees Approaches – Shadow
	Cost – Social Return on Investment – Feasibility Report: Contents and Purpose –
	Enhancing Feasibility through Appropriate Initiatives - Abandonment Value
	Analysis of a Project
Unit-III	Clinching and Financing of International Projects:
	Scanning of International Business Environment for Project Exports/Imports –
	Scouting for and Screening of International Projects – Marketing of Projects Overseas:
	Turnkey Projects, Construction Projects, Engineering and Consultancy Exports -
	Terms of Ownership and Operational agreement - Project Imports: Industrial Plant,
	Irrigation, Power, Mining, Oil Exploration and other projects – Process, Financing and
	Customs Procedures – Financing project exports - Institutional support for project

	exports
Unit-IV	Project Management and Control Techniques
	Network Techniques – PERT Method – Assumptions – Drawing a Network diagram-
	Even, Node and Activity - Critical Path - Project scheduling - Slack-time
	computation and management of the same for Resource and Time Leveling - Critical
	Path Method: Assumptions and Process - Crash course for Quick completion at the
	least additional cost - Concept and Control of Cost and time overruns - Project
	Reviews: Progress Review – Resource Review – Post-execution Performance Review
Unit-V	Management of International Projects:
	Accountability in Project Execution – Contracting, Subcontracting and Tendering –
	Joint bidding - Pricing terms and Estimation - BOOT and BOT - Financial
	Appraisal of Export Projects - Estimation of Project Cash flows - Adjusted
	present value method - Risk analysis: Sensitivity and Simulation analysis -
	Country risk analysis - Political Risk in International Projects - Risk Handling and
	Hedging - Integrated Project Management system - Guidelines for successful
	project management
Reference	1. Lock, D. (2007). Essentials of Project Management. Gower Publishing Company.
Books	Choudhary, S.(2017). Project Management. McGraw Hill Education.
	 Harberger, A. C. (1976). Project Evaluation. University of Chicago Press. Dennis Lock Ronald S, Rubin, Project Appraisal and Planning.

22UPMBA2E02 - PORT AND TERMINAL MANAGEMENT

Course	1. Aware of different types of ships and cargohandling.(CO1)
Objectives	2. Know the role of statutory bodies related toports.(CO2)
3,0002,00	3. Understand the portcharges(CO3)
Course	1. The Students will be aware of port operations.(K1)
Outcome	2. The Students will be familiar with port performance.(K4)
	3. The Students can understand the role of port users(K2)
Unit I	Ports and their Functions

	Functions of ports, Types of ports, Dry ports (ICD), its significance and role in EXIM
	growth, International Hub ports and strategic advantages of these port, geographical
	reasons for port location, Ownership structure of Ports, Free port/ Free trade zones
Unit II	Ships and traffic control
	Types of ships-dry bulk cargo ships, general-purpose ships - trade routes, Differences
	between dry bulk cargo ships, general-purpose ships, liners- tankers- port traffic
	management- Port Operational Planning
Unit III	Port Management
	Basic rationale of Port Business, Measurement of Port performance, Management of cargo operations on board and ashore, Importance of safety management, Role of statutory bodies – Customs, Immigration, Port Health, Marine Safety etc. Needs of port users – ship owners and operators, ship agents, forwarders, truckers, rail and barge operations
Unit IV	Port Competition and Port Tariff
	Nature Of Port Competition- Vessel Development, and financial viability- Theory of port tariffs. Factors influencing the level ofport tariffs. Market pricing. Port tariffs. Customs entrycharges. Miscellaneous charges. Port authority rates and charges policies. statutory navigational services, services to vessels, services to cargoes.
Unit V	Port Authorities and Future of Ports
	ISM- ISPS- OSHA- VGP- Environmental Management System- Hazardous Material-Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response- BWM- Incident investigation and Root Cause Analysis- Inspections- Surveys- Audits- Global and National Regulatory Compliance for Ships- Port Development Strategy- Elements of Long term Strategic Planning- Forecasting the Market
Text	1. Alderton, P. M. (2008). Port Management and Operations. UK: Informa Law
Books	Category.
	2. Alan E. Branch. (1986) Elements of Port Operation and Management: Chapman and Hall, USA. 1 st Edition
	3. Burns, M. G. (2014). Port Management and Operations. UK: CRS Press
Reference	1. Justin, P. (2016). Export-Import management. Oxford.
Books	2. Song, D.W., &Panayides, P. M. (2015). Maritime Logistics: A Guide to Contemporary Shipping and Port Management. Kogan Page: Second Edition.

22UPMBA2E03 - GLOBAL BUYER BEHAVIOUR

Course	1. To understand the Global behaviour of the consumer.(CO1)
Objectives	2. To get an insight into the consumer psychological processes in pre-purchase, purchase
	and post purchase situations.(CO2)
	3. To understand the marketing analysis.(CO3)
Course	1. Formulate strategy, brand positioning and marketing communication decisions with

Outcome	the understanding of consumer behavior.(K2)
	2. Identify global trends in consumer behaviour in order to develop global marketing
	opportunities.(K2)
	3. Getting problem solving skills.(K6)
	4. Know how to apply consumer behaviour knowledge to marketing.(K3)
	5. Having more leadership tactics.(K3)
Unit I	Introduction
	Concepts, Significance, Dimensions of Consumer Behavior, Relevance of Market
	Research with Consumer Behavior- consumer decisions – Nature of consumer behaviour
	- pitfalls of consumer behaviour - consumer research process - consumer research
	paradigms.
Unit II	Decision Making Process
	Buying Motives and Roles- Consumer Decision Making Process - Consumer decision
	process and problem recognition - opinion leadership - process - measurement -
	situation environment of opinion leadership - levels of consumer decision making -
	Models of Consumer Behavior-The Economic model, Howard Sheth model of Buying
	Behaviour, Engel, Blackwell and Miniard (EBM) model
Unit III	Global Culture
	Consumers and culture – Understanding culture – social class – subcultures – cultural
	influences on consumer behaviour – family influences and opinion leadership
Unit IV	Psychological Influence
	Consumer's Needs & Motivation, Personality and Consumer behaviour, Brand
	Personality, Self and Self-image, Consumer Perception, Risk and Imagery - Consumer
	Learning, memory, Consumer Attitude: Belief, Affect-Mood and Emotions, Attitude and
	Intention, Attitude Formation and Attitude Change, Consumer Involvement, Influence
Unit V	Organisational Behaviour
	Organisation as consumers – Organisational buyer behaviour – organisational purchase
	process – decision process – organisational culture – regulation and marketing references
	to children – adults.
Text	Consumer Behaviour, Michael R Simon
Books	2. Schiffman L G, Kanuk LL, Ramesh Kumar S, (2015), Consumer Behaviour, 11th
_ 0 0 1 1 0	edition, Pearson Education, Inc.
	3. Dheeraj Sharma, Jagdish Sheth, Banwari Mittal, (2015), Consumer Behaviour – A
	Managerial Perspective, Cengage Learning.
Reference	1. Consumer Behaviour, Hawking/Coney.
Books	2. S.L. Gupta &Smitra Pal, Consumer Behaviour: An Indian Perspective, Sultan Chand.
	3. Hawkins et al, (2010), Consumer Behaviour-Building Marketing Strategy, Tata
	McGraw Hill.
	4. Hoyer, Mcinnis, Pieters, (2013), Consumer Behavior, 6thedition, Cengage Learning.
	5. Majumdar, Ramanuj, (2010), Consumer Behaviour Insights from Indian Market, PHI.

- 6. Michael R. Solomon, (2016), Consumer Behaviour-Buying Having and Being, 12thedition, Pearson Education.
- 7. Underhill et.al, (2008), Why we buy: The Science of Shopping, Simon & Shuster.

22UPMBA2E04 - INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Course	To equip the students with essential tools, techniques, models and investment theory
Objectives	necessary for analyzing different types of securities, making sound investment decisions
	and optimalportfolio choice.(CO1)
Course	1. Understand the environment of investment and risk return framework.(K2)
Outcome	2. Analyse bonds in terms of valuation, yields and risks as well as build up
	immunized bond portfolio.(K4)
	3. Students gain the knowledge on stock market analysis with the help of Technical,
	Industry and common stock analysis (K1)
Unit I	Introduction
	The Investment environment, various investment alternatives and risk returntrade off;
	Investment decision process; Risk aversion; Types of Investors; Risk-Return analysis
	andimpact of taxes and inflation; Types and sources of returns and risks and their
	measurement- Diversification and hedging; Socially responsible investing, ethical
	investing and other contemporaryissues in investment management.
Unit II	Basics of Stock
	Common Stock – Bonds – Preferred Stock – Mutual Funds – Government Securities –
	Other Fixed Income Securities – Common Stock Valuation Theory – Stock Options –
	Buying New Issues - Tax Shelters - Investing in Real Estates - Foreign Institutional
	Investors (FII).
Unit III	Stock Market
	Stock Market Analysis – Fundamental Common Stock Analysis – Technical Analysis –
	Industry Analysis - Efficient Market Hypothesis -Listing of Securities - New Issues
	Markets - Investment Companies - Brokerage Business - Underwriting - Global
	perspectives.
Unit IV	Portfolio Analysis and Management
	The concept and significance of portfolio- Markowitz portfolio selection model; Sharpe's
	single Index Model and optimal portfolio construction; Capital market theory-
	Capitalmarket line (CML) and concept of market portfolio; Tobin"s separation Theorem;
	Capital Asset PricingModel (CAPM) and its extensions; Stock market anomalies (Size
	effect, Value effect, Seasonalityeffect, Overreaction effect); Arbitrage Pricing Theory and
	Multifactor Asset Pricing Models includingFama French Five factor model);
Unit V	Financial Derivatives
	Futures- features, types and payoffs; Pricing of financial futures (Costof carry model);
	Options- features, types, styles, payoffs and valuation using Black and Schools Model;

	Put call parity principle; Options trading strategies- bull spread, bear spread, straddle and
	butterflyspread; Exotic options and other innovations in derivatives market.
Text	1. Fischer and Jordon, "Security analysis and Portfolio Management", Prentice Hall.
Books	2. Fuller and Ferrel, "Modern Investments and Security Analysis", McGraw Hill.
	3. Bodie, et al. (2009). Investments. McGraw Hill.
Reference	1. Chandra, P. (2017). Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management. Tata McGraw
Books	Hill.
	2. Graham & Dodd, "Security Analysis and Portfolio Management", McGraw Hill,
	3. Preeti Singh, "Investment Management", Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay.
	4. Bhalla, V.K., "Investment Management", S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.
	5. Dance, M.N., "How to Invest Wisely in Real Estates", Sneh.
	6. Elton, E. & Gruber (2010). Modern Portfolio Theory and Investment Analysis. John
	Wiley and Sons.
	7. Fischer, Donald, E. & Ronald, J. Jordan (2007). Security Analysis and Portfolio
	Management. PHI Learning.
	8. Hull, J.C. &Basu (2016). Options, Futures and Other Derivatives. Pearson.
	9. Reilly, Frank, K. & Brown, Keith C. (2012). Investment Analysis and Portfolio
	Management.Cengage Learning
	10. Tripathi, V. (2015). Security Analysis and Portfolio Management. Taxmann.

22UPMBA2L01 - EXPORT DOCUMENTATION LAB- I

Course	After completing this course, the students will understand the UN Aligned Documentation
Objectives	System for Trade Documentation and able to prepare and manage the complete
	documentation requirement for executing export transactions.((CO1)
Course	Students getting practical knowledge in EXIM- documentation procedures (K3)
Outcome	
Unit I	Introduction to Export Documentation Framework
	Export Documentation – Its Meaning & Importance – Understanding UNLAYOUT KEY
	for Trade Documents – Classification of Documents used in Trade Transactions –

	Understanding the numbers of Commercial and Decayletony Decayments yield in the Export
	Understanding the purposes of Commercial and Regulatory Documents used in the Export
	Transactions and parties involved
TT *4 TT	Practical Work: Preparation of Master Document -1 as per UNLAY OUT KEY
Unit II	Export Pre- Shipment Order Processing and Offering Quote
	Export Order Processing – Step By step Process – Receipt of Enquiry – Understanding the
	Buyer Requirements - Preparation of Costing Sheet & Quotation with Terms and
	Conditions of Sale
	Practical Work : Preparation of Export Costing Sheet & Quotation
Unit III	Finalising Export Sales Contract & Post Contract Documents
	Export Sales Contract – Understanding Various Clauses to be included in Sales Contract –
	Parties of the Contract – Delivery and Payment Terms – Quality Confirmation – Dispute
	Settlements – Force Majeure – Arbitration - Discussion on CISG Draft Agreement for
	Commercial Sale of Goods – Purchase Order – Proforma Invoice – Scrutiny of Letter of
	Credit / Purchase Order - Order Acceptance
	Practical Work: Preparation of Export Sales Contract (ICC Model) / PROFORMA
	INVOICE / Scrutiny of Letter of Credit / Purchase Order
Unit IV	Preparation of Pre- Shipment Documentation
	Pre-Shipment Documentation – Understanding It's Purposes and Preparing Documents
	required for Customs Clearance and Transportation
	Practical Work: Preparation of Commercial Invoice, Packing List, Tax Invoice, E-
	Way Bill , Certificate of Origin and Compilation of all Documents duly filled using
	the templates required for Customs Clearance Process in a Single File
Unit V	Preparation of Post- Shipment Documentation
	Post -Shipment Documentation – Understanding It's Purposes and Preparing Documents
	required for Payment Realisation and FEMA Compliances
	Practical Work: Preparation of Draft Bill of Lading, Air way Bill, Letter to the Bank
	for Collection and Bill of Exchange and Compilation of all the Documents required
	for Payment Realisation Process in a Single File
Reference	1. Export Import Procedures Logistics and Documentation by C Rama Gopal by New
Books	Age International Private Limited
	2. Recommendation 1 Unlayout Key for Trade Documents
	Https://Unece.Org/Fileadmin/Dam/Cefact/Recommendations/Rec01/Rec01_Ecetr270.
	Pdf
	3. Unlay Out Key for Trade Documents – Guidelines For Applications
	Https://Unece.Org/Fileadmin/Dam/Cefact/Recommendations/Rec01/Rec01_Ecetrd137
	.Pdf
	4. ICC Model International Sale Contract ICC Pub. No. 738e
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22UPMBA2S01 - EXPORT AND IMPORT DOCUMENTATION

Course	1. To learn the importance and procedural documentation aspects of export import
Objectives	goods and services. (CO1)
	2. To impart knowledge of governments, departments and international institutions
	involved. (CO2)
	3. To understand the relevance and importance of various government policy measures
	for export as well as import. (CO3)

Course	Students getting knowledge in EXIM Documentation.(K1)
Outcome	 2. Understand and create the documents required for completing export and import transactions(K4) 3. Understand the procedure of EXIM clearance.(K2)
Unit I	Documentation Framework – EXIM Documentation – Instruments and methods of Financing Exports – Credit and Collections.
Unit II	Foreign Exchange Regulations and Formalities – Pre – Shipment; Inspection and Procedures – Role of Clearing and Forwarding Agents.
Unit III	Custom Clearance of Export and Import Cargo – Regulatory Documents – Bill of Lading – Export License – Bill of Exchange.
Unit IV	Processing of an Export Order, World Shipping, Structure, Liners and Tramps – Containerization.
Unit V	Import Documentation – Import Procedure, guidelines, key documents used in Importing – Import Licensing and other incentives.
Text	Francis Cherunilam: International Trade and Export Management Mumbai, Himalaya
Books	Publishing House, 2002.
Reference	1. TAS Balagopal, Export Management Mumbai, Himalaya Publishing House, 2000.
Books	2. Government of India Handbook of Import – Export Procedures, New Delhi, Anupam Publishers, 2002.

22UPMBA2C11 -INTERNATIONAL LOGISTICS

Course	1.	To introduce the Concept of Multimodal transportation, their legal classifications,
Objectives		Characteristics and the choice of transport. (CO1)
	2.	To understand the basic concepts of Containerization and also focuses on Chartering.
		(CO2)
	3.	An understanding of the management components of supply chain management.
		(CO3)
	4.	An understanding of the uses and role of Containerization and Warehousing. (CO4)

	5. It will examine logistics functions interface with Order Management, Inventory Control, Transportation, and Distribution channels as integral part of the supply chain. (CO5)
Course	1. Students will familiarize with the logistics concepts.(K1)
Outcome	2. They will get to know a clear understanding about the elements of logistics and
	supply chain management.(K2)
	3. Students can better understand the concept of transportation model.(K2)
	4. They will get to know the importance of containerization and warehousing. (K4)
	5. Students will be able to impart basic knowledge on logistics management, Warehousing and various kinds of packing.(K3)
Unit I	
Unit 1	Overview of Logistics Management Logistics Management Introduction- Definition – objectives- Scope- Functions of
	logistics- components- Requirements- Process of logistics management - Integrated
	Logistics Concept- Future Logistics.
Unit II	Logistics and Supply Chain Management
	Elements of Logistics & Supply Chain Management: Introduction – Positioning of
	Information in Logistics and Supply Chain Management - Logistics Information
	System (LIS) – Operational Logistical Information System –Emerging Technologies in
	Logistics and Supply Chain Management
Unit III	Transportation Modal
Unit III	Transportation Modal Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics-
Unit III	
Unit III	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics-
Unit III	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air
Unit III	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and
Unit III Unit IV	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice – Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation -
	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice – Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways.
	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice – Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing
	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice - Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing Container-Meaning-Types of containers - Containerisation in India- Leasing-meaning-
	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice - Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing Container-Meaning-Types of containers - Containerisation in India- Leasing-meaning- function-types of leasing- Container leasing-Its methods and organization. Warehouse:
	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice - Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing Container-Meaning-Types of containers - Containerisation in India- Leasing-meaning- function-types of leasing- Container leasing-Its methods and organization. Warehouse: Purpose and Process of warehousing- Location of warehouse- Functions of warehouse-
	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice - Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing Container-Meaning-Types of containers - Containerisation in India- Leasing-meaning- function-types of leasing- Container leasing-Its methods and organization. Warehouse: Purpose and Process of warehousing- Location of warehouse- Functions of warehouse- Classification of Warehouses- Essential needs of warehousing. Stuffing: Meaning- Types
Unit IV	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice - Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing Container-Meaning-Types of containers - Containerisation in India- Leasing-meaning- function-types of leasing- Container leasing-Its methods and organization. Warehouse: Purpose and Process of warehousing- Location of warehouse- Functions of warehouse- Classification of Warehouses- Essential needs of warehousing. Stuffing: Meaning- Types of Stuffing- Pros and Cons of Stuffing - De Stuffing.
Unit IV	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice - Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing Container-Meaning-Types of containers - Containerisation in India- Leasing-meaning- function-types of leasing- Container leasing-Its methods and organization. Warehouse: Purpose and Process of warehousing- Location of warehouse- Functions of warehouse- Classification of Warehouses- Essential needs of warehousing. Stuffing: Meaning- Types of Stuffing- Pros and Cons of Stuffing - De Stuffing. Packaging and Materials Handling
Unit IV	Need of Transportation and Principles - Multimodal Transport: Modal Characteristics- Modal Comparisons- Legal Classifications- Role of Aviation- International Air Transport- Air Cargo Tariff Structure- Freight: Definition, Rate; Freight Structure and Practice — Pipeline movement - Pros and Cons of different modes of transportation - Rope ways. Containerization and Warehousing Container-Meaning-Types of containers - Containerisation in India- Leasing-meaning- function-types of leasing- Container leasing-Its methods and organization. Warehouse: Purpose and Process of warehousing- Location of warehouse- Functions of warehouse- Classification of Warehouses- Essential needs of warehousing. Stuffing: Meaning- Types of Stuffing- Pros and Cons of Stuffing — De Stuffing. Packaging and Materials Handling What is Packaging?- Protective functions of packaging- New emerging packaging

	Equipments of material handling- New bulk handling methods.
Text	1. Logistics Management, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, Donald J. Bownnersox& David
Books	J. Closs.
	2. Logistics Management, S.K.Bhattacharyya, S.Chand.
	1. Logistics Management, Vinod V.Sople.
Reference	1. Donald J. Bowerson (2017) Logistic and Supply Chain Management: Prentice Hall
Books	of India
	2. MuthiahKrishnaveni (2011) Logistic Management and World Sea Borne Trade:
	Himalaya Publication.
	Sakonk visit& John J. Shaw.(1996) International Marketing

22UPMBA2C12 –INDIA'S EXPORT POLICY FRAMEWORK

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Course	1. To familiarize with the basic concept of foreign trade and its directional plan in the
Objectives	global context.(CO1)
	2. To develop an understanding of FT(D&R) Act and Customs Act. (CO2)
	3. To familiarize you with the General law and policy control functions. (CO3)
	4. The students can better understand the MRTP act and FEMA. (CO4)
	5. To develop an understanding on various Export promotion schemes and to make
	use of it. (CO5)
Course	1. Students will be able to understand the basic concepts and theories of foreign trade
Outcome	policy (2015-2020).(K2)
	2. They will get to know about the provisions of FT(D&R) Act, customs Act.(K1)
	3. Students will understand the rules and other concepts of Quality control act.(K2)
	4. To familiarize with MRTP act and other provisions related to this Act to
	enhance their export activities.(K2)
	5. Further, it offers the students in analysing the Arbitration and Conciliation Act.(K4)
Unit I	Foreign Trade Policy (2015-2020)
	India's Foreign Trade - Amendment to FTP - objective of foreign trade policy – Features
	of FTP -Benefits of FTP - Limitations - Impact of FTP on Global economy - E-
	Governance of Foreign trade - India's Foreign Trade Recent Trends and Directional
	Pattern in the Global Context
Unit II	Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992, Customs Act, 1962
	Foreign trade(D&R) Act, 1992 – objectives - General Provisions Regarding Export/
	Import - Pre-Requisite of Import/ Export - Statutory Provisions of Customs Act, 1962, -
	Levy of Custom Duty - Types of Duties Under Customs - Additional Custom
	Duty/Countervailing Duty.

Unit III	General Law and policy control	
	Quality Control Act,1963: Definition – objectives - Functions of the Council - Quality	
	Control and Inspection – Rules - Obtain Information from Exporters (To Enter, Inspect,	
	and Seize Commodities etc) - Power to Seize Conveyances and Confiscate - Petition	
	against Confiscation - Procedure for Prosecution - Suspension of Duties under the	
	Provisions of the Act - Committee on Quality Complaint& Trade Dispute (CQCTD)	
Unit IV	Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, (MRTP Act,1969), Competition	
	Act, 2003, Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999	
	Objectives of MRTP - Provisions of MRTP Act - Monopolistic trade practices: Meaning	
	- Regulations - objectives. Restrictive trade policies: Meaning - Regulations - objectives	
	- division of undertakings. Unfair trade policies: Meaning - Regulations - objectives -	
	difference between MRTP Act and Competition Act 2002 – FEMA – objectives – major	
	provisions.	
Unit V	Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996	
	Meaning - Types of arbitration - International Arbitration - Rules - Practice of	
	Arbitration in India -Advantages of Arbitration in International Trade - Arbitration	
	agreement - Interim measuresby Court - Conduct of arbitral proceedings - Equal	
	treatment of parties - Determination of rules of procedure - Court assistance in taking	
	evidence	
Text	1. Foreign Trade Policy of India, Pramod Kumar Rai (Author), Jayant Kumar, k.	
Books	Epitome Books, 2021	
	2. Foreign Trade Policy – Issued by DGFT(2015-2020)	
	3. Handbook On Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020, Abhishek A. Rastogi (Author), 2015	
Reference	1. Foreign Trade management in India by M, L. Verma	
Books	1. The Export (Quality Control And Inspection)Act, 1963,Government of India, Ministry	
	Of Commerce EIC Act1963.pdf	

22UPMBA2C13 - EXPORT FINANCE AND PROMOTION

Course	*	Understand the concept Export organizational structural. (CO1)
Objectives	*	To equip the students with the updated information on various methods and
		Procedures of foreign trade financing, Export Promotion for exports and the various
		institutions involved in export finance. (CO2)
	*	The aim of this course is enabling students to examine and interpret challenges in
		export finance, as well as to cover the Concept and Significance of Export Promotion.
		(CO3)

Course Outcome	❖ Students should be able to impart basic knowledge on Export Finance, Export Import and various kinds of Export Promotion.(K1)
	❖ Plan and execute export and Finance operations.(K3)
	 Evaluate challenges and opportunities in performance and schemes.(K5) To be able to foresee and define the risks that could be encountered in the field of trade and finance and to take decisions to manage such risks.(K6)
Unit I	Introduction Export Finance
	Meaning and Definition of Export Finance-Need and Importance of Export Finance-
	Methods and Sources of Export Finance- Pre-shipment and Post-shipment Finance-
	Letters of Credit- Export Factoring and Forfaiting- Risk and Challenges in Export
	Finance-Role of export/import bank of India in export finance.
Unit II	Export-Import Bank of India
	Emergence, Organization Structure, Objectives and Functions of EXIM Bank. Stages of
	Export Financing. Financing Programs of EXIM Bank for Domestic Companies, Foreign
	Companies, Govts & Financial Institutions, ECGC-SIDBI-RBI and Commercial Banks in
	India-Import Licensing-Financing Methods for Import of Capital Goods.
Unit III	Export Promotion
	Introduction of Export Promotion-Role of Export in Economic Development. Problems and Challenges of Exports-Concept and Significance of Export Promotion-Structure of Export Promotion in India –List of Export Promotion Council –Commodity Boards-The Board of Tride-Chambers of Commerce and Industry— A Brief Outline.
Unit IV	Export Promotion Measures
	Export Performance-Highlights of Trade Performance-Sectorial Performance-Import and
	Export Promotion Measures-Capital Goods Schemes-Duty Exemption Schemes-
	EOUs/EPZs/EHTP/STP-Sector specific measures-Market development assistance Grand-
	in-aid-to Export promotion and market development organization-Directorate general of
	foreign trade-ITPO-IIFT-NCTI-IIP Mumbai.
Unit V	Institutional framework and Export promotion measures in India
	Institutional framework-Export promotion measures-Functional divisions-Autonomous
	bodies-Advisory boards-Ministry of textiles-List of organizations/Bodies under the
	ministry of textiles-Boards-Attached offices-Subordinate offices-Development councils.
Text	1.D C Kapoor (2005)"Export Management" VIKAS publishing house Pvt Ltd.
Books	1.International Finance : Maurice D.Levi
	2.International Marketing : M.L. Varma&Agarwal
	3.Export Import Finance: Parasram
	1. 4. International Finance : Maurice D.Levi

22UPMBA2E05 - CROSS CULTURAL MANAGEMENT

Course	1. To explain and evaluate frameworks for guiding cultural and managerial practice in
Objectives	international business. (CO1)
	2. To comprehend the dynamics of Management practices in international context. (CO2)
	3. To understand the role of culture in an organizational processes and activities is an
	important aspect of modern management. (CO3)
Course	1. Understand management practices followed in different cultures and countries.(K2)
Outcome	2. Presents an overview of cross-cultural management practices and it examines how
	culture is expressed. (K4)
	3. Develop the ability to negotiate and handling conflicts in the cross cultural
	environment.(K6)
	4. Understanding the culture in different countries and formulate the motivational strategy
	accordingly. (K2)
Unit-I	Introduction
	Definitions and Classification- Characteristics- levels of CultureApproaches to
	Understand Societies Culture: - Hofstede's Cultural Dimensions-Hall's Cultural
	Dimensions -Religion and its Business Implication-A comparison of world views: East
	and West
Unit-II	Globalisation
	Planning Change: Meaning – Planning for Change – Planning in Different Culture –
	Globalization and Localization – Defining Globalization – Roots – Global-Local
	Contradictions – Implications - Culture and Communication - Major Obstacles to Cross
	Cultural Communication- Non-verbal communication- Cross – Cultural Conflict -Source
	and Type of Conflicts - Cross Cultural conflict and resolution
Unit-III	Models and Ethics of Cross Cultural Management
	Cross – Cultural differences and similarities -Parochialism and Simplification -Cultural differences in selected countries and regions. Models of Cross Cultural Management
	differences in selected countries and regions - Models of Cross Cultural Management:
	Family Companies: The Anglo Model: Environment, Culture and Management. The
	Chinese Model: Environment and Culture. Changes in the Chinese
Unit-IV	International Business and Negotiation
	Meaning of Negotiation; Stages and Dimensions of Negotiation - Factors and approaches
	that determines the MNEs. Expatriate: Life Cycle; Understanding organizational and
	Personal Expectation towards Expatriate success: Emotional Intelligence and Cross
	Cultural Training Program. Live experience of Expatriates
Unit-V	Strategy
L	

	Strategy of Cross Cultural Management: Designing and Implementing Strategy: Formal
	Strategy Planning - Analyzing Resources and the Competition - Implementation -
	Emergent Strategy - Implications. Head Quarters and Subsidiary: Risk for the
	Multinational – Control – Implications.
Text Books	1. David Livermore, Soon Ang, Linn Van Dyne (2015), Leading with Cultural
	Intelligence: The Real Secret to Success, 2nd Edition, AMACON
	2. Helen Deresky(2009) "International Management: Managing across Borders and
	Cultures" (5th Edition). Pearson Education.
	3. Richard M. Hodgetts & Fred Luthans (2005) "International Management", (3rd
	Edition). Tata McGraw Hill Publications, New Delhi.
Reference	1. DipakKimar Bhattacharya (2010), Cross - Cultural Management: Text and Cases,
Books	Prentice Hall.
	2. TaranPatel(2013), Cross-Cultural Management: A Transactional Approach, Routledge.
	3. ShobanaMadhavan, (2011), Cross Cultural Management Concepts and cases, Oxford
	University Press.
	4. David C. Thomas, Mark F. Peterson, (2014), Cross-Cultural Management: Essential
	Concepts, 3rd edition, Sage Publications
	5. Hodgetts & Fred Luthans (2005)"International Management" (3rd Edition). Tata
	McGraw Hill Publications. New Delhi.
	6. Hill, C. (2007) "International Business: Competing in the Global Marketplace"
	(6thedition) Tata McGraw-Hill.
	7. Newstrom John W. Organizational Behaviour: Human Behavour at Work. Tata Mc
	Graw

22UPMBA2E06 - EXPORT BUSINESS NEGOTIATION

Course	1. To acquaint the students with psychological approach in the cross-cultural environment.
Objectives	(CO1)
	2. To introduce students to the concept of negotiation in business. (CO2)
	3. To help students to understand the significance of improved negotiation efficiency.
	(CO3)
	4. To analyze the risk and uncertainty in the business negotiation. (CO4)
	5. To impart the importance of non-verbal communication. (CO5)
Course	1. Understanding the concept of Commodity derivatives.(K2)
Outcome	2. Understanding the market uncertainty.(K2)
	3. Evaluating different strategies for decision making.(K5)
	4. Analysing the competitive situation and providing cost effective economic development
	strategies.(K4)
	5. Assessing the communicational gestures.(K4)
Unit I	Introduction
	Negotiation concept- Negotiation in practice- preparing to negotiate- bottom line-

	Distruptive negotiations- Integrative negotiations- Types- Negotiation styles- Key skills-
	Elements of negotiation- Checklist
Unit II	Structure and Cultural Consideration
	3D negotiations- basic planning- Identifying interest- backward mapping- priority and outcome mapping- Culture and Negotiation- cross cultural negotiations- North American negotiators- Japanese negotiators- Chinese negotiators
Unit III	Approaches
	Structural approach- Strategic approach- Behavioral approach- Processual approach- Integrative approach- Persuasion approaches- Negotiation tactics
Unit IV	Competitive negotiation
	Opening Phase- Testing phase- Movement phase- Closing phase- power in negotiation-authority- reward- coercion- expert- connection- charismatic- power to disrupt
Unit V	Problems in negotiation
	Non- verbal behavior- Inadequate planning and preparation- dealing with planning problems- poor control- relationship management- failure to achieve- commonly made mistakes
Text	1. Eric Evans (1998), "Mastering Negotiations", Thorogood Ltd- London
Books	2. Tanya Alfredson, AzetaCungu (2008), "Negotiation Theory and Practice"
	3. William W. Baber, Chavi C-Y Fletcher-Chen (2020), "Practical Business Negotiation"
	Second edition., Routledge, London and Newyork
Reference	1. J. Alexander Tanford (2000), "Basics of Negotiation"
Books	2. Alexa Micheal and Technical Information Service (2007)"Negotiation"

22UPMBA2E07 - INVENTORY MANAGEMENT AND MATERIALS REQUIREMENT PLANNING

Course	1. To emphasize the significance of inventory management for smooth operation of
Objectives	business. (CO1)
	2. To introduce various inventory management and requirement planning techniques and
	tools to students. (CO2)
Course	1. Learn inventory control tools and techniques to improve business competitiveness in
Outcome	the supply chain.((K2)
	2. Identify specific and special features of the vendor management for cost effective operations(K2).
	3. Develop the ability to work independently in procurement activities with additional
	knowledge of quality management and materials handling systems. (K6)
Unit I	Introduction
	Inventory Management: Inventory concept; need for inventory; types of inventory,
	functions, use- Stores and Warehousing, Stock assessment, Cost of Inventory, Selective

	Inventory Control, MUSIC 3D, JIT Inventory Management - Objectives and Importance
	of the inventory management function
Unit II	Control Techniques
	Inventory Control Techniques: Inventory classification and its use in controlling inventory, Setup time and inventory control, safety stock determination considering service level. Strategies to increase Inventory Turns, eliminate waste, and reduce inventory level in service and manufacturing organizations.
Unit III	Materials Management
	Introduction to Materials management, Production Planning: Demand Forecasting Aggregate planning, Master Scheduling, BOM, MRP, Capacity Planning, Production Scheduling- Material Handling System: Cranes, Conveyors, Feeders, Pipelines, Processing of materials and Cost
Unit IV	Models
	Inventory models – Fixed Order Versus Fixed Interval systems – Developing Special Quantity Discount Models – Inventory Model for Manufactured Items – Economic Lot Size when Stock Replenishment is instantaneous – Non-instantaneous Replenishment Models – Inventory Models with uncertainty – Probabilistic Inventory Models
Unit V	Procurement and MRP Systems
	Foundations of Strategic Sourcing and Supply Management, P2P Process, Strategy Development; Procurement: Ordering Quantity, Procurement Types, Steps of Procurement- Material Requirement Planning Systems (MRP): Meaning, purpose and advantage of MRP, Data Requirements and Management – Bill of Materials, types of BOM, Modular BOM
Text	1. Zipkin (2000), "Foundations of Inventory Management", McGraw-Hill Higher
Books	Education Seetharama L Narsimhan, Dennis W McLeavy, Peter J Billington,(1994) "Production Planning and Inventory Control"; Prentice Hall
	2. J. R. Tony Arnold, Stephen N. Chapman (2010), "Introduction to Materials Management"- Pearson; 7th edition.
	3. Monczka M Robert et al, (2016), Purchasing and Supply Chain Management, 6th
	edition, Cengage Learning.
Reference	1. Richard J. Tersine, (1993) "Principles of Inventory and Materials Management"
Books	Prentice Hall; 4th edition
	2. Max Muller, (2011) "Essentials of Inventory Management", AMACOM; 2 editions
	 3. Plossl,(1994) "Orliky"sMRP"McGraw-Hill; 2 edition 4. J H Greene, Homewood III: Richard D Irwin, (1986) "Production and Inventory
	Control" McGraw-Hill US
	5. Hiroyuki Hirano, (2009), JIT Implementation Manual (Series), 2nd edition, FL: CRC Press.
	6. Joseph L. Cavinato, Ralph G. Kauffman, (2000). The Purchasing Handbook, 6th

edition, McGraw Hill.
7. Fred B. Sollish, John Semanik, (2012), The Procurement and Supply Manager's Desk
Reference, 2nd edition, NJ: John Wiley & Sons.
8. Robert Handfield, (2006), Supply Market Intelligence, Auerbach Publications (Taylor and Francis).

22UPMBA2E08 - INTERNATIONAL MARKETING RESEARCH

Course	1. To Learn how to manage the product in the market.(CO1)
Objectives	2. To Analyse Investigation methods. (CO2)
	3. To Understand the nature and scope of international marketing research and information system framework. (CO3)
Course	1. Students will be capable of handling different research techniques for marketing
Outcome	related problems.(K2)
	2. Apply appropriate analysis techniques to given marketing research problems and
	types of customer data to obtain marketing insights.(K3)
	3. Quantify marketing actions using data to gain hands-on experience in solving
	marketing problems with varied tools.(K6)
	4. Comprehend the process and design of marketing research and reliability and
	validity of experimentation.(K6)
Unit I	Introduction
	An introduction to Marketing Research: Introduction to MR - definitions -
	Classifications – Marketing research process – steps – research designs - types – data
	sources – Ethics of MR -International Marketing Information System (IMIS)
Unit II	Problem Specification
	Management problem specification, formulating research problem, developing research proposal- research objectives, research hypotheses; Determining research design-Explorative research – Major techniques and their evaluation; Descriptive researches – case study, survey method and observation method; Causal research – major experimental designs and their evaluation; Reliability validity in experimentation; Quantitative vs. qualitative research. Census and survey methods; Designing sample survey – Defining universe, determining sampling frame, sampling unit, sampling method and sample size for cross sectional and longitudinal data;
Unit III	Determining Data
	Data collection: Organizing fieldwork – selection, training, supervision and evaluation of fieldworkers, survey errors – sampling vs. non-sampling errors; Types of non-sampling errors and ways to deal with them Secondary data sources and their usefulness; Primary datacollection- Observation and questioning methods; Questionnaire preparation; Scaling techniques and attitude measurement; Reliability and validity assessment; Panel data.
Unit IV	Analysis and Presentation

	Analyzing data using Computers – Analyzing Difference – Investigation of Association – Dependent method and Independent Methods (Multidimensional Scaling /Perceptual Mapping – Conjoint Analysis – Canonical Correlation – MANOVA – Multiple
	Regression)— Report Writing — Steps in drafting a report.
Unit V	Application of Marketing Research
	Environmental Scan – Price determination – New product research – Idea creation and concept development – Test marketing and Product life cycle and Product mix research – Advertising Research - Concept, Media and Effectiveness
Text	Marketing Research D.D.Sharma
Books	2. R.Pannerselvam Research Methodology
	3. Green, Tull and Albaum: Research for Marketing decisions.
	4. Kinnear & Taylor Marketing Research an Applied Approach.
	5. David A Aaker, V. Kumar and George S Day: Marketing Research
Reference	1. Aaker, D. A., Kumar, V., & George, S. D. (2012). Marketing research. Wiley India.
Books	2. Andy, Field (2009). Discovering Statistics Using SPSS. Sage Publication.
	3. Craig, C. S. & Douglas, S. P. (2009). International Marketing Research. John Wiley, New York.
	4. David, Silverman (2010). Qualitative Research-issues of theory, method and practice. Sagepublication.
	5. Hair, J. F., Black, W. C. et al. (2009). Multivariate data analysis.Pearson Education, New Delhi.
	6. Kumar, V. (2015). International Marketing Research. PHI Learning Private Ltd. New Delhi.
	7. Malhotra, N. K. & Dash, S. (2009). Marketing research: An applied orientation. PearsonEducation, India.

22UPMBA2E09 - INTERNATIONAL BANKING

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Course	1. To become aware of the dynamics of International Banking and methods adopted by
Objectives	countries.(CO1) 2. To learn the practices of Financial Institutions and Centers. (CO2)
	3. To understand the central theme and issues of International Banking.(CO3)
	or its understand the contrar theme and issues of international Building.
Course	1. Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the way in which the
Outcome	international financial system operates.(K2)
	2. The student does a comprehensive analysis of banking policy competitor's
	activity.(K4) The student is able to intermed incomes policy in detail (K2)
	 3. The student is able to interpret insurance policy in detail.(K3) 4. The student is able to represent the analyses as a complete solution to the business
	problem.(K4)
	problem.(184)
Unit I	Introduction
	International Banking- Global trends and development in International Banking- Modes of
	International Banking- Characteristics and Dimension- Reasons for growth of
	International Banking- Profitability and Prospects of International Banking- Wholesale
	banking – Retail banking – Private banking – Interbank business – Regulatory framework – BASEL III
	- DASEL III
Unit II	Balance of Payments
	International Payment Instruments – Letter of Credit Mechanism- Balance of Payments-
	Features- Structure- Balance of payments and balance of trade- Disequilibrium in balance
	of payment- types of disequilibrium- causes of disequilibrium- methods of correcting
TT24 TTT	disequilibrium
Unit III	International Financial Institution
	International Financial Institutions – IMF, IBRD, BIS, IFC, ADB, WTO – International
	Competitiveness – Arbitration and Mediation in International Banking – Japanese American and Swiss Banking Practices.
Unit IV	Regulatory Framework and International Banking Operations
CIII I V	Rationale and scope of International banking regulations- capital Adequacy, Loan Loss
	Provisioning, and other Regulatory Controls Basel Concordat-Legal Issues in International
	Banking-Accounting Issues in International Banking- Raising of Resources- Capital
	Markets: Sources of External Finance-
Unit V	Risk Management
	Risk Management in International Banking – Risk management policy- Non financial and
	Financial Risk- Forex Risk - Implications and Effectiveness of Country Risk -
	Asset/Liability Management - Bilateral and Counter Trade - Approaches to Risk
	Management in International Banking
Text	1. Fundamentals of International Banking Rupnarayan Bose Macmillan India Ltd. 2007
Books	2. Peter Rose, Sylvia Hudgins, (2014), Bank Management and Financial Services, 8th
	edition, McGraw Hill
	3. Padmalatha Suresh Justin Paul, (2014), Management of Banking and Financial Services, 3rd edition, Pearson Education, India
Reference	1. Jane Hughes & Scott MacDonald. (2002). International Banking: Text and Cases.
Books	Prentice Hall. ISBN: 9780201635355
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Course	1. To develop understanding about Entrepreneurship in Rural Context.(CO1)
Objectives	2. To develop entrepreneurial skills in the rural youth.(CO2)
	3. To explore and identify rural potential for a business idea.(CO3)
	4. To developing skills to convert the idea into a commercial viable business
	concept.(CO4)
Course	1. Understand the importance of how living rurally influences your business or
Outcome	social enterpriseobjectives(K2)
	2. Explore the feasibility of a business idea.(K4)
Unit I	Concepts, Characteristics and types of Entrepreneurship –Development of Rural
	Entrepreneurship in India- Problems and Prospects of Rural Entrepreneurship in India
Unit II	Meaning, Definition, and Concept of Rural Development Types of Rural markets-
	Problems of Rural Marketing
Unit III	Policies and Programmes for Rural Industries - Industrial Policy Resolutions -
	Industrial Sickness-Problems & Policy measures.
Unit IV	Role of RRBs in Rural Credit - NABARD and Rural Credit - Functions of
	NABARD- Achievements and Performance of NABARD in the Rural credit sector.
Unit V	Women Empowerment: Concept and Approaches, Importance of Women
	Empowerment- Role of Micro Finance in Women Empowerment- SHGsConcepts,
	Stages, Significances and Structure
Text Books	Bhattacharya, S.N. Rural Industrialization in India
TCAL DOORS	2. Vasant Desai ,Problems and Prospects of Small Scale Industries in India
	2. Vasait Besai ii 10010iiis and 1100peets of Smail Seale meastres in maia
Reference	BepionBehari Rural Industrialization in India
Books	2. Rao, R.V. Rural Industrialization in India
	3. Dagli, V. Khadi and Village Industries in the Indian Economy
	4. C.Dingra: Rural Banking in India- S.Chand& Co. Limited, New Delhi-
	110055,1994.
	5. A.N. Agarwal and KundanaLal:- Rural Economy of India – Vikas
	publishingHouse Ltd New Delhi-110014, 1990.
	6. Rais Ahmad – Rural Banking and Economic Development – Mittal
	publications,New Delhi -110059, 1998.
	7. Rejesekhar D & G. Sridhar: Savings ad Credit Programmes as an Instrument of
	Self-Help Promotion

22UPMBA2L02 - EXPORT DOCUMENTATION LAB- II

Objectives	involved in International Logistics and Import Transactions and able to prepare documents and manage the complete process involving International Logistics and import transactions.(CO1)
Course Outcome	Getting Knowledge in International Logistics and Export Import Transactions.(K3)
Unit I	Planning for International Cargo Transportation
	International Cargo Transportation Practices – Modes of Transportation - Understanding the role of Customs Brokers, Liner Agents, Air Cargo Agents, Freight Forwarders, CFS, ICD, Terminal Operators – Containerisation – Palletisation _ Important Sea Routes & Hub Ports – Selecting Vehicles for Movement of Goods – Route Planning
Unit II	Documents used in International Cargo Transportation
	Documents used in Sea Transportation - Bill of Lading & Types of BL, VGM, Form-13, Container Bond, Survey Reports etc., - Documents Used in Air Transportation – Airway Bill – Types - IATA DG Declaration – MSDS – FREIGHT Calculation Practical Work: Preparation of Draft BL & AWB
Unit III	Import Order Processing
	Understanding Step by Step Process in Importing - Finding Suppliers and Assessment
	Sending Request for Quotation (RFQ)— Legal Compliance Requirements – Calculation
	of Import Duty Payable and Landing Cost
	Practical Work:
	1) Preparation of Import Costing Sheet & Import Duty Calculation
Unit IV	2) Preparation of (Request for Quotation) RFQ
Unitiv	Issue of Purchase Order/ LC and Order Tracking Preparation of Purchase order with Suitable Terms and Conditions and Order Tracking
	with Suppliers
	Practical Work:
	1.Preparation of Purchase Order with Terms and Conditions
	2.Preparation of Application form for Issue of Documentart Credit (LC)
Unit V	Import Clearance Process
Cint v	Customs Clearance Procedure in India – Types of Clearances – Bonding / Warehousing –
	Bill of Entry / ICEGATE Clearances – Documents required for Clearances – E-
	SANCHIT / SWIFT Systems - Duty Exemptions Schemes
	Practical Work: Preparation of Complete Document Set for Executing Import
	Clearances
Reference	1. A Hand Book of international Logistics management, Prof. S. K. Baral KUNAL
Books	BOOKS
	2. Commercial's Manual on Import Documentation by P. Veera Reddy and M.
	MamathaCommercial Law Publishers
	3. Customs Law Manual by R.K.Jain by CENTAX Publication
	4. BIG's Easy Reference Customs Tariff – By Arun Goyal
	5. Documentary Letter of Credit with UCP 700, Incoterms & Case Studies by R.
	Kumar Published by Book Corporation