

PERIYAR UNIVERSITY

PERIYAR PALKALAI NAGAR

SALEM-636011

DEGREE OF MASTER OF ARTS

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

SYLLABUS FOR

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE

(SEMESTER PATTERN)

(For Candidates Admitted in the Colleges affiliated to
Periyar University From 2021-2022 Onwards)

REGULATIONS

OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE

Political Science as a discipline of study is basically known as study of the State, Government and its linkage with people. Traditionally, it covered the study of man in the process of governing himself. Today, Political Science encompasses the study of Man in relation to the State, Society, Nation and the World. It deals with not merely the structure of governments and administration and study of political theories but also it covers various aspects of human life, rights and duties of the citizens. Political Science has today entered into various aspects of day to day affairs of the Government as well as Citizens. It has assumed an inter-disciplinary character.

The proposed post graduate course in Political Science is designed in the light of these new dimensions of political science in the changing world. It will impart basic principles, political ideologies, important concepts of the subject as well as it covers the latest developments in local, state, national, world politics and governments.

Political Science subject is one of the most important subjects in all the competitive Exams, especially in IAS, IPS, UPSC, TNPSC, UGC and SET Exams. A student with in-depth knowledge of Indian Constitution, Political Science and International Politics are much better equipped to successfully handle various questions and gain crucial marks.

CONDITION FOR ADMISSION

A candidate who has passed B.A., Degree of Periyar University or any of the degree of any other university accepted by Periyar University as equivalent there to subject to such condition as may be prescribed thereto are permitted to appear and qualify for the M.A., Degree examination of affiliated colleges after a course of study of two academic years.

DURATION OF THE COURSE

The course for the degree of M.A (Political Science) shall consist of two academic years divided into I Year and II Year. Each Year will consist of two Semesters.

- 1. First Year Semester I
- Semester II
- II. Second Year Semester III
- Semester-IV

COURSE OF STUDY AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SEMESTER I

Sem	Course	Course Title	Hours	Credits	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
I	Core I	Political Science: Theory and Concepts	6	5	25	75	100
	Core II	Indian Political Thought	6	4	25	75	100
	Core III	Government and Politics of Tamil Nadu since 1900	6	4	25	75	100
	Core IV	Indian Society	6	4	25	75	100
	Elective I	Constitutional Law of India	6	4	25	75	100
		TOTAL	30	21			

SEMESTER II

Sem	Course	Course Title	Hours	Credits	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
II	Core V	International Politics	6	5	25	75	100
	Core VI	Western Political Thinkers	5	5	25	75	100
	Core VII	Modern Political Systems (UK, USA, France and Japan)	6	4	25	75	100
	Elective II	Legislative Procedures in India	5	4	25	75	100
	EDC	Indian Constitution (or) Political Science for Competitive Examinations	6	4	25	75	100
	Common Paper	Human Rights	2		25	75	100
	Add-on-course	Field Visit					
		TOTAL	30	22			

SEMESTER III

Sem	Course	Course Title	Hours	Credits	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
III	Core-VIII	Principles of Public Administration	5	5	25	75	100
	Core IX	Indian Administration	5	4	25	75	100
	Core X	Modern Political Analysis	5	4	25	75	100
	Core XI	Foreign Policy of India	6	5	25	75	100
	Core XII	Local Government in India	5	4	25	75	100
	Elective III	E – Governance	4	3	25	75	100
			30	25			

SEMESTER IV

Sem	Course	Course Title	Hours	Credits	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
IV	Core XIII	Public Policy Analysis	6	5	25	75	100
	Core XIV	Social and Political Movements in India	6	4	25	75	100
	Core XV	Research Methodology	6	5	25	75	100
	Core XVI	Issues in Indian Democracy	6	4	25	75	100
	Core XVII	Project Work & Viva-Voce	6	4	75	25	100
				30	22		

Total Hours-120

Total Credits-90

EXAMINATIONS

There shall be examinations at the end of each semester ordinarily during November/ December for odd semesters and during April/May for even semesters. The examination shall be three hours duration to each paper.

The candidate failing in any subject(s) will be permitted to appear for each failed subject(s) in the subsequent examination.

The examination consists of Internal Assessment (IA) and Semester Examination (SE).

IA marks for Theory Paper:

Attendance	-	5marks
1. Seminar	-	5marks
2. Assignment	-	5marks
3. Test	-	10marks

Total **25 marks**

PASSING MINIMUM

A candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if the candidate secures not less than 50% marks in semester examinations and internal assessment in each course- A minimum of 38 marks out of 75 in semester examinations and a minimum of 12 marks out of 25 in the internal assessment. For the project work and viva-voce, a candidate should secure 50% the marks for pass. The candidate should compulsorily attend the viva-voce to secure pass in the paper. Candidates who do not obtain the required minimum marks for a pass in a course or in a project report shall be required to appear and pass the same at a Subsequent appearance.

CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE

Candidates who secured not less than 60% of aggregate marks

in the whole examinations shall be declared to have passed the examination with FIRSTCLASS. All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed with SECONDCLASS.

Candidates who have obtained 75% of the marks in aggregate shall be deemed to have passed the examination in FIRSTCLASS WITH DISTINCTION, provided they passed all the examinations prescribed for the course in the first appearance.

RANKING

Candidate who passed all the examinations prescribed for the course in the FIRST ATTEMPT ONLY is eligible for classification /Ranking /Distinction

At the end of the fourth semester Viva-Voice will be conducted on the basis of the Project Report/Dissertation submitted by the student. The project work should be an individual work.

TESTS ON THEORY SUBJECTS

In order to award 10 marks for the test component, three tests one Each subject will be conducted of which the average of higher two scores will be taken into account.

ATTENDANCE

Marks	1 Mark	2 Marks	3 Marks	4 Marks	5 Marks
Percentage of Attendance	75%-80%	81% -85%	86% -90%	91%-95%	96%-100

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS

The Scheme of Examinations for different semesters shall be as follows.

QUESTION PATTERN

A) FOR THEORY

Time: 3Hours

Max.Marks:75

PART-A (15x1=15Marks)

(Answer all Questions)

(Three Questions from each unit)

PART-B (2x5=10Marks)

(Answer any 2 Questions)

(All Units should be represented)

PART-C(5x10=50Marks)

Answer All Questions

(Two Questions from each unit with Internal Choice)

B) PROJECT WORK

Project work shall be completed by working outside the regular teaching hours. Project work shall be carried out under the supervision of a teacher in the concerned department. A candidate may, however, in certain cases be permitted to work on the project in a Research Organization on their commendation of the Supervisor. There should be an internal assessment and external assessment for the project work. The external evaluation of the Project work is followed by presentation of work including dissertation & Viva Voce.

Project Evaluation

Project Marks-75 Marks (Passing Minimum 50%=75 Marks)

Viva-Voce-25 Marks (Passing Minimum 50%=13 Marks)

Guidelines for the Project Work

- a. Students should do their project in the fourth semester.
- b. Each Internal guide shall have maximum of eight students.
- c. The Students should prepare three copies of the dissertation and submit the same at end of the Semester for the evaluation of examiners. After Evaluation one copy is to be retained in the Department and one copy to control the student can hold one copy.
- d. Format for the Title page, Certificate, Declaration and Contents page are enclosed in Annexure-I
- e. Sample format of dissertation is enclosed in Annexure-II

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-I
CORE I - POLITICAL SCIENCE: THEORY AND CONCEPTS

UNIT-I Introduction

Nature and significance of political theory– Political Theory and Political Science: Their Mutual Relationship – Meaning, Nature and Scope of political science – Debate on decline of Political theory.

UNIT-II Concepts

Liberty – Equality and Justice – Power and Authority - Political culture – Political socialization and Recruitment – Globalization – Sustainable development.

UNIT-III Theories

Theories on the evolution and functions of the State – Theories of Development – Theory of social change.

UNIT-IV Political Ideology – I

Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism – Individualism – Utilitarianism – Socialism - Marxism – Guild socialism – Syndicalism

UNIT-V Political Ideology – II

Idealism – Gandhism – Nazism – Fascism - modernism and post-modernism – Structuralism – Deconstruction theory.

REFERENCES:

- 1) Gilchrist R.N., *Principles of Political Sciences*, Orient Longman Madras, 1983.
- 2) Appadurai A., *The Substances of Politics*, Oxford University Press, India Madras 1974.
- 3) Amal Rayand Bhattacharya, *Political Theory: Ideas and Institutions*, The World Press, Calcutta,
- 4) R.C. Agarwal, *Political Theory*, New Delhi, S. Chand and Company, 2008.
- 5) Johari J.C., *Principles of Modern Political Science*, Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1989.
- 6) R. L. Gupta, *Political Theory: New Concepts; New Perspectives*, Sulmans Chands & Sons , New Delhi, 1998.

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-I
CORE – II INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

UNIT-I

Raja Ram Mohan Roy – Swamy Dayananda Saraswathi – Swamy Vivekananda – Sri Aurobindo.

UNIT-II

Bal Gangadhar Tilak – Gopala Krishna Gokhale – Subash Chandra Bose - Sir Syed Ahemed khan.

UNIT-III

Gandhi -- Jawaharlal Nehru -- V.D. Savarkar - Muhammad Ali Jinnah.

UNIT-IV

M.N. Roy– Jaya Prakash Narayan – Ram Manohar Lohia.

UNIT-V

B.R. Ambedkar – Periyar E.V. Ramasamy – C.N. Annadurai.

REFERENCES

1. Kazhgam, *Tirukkural Text, Translation in Verse* by Rev.Dr.G.V.Pope.
2. University of Madras, *Thirukkural: Thirumathi Surname Endowment Lectures*, Madras: University of Madras, 1971.
3. Varma V.P., *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2001.
4. Sharama P., *Ancient Indian Political Institution*, Meenakshi Prakasan, Meerut, 2002.
5. Goshal U.N, *History of Indian Political Ideas*, Oxford University Press.
6. Prem Arora, *Indian Political Thought*, Book hieves Publications, New Delhi, 2010.
7. *Mahatma Gandhi, My Experiments with Truth*, Navajeevan Publishing House, Ahmedabad, 2012.

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER-I

CORE IV - GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS OF TAMIL NADU SINCE 1900

UNIT-I Theoretical Framework

Significance of the study of State Politics – Theoretical Framework and Problems – Determinants of State Politics – Socio-economic situation of Madras Presidency during early 1900s.

UNIT-II Non-Brahmin Movement

Origin of Justice Party – Emergence of Non-Brahmin Movement – Self Respect Movement – Dravidar Khazhagam – E.V.R: Self-Respect movement and Tamil Nationalism.

UNIT-III Congress Ministries

Rajaji Ministry: Reservation – Language Policy – Language Agitations – Kamaraj Ministry: Major achievements – M.Bakthavatchalam Ministry and Decline of Congress.

UNIT-IV Emergence of the DMK

Origin of DMK - Policies and Programmes of the party – Dravida Nadu – Language Policy – Triangular Agitation - Significance of 1967 election – Social welfare policies and programmes of C.N. Annadurai and M. Karunanidhi Ministries – Centre-State relations during DMK rule.

UNIT-V Emergence of the AIADMK

Emergence of AIADMK – Policies and programmes of the party – Performance of M.G.R. and J. Jayalalitha ministries – Issues: Sri Lankan Problems – Cauvery Water Dispute – Mullai Periyar Dam Issue – Growth of Caste and Hindutva parties in Tamil Nadu and its impact.

REFERENCE

1. Baker. C.J, *The Politics of South India*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Ramamurthy P, *The Freedom Struggle & the Dravidian Movement*, Orient Longman Pvt, Ltd., Mumbai.
3. Hardgrave Jr. R. L., *The Dravidian Movement*, Popular Prakasam, New Delhi.
4. Robert L. Hardgrave, *Essays in the Political Sociology of South India*, Usha Publications, New Delhi, 1979.
5. Marguertie Ross Barnett, *The Politics of Cultural Nationalism in South India*, New Jersey, Princeton University Press, 1976.
6. Babulal Fadia, *State Politics in India*, Radiant Publishers, 1984.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-I
CORE IV- INDIAN SOCIETY

UNIT-I Introduction

Historical background and salient features of Indian Society- Diversity of India and Unity- Hindu Social Organization Traditional bases of Indian Society–Economic System in India.

UNIT-II Social Institution

Indian Social Institutions: Kinship, Family, Marriage; Caste and its Changing Dimensions. Education system – Educational Reforms.

UNIT-III Tribal Society

Tribal Societies and their integration –distinction between Tribe Class – Distinctive Features of Tribal Society – Tribal Cultures – Rural Social System –Village Community– Community Development Programmes

UNIT-IV Issues - I

Problems of Indian Society: Population – Unemployment – Youth unrest – Poverty –Bonded Labour Problems of Urbanization - Communalism –Terrorism.

UNIT-V Issues - II

Political and Administrative Corruption - Black Money – Drug Trafficking – Prohibition politics – Cyber crimes against women and children.

REFERENCES

1. K. Sing, *Indian Social System*, Prakasham Kendra, Lucknow.
2. G.R. Madan, *Indian Social Problems*, Vol. I & II Allied Publishers, Chennai
3. S.C. Dube, *Indian Society*, National Book Trust, New Delhi,2010.
4. Ahuja, Ram, *Society in India: Concept, Theories and Recent Trends*, Rawat Publication, Jaipur:1997.
5. M. N. Srinivas, *India: Social Structure*, Hindustan Publication Corporation, New Delhi, 1965.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-I
ELECTIVE – I - CONSTITUTIONAL LAW OF INDIA

UNIT-I

Constitutional development – Main Provisions of Government Act, 1858 – The Indian Council Act, 1861 – The Indian Council Act, 1892 - The Government of India Act, 1909 – The Government of India Act, 1919 – The Government of India Act, 1935 – India Independent Act, 1947- Constituent Assembly.

UNIT-II

The Preamble – Salient features – Fundamental Rights - Directive Principles of State Policy – Fundamental Duties – Federal features of Indian Constitution.

UNIT-III

The President – Cabinet – Prime Minister – The Council of Ministries and Departments – Supreme Court of India.

UNIT-IV

Lok Sabha – Composition: Powers and Functions– Rajya Sabha – Composition – Powers and Functions – Speaker of Lok Sabha – Powers and Function – Committees of Lok Sabha.

UNIT-V

The Governor – Powers and Functions – The Chief Minister – The Council of Ministers – High Courts – Local Self Government.

REFERENCE:

1. D. D. Basu, *Introduction to the Constitutional Law of India*, Prentice-Hall India Pvt.Ltd, 2011.
2. Ambika Prasad Verma, *Indian Constitution*, Mangalam Publishers, New Delhi, 2015.
3. Gopal Chowdhary, *Constitution Law of India*, Veekumar Publication Pvt. Ltd, 2013.
4. B. S . Raman, *Constitution of India*, United Pubulishers, New Delhi, 2011.
5. Brish Kishore Sharma, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Prentice Hall of India, 2012.
6. Granville Austin, *The Constitution of India: Cornerstone of a Nation*, OUP, 1999.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER - II
CORE V –INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

UNIT-I Introduction to International Politics

Definition, nature and scope of International Politics-Growth of International Politics as a separate discipline-Difference between International Politics and International Relations.

UNIT-II Theories of International Politics

Realist and Idealist theories of International Politics-Morgenthau's Realist theory - System theory - Decision making theory - Communication theory - Equilibrium theory - Game theory.

UNIT-III Instruments for Promotion of National Power

National Interest-Elements of National Powers-Diplomacy-Propaganda-Ideologies- war

UNIT-IV Limitations on National Power

Balance of Power-collective Security-International Law-Disarmament and Arms control-Non-Proliferation Treaty-Problems of Non-Proliferation-CTBT

UNIT-V Issues in International Politics

Terrorism-Environmental Issues-Global Warming-Climate change -Economic Issues.

REFERENCE

1. Mahendra Kumar, *Theoretical aspects of International Politics*; Shivalal Agarwal and Co.2003
2. Morgenthau H.J., *Politics among Nations*, Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta,2007
3. A. Vandana, *Theory of International Politics*; Vikas publishing House,2010
4. Prem Arora, *International Politics*, Cosmos Bookhive (p) Ltd, New Delhi,2001

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER-II

CORE-VI - WESTERN POLITICAL THINKERS

UNIT-I

Plato – Aristotle - St. Augustine

UNIT-II

Machiavelli – Immanuel Kant – Jean Bodin

UNIT-III

Bertrand Russell – John Dewey – Leo Strauss

UNIT-IV

Edmund Burke-Jeremy Bentham – J. S. Mill

UNIT-V

Karl Marx –Martin Luther – Harold J. Laski.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Urmila Sharma, S.K. Sharma, *Western Political Thought*, Volume 1, Atlantic Publishers & Dist, 2006.
2. Jha, *Western Political Thought: From Plato to Marx*, Pearson Education India.
3. Sukhbir Singh, *History of Political Thought*, Rustogi Publications, New Delhi, 1993
4. Balibar, Etienne, '*Spinoza and Politics*', London: Verso, 1998

REFERENCES

1. Urmila Sharma S.K., Sharma, *Western Political Thought*, Volume 1, Atlantic Publishers & Dist, 2006.
2. V. Venkararao, *A History of Political Theories*, S. Chand and Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000.
3. Subrata Mukherjee and Sushila Ramaswamy, *A History of Political Thought: Plato to Marx*, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt.Ltd., 2002.
4. Prem Arora and Brij Grover, *Selected Western & Indian Political Thinkers*, Cosmos Bookhive(P)Ltd, NewDelhi, 2003.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER-II

CORE-VII MODERN POLITICAL SYSTEMS (UK, USA, France and Japan)

UNIT-I

Parliamentary form of government- its features – Presidential form of government – its features – Constitution – Meaning, Types – Merits and Demerits-Characteristics of a good Constitution - Unitary and Federal System of Government.

UNIT -II British Constitution

Salient features of the British Constitution – The Crown – Powers and Functions – Prime Minister – Parliament – House of Lords – House of Common – Powers and Function – Party System – Rule of Law – Judiciary.

UNIT-III American Constitution

Salient features of the American Constitution – President – Election – Tenure - Powers and Functions – Congress – House of Representatives and House of Senate – Composition – Powers and Functions – Committee System – Party System – Judiciary.

UNIT-IV French Constitution

Salient features of the French Constitution – The Executive: Powers and Functions – Parliament – Senate and National Assembly Powers and Functions - Party System – Judiciary.

UNIT-V Constitution of Japan

Salient features of the Japanesh Constitution – Emperor – Powers and Functions – Diet – Powers and Functions – Party System – Judiciary.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Kapur .A. C. , *Select Constitutions*, S Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
2. Vishnoo Bhagavan & Vidya Bhushan, *World Constitutions*, Sterling Publishers Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
3. Mahajan V. D., *Select Modern Governments*, S Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2006.
4. Sachdeva and Gupta, *World Constitution*, Ajantha Prakasam, New Delhi, 2000.
5. J. C. Johari, *Comparative Politics*, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 2003.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-II
ELECTIVE II-LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURES IN INDIA

UNIT-I Political System

Meaning and functions of Legislature – Structure of Indian Parliament: The President- House of People –Council of States - Elections to Parliament: Qualifications and Disqualifications for Membership-Mode of Election Parliamentary Democracy in India.

UNIT-II Law making

Law making procedure in Parliament–Procedure for Amendment (Article 368) –Types of Amendment - Ordinary Bills – Money Bills – Ordinance making powers of the President.

UNIT-III Sessions of the Parliament

Various Sessions of the Parliament –Summoning of the Houses – President's Address – Quorum of the House – Voting Procedure – Joint sitting of the Two Houses- Adjournment and Dissolution – Types of Resolutions – Private Member's Resolutions–Government Resolutions.

UNIT-IV Budget

Budget in Parliament- Question Hour – Categories of Questions– Starred Questions – Unstarred Questions – Short Notice Questions – Zero Hour – Calling Attention Notice–No-Confidence Motion–Censure Motion - Standing Committees – Ad hoc Committees – Code of Conduct for Members – Parliament Privileges of Members.

UNIT-V Tamil Nadu Legislature

Tamil Nadu Legislature: Composition and functions –Council Ministers – Speaker and Deputy Speaker – Governor's Address – Code of Conduct for Member Various kinds of Motion.

REFERENCES

1. SubhashC. Kashyap, *Our Parliament*, National Book Trust, NewDelhi,2005.
2. M. Lakshmikanth, *Indian Polity for Civil Services Exams*, Tata McGraw Hill Education (India)Pvt. Ltd., NewDelhi,2013.
3. Jeevan Nair, U. C. Jain, *Indian Parliament: Privileges, Powers and Functions*, Pointer Publishers,2000.
4. Shashishekhhar Gopal Deogaonkar, *Parliamentary System in India*, Concept Publishing Company, 1989.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-II
EDC-I INDIAN CONSTITUTION

UNIT-I

Constitution: Meaning and types – Historical Background of Indian Constitution – Salient features of the Constitution

UNIT-II

Preamble – Citizenship – Fundamental Rights – Fundamental Duties – Directive Principles of State Policy.

UNIT-III

Central Government: President – Vice –President – Prime Minister – Cabinet – Council of Minister – Parliament – Speaker.

UNIT-IV

State Government: Governor – Chief Minister – State Legislature – Local Government.

UNIT-V

Supreme Court of India – High Court – Election Commission – Union Public Service Commission – State Public Service Commission – Comptroller and Auditor General – Attorney General of India.

Reference / Text Books:

1. Durga Dasu Basu, *Introduction to The Constitution of India*, Prentice - Hall India Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
2. Ambika Prasad Verma, *Indian Constitution*, Mangalam Publishers, New Delhi, 2015.
3. Gopal Chowdhary, *Constitution Law of India*, Veekumar Publications, Pvt. Ltd., 2013.
4. B.S Raman, *Constitution of India*, United Publishers, New Delhi 2011.
5. Brish Kishore Sharma, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Prentice Hall of India, 2012.
6. Lakshmikanth. M. *Indian Polity for Civil Services Exams*, Tata Macgraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2013.

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-II
EDC I - POLITICAL SCIENCE FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS

Unit-I Introduction

Making of Indian Constitution: Constituent Assembly and its committees - Preamble and Salient features of constitution- Union, State and Territory - Citizenship - Fundamental Rights - Fundamental Duties.

Unit – II Union and State Government

Union legislature – Parliament - Executive- Judiciary – Judicial Review – Judicial Activism - PIL - State Legislature – Chief Minister – Governor –Indian Federalism – Center – State relations - Emergency provisions - Civil services in India – Classification of All India services – UPSC – State Public Service Commission – TNPSC.

Unit – III Administrative Challenges

Administrative challenges in a welfare state - Complexities of district administration - Elections to State Legislature and National Parliament - Election Commission -Administrative reforms & tribunals.

Unit – IV Amendments and Schedules

Methods of amending the Constitution - Important Amendments to Constitution (1st, 24th, 42nd, 44th, 73rd, 74th– Various Schedules and Indian Constitution - Official language and Schedule-VIII.

Unit – V Issues

Political and Administration Corruption - Anti corruption measures - Central Vigilance Commission – CBI –Lok- Adalats - Ombudsman Comptroller and Auditor General of India. Right to Information – Right to Food - Right to Services and Grievances redressal – Right to Privacy - Empowerment of women.

Reference / Text Books:

1. Basu, D.D., *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Nagpur, Wadhwa Publications, 2010.
2. Laxmikanth, M., *Indian Polity*, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2017.
3. Bhambri, C.P., *Indian Politics 2001-2004*, Shipra Publishers, 2008.
4. Grover, V., *Trends and Challenges to Indian Political Systems*, New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 2006.
5. Sharma, Manoj, *Indian Government and Politics*, Anmol Publications Pvt. Limited, 2004.
6. Ambika Prasad Verma, *Indian Constitution*, Mangalam Publishers New Delhi, 2015.
7. Gopal Chowdhary, *Constitutional Law of India*, Veekumar Publications, Pvt. Ltd., 2013.
8. B.S Raman, *Constitution of India*, United Publishers, New Delhi 2011.
9. Brish Kishore Sharma, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Prentice Hall of India, 2012.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER - III

CORE VIII- PRINCIPLES OF PUBLICADMINISTRATION

UNIT I:

Meaning, scope and significance of Public Administration – Public and Private Administration - relationship between Public Administration and other Social Sciences – New Public Administration

UNIT II:

Basic concepts and Principles of Organisation: Hierarchy – Span of Control – Unity of Command – Authority and Responsibility – Co-ordination – Centralization and Decentralization.

UNIT-III:

Theories of Administration – Scientific Management Theory (F. W. Taylor) – Administrative Theory (Henri Fayol) – Bureaucratic Theory (Max Weber) – Human Relations Theory (Eldon Mayo and M. P. Follett) –System Theory (David Easton).

UNIT-IV:

Theories of Administration – Decision Making Theory (Herbert Simon) – Communication Theory – Theories of Leadership (Renisis Likert) – Motivational Theory (Maslow, Herzberg, Mcgregor) – Immaturity Theory of Chris Argyris.

UNIT-V:

Administrative Law: Meaning and Significance – Delegated Legislation: Types, advantages and limitations- Administrative Tribunals.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Avasthi, A. and Maheswari, S.R, *Public Administration*, Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal,2017.
2. Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration: Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 2012.
3. Bhattacharya, Mohit, *New Horizons of Public Administration*, New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers and Distributors,2008.
4. Basu, R.,*Public Administration: Concepts and Theories* (5th ed.). Sterling Publications Private Limited, 2019.
5. Dhameja, A., & Mishra, S., *Public Administration: Approaches and Applications*. Pearson Education India, 2016.
6. Laxmikanth, M., *Public Administration*. McGraw Hill, 2011.

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-II
Core IX - INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

UNIT – I: Evolution of Indian Administration

Nature of Administration: Ancient, Medieval and British period - Constitutional Framework of Indian Administration - Features of Indian Bureaucracy – Thiruvalluvar’s Thirukkural and Kautilya's Arthashastra on Administration.

UNIT – II: Union Administration

President - Prime Minister & Council of Ministers - Central Secretariat - Cabinet Secretariat - Cabinet Committees- Prime Minister Office - Ministry of Home Affairs and Finance Ministry.

UNIT – III: Constitutional Institutions

Parliament, Executive and Judiciary powers and functions -Election Commission of India - Union Public Service Commission - Union-State structural relations (Legislative, Executive and Financial) -Advisory Boards and Committees.

UNIT – IV: District Administration

District Administration: Role and Duties of district Collector - State Public Service Commission – Panchayat raj Institution – 73rd and 74th Amendment Act.

UNIT – V: Citizen and State Interface

Citizens’ Grievances Redressal Institutions and Mechanisms; Institutional Mechanism for Prevention of Corruption: Central Vigilance Commission, CBI Lok Pal and Lok Ayukta; Politician and Civil Servants relationship - Citizen’s charters - Right to Information – Right to Services - Social Audit – Administrative Tribunals.

REFERENCE / TEXT BOOKS:

1. Basu, D D (2013) *Introduction to the Constitution of India (21st Edition)*. Lexus Nexus: New Delhi
2. Chakraborty, Bidyut (2016) *Indian Administration*. Sage: New Delhi
3. Fadia, B L and Fadia, Kuldeep (2017) *Indian Administration, (New Edition)*. Sahitya Bhawan: AgraKapur, Devesh; Mehta, Pratap Bhanu and Vaishnav, Milan (Eds.) (2017) *Rethinking Public Institutions in India*. Oxford University Press: New Delhi
4. Maheshwari, S R (2000) *Indian Administration*. Orient Longman: New Delhi
5. Sharma, Ashok (2016) *Administrative Institutions in India*. RBSA Publishers: Jaipur
6. Sharma, M (2007) *Indian Administration*. Anmol: New Delhi
7. Sharma, Prabhu Datta and Sharma, B M (2009) *Indian Administration: Retrospect and Prospect*. Rawat Publications: Jaipur
8. Singh, M and Singh, H (1989) *Public Administration in India*, Sterling Publishers: New Delhi.

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-III
CORE X - MODERN POLITICAL ANALYSIS

UNIT-I

Political Analysis: Meaning, Nature, scope and Significance – Growth of Political Science as a Discipline- Behaviouralism: Need and Growth of the Movement- Characteristics of Behaviouralism- Limitations of Behaviouralism - Post-Behaviouralism.

UNIT-II

Different Approaches to the study of Politics: Traditional vs Behaviouralist Approach: The Great Debate–Positivism-Neo-Positivism – modernism and post-modernism – structuralism and post-structuralism developments.

UNIT-III

Harold Lasswell's Contribution to Political Science - David Easton's System Analysis – Gabriel Almond's Structural – Functional Analysis.

UNIT-IV

General System Theory – Elite Theory – Group Theory- Power Theory - Political Socialisation, Political Participation, Political Recruitment and Political Culture.

UNIT-V

Communication Theory- Decision Making Theory- Game Theory – Theories of Political Development.

REFERENCES

1. R. Dhal, *Modern Political Analysis*
2. S.P. Varma, *Modern Political Theory*, Vani Educational Books, 1985.
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M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER - III
COREXI- FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA

UNIT-I Introduction

Evolution of India's Foreign Policy - Determinants of India's Foreign Policy — Objectives and Principles of India's Foreign Policy – Principles and Relevance of Non- Evolution of India's Foreign Policy.

UNIT-II India's relations with Western Countries

India's relations with UK, USA, Russia, China.

UNIT-III India's Relations with Neighbors

India's Relations with Neighbors: Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Bhutan and Nepal.

UNIT-IV Relations with South East Asian Nation

Japan - Australia – Malaysia – Indonesia – Thailand – Singapore

UNIT-V Issues and Challenges

Security Challenges of India: Terrorism - Nuclear Policy – Maritime Security – Cyber Security – Environmental Security.

REFERENCES :

1. Subhash Shukla, *Foreign Policy of India*, Anamika Pub & Distributors, 2007.
2. N. Jayapalan, *Foreign Policy of India*, Atlantic Publishers & Dist, 2001.
3. K.R. Gupta & Vatsala Shukla, *Foreign Policy of India*, Volume 2, Atlantic Publishers & Dist, 2009.
4. Mohanan B. Pillai, M B & L P, *Foreign Policy of India: Continuity and Change*, New Century Publications, 2010.
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6. V.N. Khanna, *Foreign Policy of India*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Limited, New Delhi, 1999.

**M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-III
CORE-XII LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN INDIA**

UNIT-I Evolution of Local Self Government:

Historical Background and Evolution of Local Government in India - Lord Ripon's Resolution - Royal Commission 1907 - Community Development Programme - Local Government in Indian constitution.

UNIT-II Concept of Panchayat Raj systems and Committees:

M.K. Gandhi's concept of Panchayat Raj System - Balwant Rai Metha Committee - Ashok Metha Committee - Study teams and Committees - G.V.K. Rao Committee Report - L.M. Singvi Committee Report

UNIT-III Rural Local Government:

Salient features of 73rd Constitutional Amendment - Types of Rural Local Government - Grama Sabha - Village Panchayat - Panchayat Union - Zilla Parishad and its powers and Functions - 11th Schedule of the Constitutions (29 Functional Items)

UNIT-IV Urban Local Government

Salient features of 74rd Constitutional Amendment - Types of Urban Government - Municipal Corporation - Municipalities - Notified Area Committee - Town Areas - Township - Special Purpose Agencies

UNIT-V Issues in Local Government

Peoples Participation in Local Government - Role of Political Parties and Caste in Local Government - Role of Women and their Problems in Local Government - Reservation in Local Government.

REFERENCE

1. V. VenkatarawNiruHazaika, *Local Government*, S. Chand Company 1995
2. M. Lakshmikanth, *Indian Polity for Civil Service Exams*, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
3. Vishnoo Bhagwan& Vidhya Bhushan, *Public Administration*, S. Chand Company, 1999

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-III
ELECTIVE-III-E-GOVERNANCE

UNIT-I

Bureaucracy- meaning, definition, characteristics and its types - Weberian model of Bureaucracy - Developmental stages of E-Governance.

UNIT-II

Meaning, Nature and importance of E-Governance - Salient features of the E-Governance - Ministry of Electronic and Information Technology.

UNIT-III

E-Governance in Central Government: Centre for E-Governance-E-Governance process in central Government- National E-Governance Plan - National Informatics Centre- E-transaction in Central Government-Digital payments – Digital administration

UNIT-IV

E-Governance in state Government and local Government: E-governance process in state government- E-Governance process in local Government - development of E-Governance and public services.

UNIT-V

Challenges of E- Governance – public and private partnership in E-Governance – Cyber law and E-Security -Cyber Crime- Bridging the digital divide.

REFERENCES

1. E. Vayunadan & Dolls Methew, *Good Governance Initiatives in India*, PrinticeHall of India, Pvt(L), New Delhi, 2003.
2. Vishwas Tripathi, *E - Governance Perspective*, Anmol Publication, Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2007.
3. R.P. Sinha, *E-Governance in India: Initiatives and Issues*, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2006.
4. S. Pankaj, *Electronic Governance*, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2008.
5. IT Act, Government of India, www.mit.gov.in
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M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER-IV

CORE XIII - PUBLIC POLICY ANALYSIS

UNIT-I Introduction.

Meaning and Nature scope and importance of policy science– Evolution of policy science – Social, Economic, political and Cultural factors relevance to policy science.

UNIT-II Policy Analysis.

Policy Analysis – Process and Stages, Models in Policy Analysis: System Model, Pressure Group Model, Game Model and Elite, Institution and Incremental Model– Dror's Optimal Model.

UNIT-III Public policy in India.

Policy Making Process – Stake Holder's – Citizens – Pressure Groups – Political Parties – Election Manifesto – Agencies in Policy Making – Policy Implementation – Policy Evolution.

UNIT-IV Central Level Policy

New Economic Policy– Food and Agriculture Policy–Population and Health Policy– Science and Technology Policy–New Education Policy 2020–Environment Policy.

UNIT-V State Level Policy

Tamil Nadu: Language policy – Reservation policy – Social Welfare Policy.

REFERENCES

1. Dayalishwar and K. Mathur, *Dynamics of Formulation of Policy in Government of India*, Delhi, 1976.
2. Dubashi P.R., *Policy and Performance*, New Delhi SAGE, 1984.
3. Kashya PSC., *Parliament of India: Myths and Realities*, National Book Trust, New Delhi 1988.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER - IV
CORE XIV - SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

UNIT-I

Brahma Samaj - Arya Samaj - Prathana Samaj - Theosophical Society- Ramakrishna Mission.

UNIT-II

India's Freedom Movement: Swadeshi Movement - Moderate-Extremist Movements - Revolutionary Movements - Home Rule Movement - Khilafat Movement – Aligarh Movement.

UNIT-III

Non Co-operation Movement – Civil Disobedience Movement – Quit India Movement.

UNIT-IV

Peasants Movement - Labour Movement - Human Rights Movement - Women's Movement - Tribal Movement.

UNIT-V

Environment Movement - Silent Valley Movement – Chipko Movement - Narmada Bachao Andolan - Anti Corruption Movement

REFERENCES

1. Ranjit Kumar.D *Socio-Political Movement in India*, Mittal Publications, New Delhi,2014
2. S.N. Chaudhary (Ed.), *Social Movements in Tribal India*, Rawat Publishers, New Delhi,2016.
3. Bipan Chandra, *History of Modern India*, Orient Black Swan; First edition, New Delhi,2009.
4. Bipan Chandra, *India's Struggle for Independence*, Penguin Book, New Delhi1989.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-IV
CORE-XV-RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

UNIT-I

Meaning, Definition and Purpose of Research- Characteristics of Research - Need for Social Science Research – Types of Research: Descriptive Research-Statistical Research or Analytical Research- Experimental Research - Explorative Research - Diagnostic Research - Case Study Method

UNIT-II

Statement of the Problem - Review of Literature –Objectives- Hypotheses-Sources - Limitations and Delimitations - Plan of the study.

UNIT-III

Research Planning – Research Design – Types of Research Design – Preparation of Research Design – Sampling – Types of Sampling – Variables – Theory.

UNIT-IV

Meaning, Sources of Data – Primary and Secondary Data - Methods of Data Collection: - Survey Research - Interview Method – Questionnaires - Observation - Analysis and Interpretation of Data.

UNIT-V

Types and Contents of Report Writing- Research Report Format – Use of ICT in Research – SPSS applications in Social Science Research- Foot Notes End Notes – Appendices - References and Bibliography – Plagiarism and Academic Honesty – Publication Ethics.

REFERENCES

1. Tamilannal Eram, Periyakaruppan & M.S Lakkuvanan, *An Introduction to Research Methodology* (Tamil Book) Meenachi Puthaka Nilayam, Madurai, 2004
2. Dr. V.K Dube, *Research Methodology in Political Science*, Omega Publications, New Delhi, 2015.
3. William J. Goode, Paul K. Half, *Methods in Social Research*, Surjeet Publications, 2006.
4. Dr. O.R. Krishnaswami, *Methodology of Research in Social Sciences*, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 1999.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER - IV
CORE XVI - ISSUES IN INDIAN DEMOCRACY

UNIT-I

Nation – Building and Political Institutions – Democratic Political Process: Meaning and Theory of Democracy- Electoral System- Forms of Representation Participations- Political Accountability.

UNIT-II

Democratic Values: Individual Freedom- Equality – Liberty- Justice- People's Participation- Role of Political Parties in Democracy- Inner Parties Democracy

UNIT-III

Institutional Arrangements: Rule of Law- Democracy and Judiciary- Democratic Process and Parliamentary performance- Democratic process and Local Government.

UNIT-IV

Nature of Indian federalism: centre – state relations-legislative, administrative, financial, and political: distribution of powers between centre and states - National integration.

UNIT-V

Contemporary Challenges to Indian Democracy: Caste and Religious based Politics- Regionalism- Linguism- Criminalization and Corruption- Regional disparities- Environmental degradation - Problems of Poverty- Human Development Index.

REFERENCES

1. C.P. Bhambhri, *Democracy in India*, National, Book Trust, New Delhi, 2007.
2. M. Lakshmikanth, *Indian Polity for Civil Services Exams*, Tata McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
3. D.C. Gupta, *Indian Government and Politics*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2010.
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M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE
SEMESTER-IV
CORE-XVI
PROJECT WORK & VIVA-VOCE

ANNEXURE -1

TITLE OF THE PROJECT

*Project Submitted to the Periyar University, Salem in partial Fulfillment of the
Requirement for the Award of the Degree of*

MASTER OF ARTS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

Name of the Student

(REG. NO: (XXXXXXXXX))

Guided By

Name of the Guide

Designation

College Logo

College Address

Month and Year