

PERIYAR UNIVERSITY PERIYAR PALKALAI NAGAR SALEM - 636 011

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR THREE YEARS

BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (B.Ed.,) PART-TIME PROGRAMME

(NON- SEMESTER PATTERN)

Outcome Based Education [OBE] Regulations and Syllabus

(Effect from the Academic Year 2017-2018 onwards)

Introduction to the Programme

The National Policy on Education (1986) has clearly stated the need for restructuring the system of teacher education which will pave way for Quality improvement in teacher education. Keeping this in mind, the Department of Education, Periyar University has designed three year **Bachelor Degree Programme in Education (B.Ed.,- Part-Time)** in the field of teacher education which aims at preparing teacher educators and other education professionals, including curriculum developers, educational policy analysts, educational planners, administrators, supervisors, school principals and researchers. The completion of the programme shall lead to the award of B.Ed., degree in Part-Time mode.

The B.Ed., Part-time curriculum consists of Nine Core Courses, Two main Language courses, Eleven Pedagogy Courses and also two optional elective Courses. Further, the students have to do the practicum in each year and the Practical examinations will be conducted at the end of the first year, second year and third year after completing their School Internship training.

The Bachelor of Education (Part – Time), Known as B.Ed., is a professional programme that prepares teachers for various levels of schooling namely, upper primary or middle level (classes VI-VIII), Secondary level (classes IX-X), and higher secondary level (classes XI-XII), The programme shall be offered in a staggered manner during a period of three years, combining face-to face teaching with school internship and school-based activities.

The programme has been structured with the following features:

- Designed for Three years, based on the revised norms of National Council for Teacher Education – 2014 under Non-Semester pattern.
- Structured with a special attention to produce competent teachers with adequate theoretical understanding with practical abilities in teaching and educational management.

2. Eligibility for Admission

The candidates who fulfil the following criteria alone eligible for B.Ed. admission:

- upper Primary and Secondary School Teachers who are in service on full time basis (Govt./Govt. Aided/Private)
- b. UG/PG Degree in the relevant subjects with 50% of marks

- c. For BC candidate 45%, MBC Candidate 43%, and for SC/ST Candidates 40%
- d. The procedure of admission is as per the norms of Periyar University. Admission is based on the reservation policy of Government of Tamil Nadu. Rank list will be prepared based on the marks scored in the qualifying examination.

3. Objectives of the Programme

Specific objectives of the programme is

- To empower the in-service teachers to be professionally competent, committed, performing and reflective teachers for different stages of school education and teacher education.
- To understand the importance of philosophical sociological and cultural aspects of Education.
- To apply the principles of learning and teaching in Education
- To foster all- round growth and development of the students
- To organize the skills of teaching experiences on teaching different school subjects
- To develop problem solving behaviors in Education
- To understand the role of home, school and community in shaping the personality of the learner, and develop an amicable home-school relationship for mutual benefit.
- To undertake investigatory projects and action research to improve the system

4. Outcome of the Programme

B.Ed. Part Time Programme provides opportunities for the 'in-service' teachers to understand the latest trends in teaching and learning process. It also helps to understand the psychological principles of growth and development, individual differences and cognitive, psychomotor and attitudinal learning. It enables the in-service teachers to develop their skills in identifying, selecting, innovating and organizing learning experiences for teaching school subjects.

5. Core Subject Papers

Year	Sl. No.	Title of the Paper	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
	1.	Childhood and Growing Up	25	75	100
ond	2.	Contemporary India and Education	25	75	100
Sec	3.	Assessment of Learning	25	75	100
	4.	Language across the curriculum	25	75	100
Third	1.	Learning and Teaching	25	75	100
	2.	Understanding Discipline and Subjects	25	75	100
	3.	Knowledge and Curriculum	25	75	100
	4.	Gender, School and Society	25	75	100
	5.	Creating an Inclusive School	25	75	100
		Total	225	675	900

6. Subject Elective Papers

Pedagogy	Sl.No.	Title of the Paper	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
Pedagogy-I	1.	Tamil Language Education	25	75	100
(Any One)	2.	English Language Education	25	75	100
	1.	Special Tamil Language Education	25	75	100
	2.	Special English Language Education	25	75	100
Pedagogy-II	3.	Mathematics Education	25	75	100
(Any One)	4.	Physical Science Education	25	75	100
	5.	Computer Science Education	25	75	100
	6.	Biological Science Education	25	75	100
	7.	History Education	25	75	100

8.	Geography Education	25	75	100
9.	Economics Education	25	75	100
10.	Commerce Education	25	75	100
11.	Home Science Education	25	75	100
Total		50	150	200

7. Non Subject Elective Papers

Elective	Sl.No.	Title of the Paper	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
Elective (Anv	1	Career Guidance	25	75	100
One)	2	Computers in Education	25	75	100
		Total	25	75	100

7a. FACE TO FACE TEACHING/ACADEMIC COUNSELLING SESSIONS

As per the NCTE regulations it is recommended for B.Ed Part Time Programme (3 Years) that 33% of 120 days be conducted face to face teaching during summer vacation; 33% of face to face teaching be conducted as counseling sessions with the constitution of mentor/mentee and 34% be organised face to face teaching during Saturdays and Sundays. In the face to face programme, the students will participate individually as well as in groups, in various activities for improving their teaching competency. All tasks done during the programme have to be followed up in teaching/learning situations. Apart from these, the first, second and third face to face teaching orients theory, the aspects of practice teaching and some more school based activities. It also provides the final polish to teaching and management skills inside and outside the classroom.

7b. ATTENDANCE

Attendance is compulsory for both face to face teaching/academic counseling sessions. If there is absence in the face to face teaching/counseling classes, you may not appear for theory and practical examinations.

7c. PRACTICE TEACHING (School Internship)

Every student should compulsorily undergo teaching practice for 20 days each year $(1^{st}, 2^{nd} \& 3^{rd})$ in the school (where the candidate is working) under the supervision of senior teachers and the student-teacher has to prepare 20 lesson plans for each Pedagogy (Part I and Part II).

7d. SCHOOL – BASED ACTIVITIES

The school-based activities include administration of psychological tests/tools, organizing health education activities, participation in sports and games, conduct of debates, preparation of school time-table, construction of question papers together with scoring procedures, selection and use of different resources such as libraries, laboratories, media and materials, participation in class activities related to the teaching subjects, etc.

8. Unitization

Each course has **five** units.

9. Pattern of Examination

The marks allotted for the internal to the external examinations is in the ratio of 1:3. In other words, the internal marks and external marks are 25% and 75%, respectively.

10. Scheme of Internal Evaluation

a. Internal Assessment for each theory paper

Assignment	:	10 marks
Seminar / Group Discussion	:	5 marks
Attendance	:	10 marks

Total : 25 marks

b. Practical Examinations

Practical examinations will be conducted at the end of the first year after completing their School Internship. The distribution of marks is as follows:

	Practice Te	Marks	Total Marks	
		Observation Record	10	
	Pedagogy - I	Lesson Plan Record	15	
A	(17BEDPE01)	Teaching Competency	75	100
		Observation Record	10	
р	Pedagogy – II	Lesson Plan Record	15	100
D	(17BEDPE02)	Teaching Competency	75	100
С	 School - Based Activitie 1. Addressing the school 2. Preparation of School 3. Organizing Career To Discussion / Quiz 4. Case Study 5. Action Research 	100		
D	Instruction - Based Act	Marks	Total Marks	
		Micro - Teaching Record	10	
	Pedagogy – I	Test and Measurement Record	20	100
	(17BEDPE04)	Instructional Aids	20	100

	400		
(17BEDPE04)	Instructional Aids	20	
	T / / 1 A · 1	20	
Pedagogy - II	Test and Measurement Record	20	
	Micro - Teaching Record	10	

Practical examinations will be conducted at the end of the second year after completing their School Internship. The distribution of marks is as follows:

E		Marks	Total Marks		
	ıg mal ss (EPC)	(17BEDPE05)	Reading and Reflecting on Texts	100	200
	Enhancir Professic Capacitie	(17BEDPE06)	Drama and Art in Education	100	
	Grand Total				200

Practical examinations will be conducted at the end of the third year after completing their School Internship. The distribution of marks is as follows:

F	Practice Teaching (Third Year)				Total Marks
	ing ona ities	(17BEDPE07)	Critical Understanding of ICT	100	
	Enhanci Professi 1 Capaci (EPC)	(17BEDPE08)	Understanding the Self	100	200

11. External Examination

a. Second Year

	S.No	Course Code	Title of the Course	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
	1	17BEDC01	Childhood and Growing Up	25	75	100
	2	17BEDC02	Contemporary India and Education	25	75	100
	3	17BEDC03	Assessment of Learning	25	75	100
	4	17BEDC04	Language across the curriculum	25	75	100
Ś	5	17BEDPT01	Tamil Language Education (or)	25	75	100
per	5	17BEDPE01	English Language Education	23	15	100
ory pa]						
		17BEDPST02	Special Tamil Language Education			100
[]he		17BEDPSE02	Special English Language Education			
		17BEDPME01	Mathematics Education			
		17BEDPPE01	Physical Science Education			
		17BEDPCS01	Computer Science Education			
	6	17BEDPBE01	Biological Science Education	25	75	
	0	17BEDPHE01	History Education	23	15	
		17BEDPGE01	Geography Education			
		17BEDPEE01	Economics Education			
		17BEDPCE01	Commerce Education			
		17BEDPHE01	Home Science Education			
			Total	150	450	600

b. Third Year

Paper	S. No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
ory l	7	17BEDC05	Learning and Teaching	25	75	100
эцТ	8	17BEDC06	Understanding Discipline and	25	75	100

		Subjects			
9	17BEDC07	Knowledge and Curriculum	25	75	100
10	17BEDC08	Gender, School and Society	25	75	100
11	17BEDC09	Creating an Inclusive School	25	75	100
Optional Course					
12	17BEDOP01 17BEDOP02	Career Guidance (or) Computers in Education	25	75	100
		Total	150	450	600

12. Question Paper Pattern (External Examination)

B.Ed. Degree Examination (Part Time)

(Non-Semester)

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Section	Approaches	Mark Pattern	K Level	CO Coverage
PART- A	Three or Four line Words	10 x 02= 20	K1, K2, K3	
	(Answer all the Questions)	(Knowledge		
		Туре		
		Questions)		
PART- B	100 to 200 Words	05 x 05=25	K4	
	(Answer any Five out of	(Analytical		
	Eight Questions)	Туре		
		Questions)		
PART- C	500 to 1000 Words (Essay	02 x 15=30	K1, K2, K3,K4	
	Questions)	(Essay Type		
		Questions)		

B.Ed. Degree Examination (Part Time)

(Non-Semester)

Duration : 3 Hours

Section A

Maximum Marks: 75

(10 x 2=20)

Answer the Following Question: 1.

2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
	Section B	
Answer any FIVE of the Following:		(5 x 5=25)
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		
16.		
17.		
18.		
	Section C	
Answer the following Questions:		(2 x 15=30)
19.		
a)		
,	(or)	
b)		
0)		
20.		
a)		
	(or)	
b)		

13.Scheme of Evaluation

Each paper shall be awarded with internal marks for a maximum of 25 Marks. The award of marks shall be in the method as detailed under scheme of evaluation given below.

14. Passing Minimum

A. Theory

i. A candidate who secures not less than 36 marks in the external, not less than 14 marks in the internal examination and 50 marks in-total in a course shall be declared to have passed in that course.

B. Practical

- i. The minimum 50 percent mark is required in the following practical components and its sub components to pass.
 - A. Pedagogy I
 - B. Pedagogy II
 - C. School-Based Activities
 - D. Instruction-Based Activities
 - E. Enhancing Professional Capacities (EPC)
- ii. For a pass in a practical examination, the candidate should have passed in each, viz. A, B, C, D and E.

Classification of Results

A. Theory

- i. If the candidate secures 60 per cent and above marks on the aggregate of all the subjects taken together including internal marks will be declared to have passed in first class.
- ii. All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed in second class.

B. Practical

- A candidate who has passed the practice teaching, School-based activities and Instruction-based activities, whether in one appearance or more and who secures not less than 60 per cent in Practice Teaching as well as in the aggregate of all the five, viz. A, B, C, D and E shall be declared to have passed in the first class.
- ii. All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed in second class.

C. Failed Candidates

i. Failed candidates can appear for the concerned course(s) in theory.

- ii. For a candidate who fails in any theory course, the internal marks already obtained in the course by the candidate shall be carried over to his/her subsequent appearance(s).
- iii. A candidate who fails even in one of the three practical's, viz. A, B, C, D and E will have to appear for all the three practical's subsequently to get a pass in practical examinations.

15. Teaching Methodology (Mode of Transaction)

Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, problem solving, assignments, films on educational thinkers and according to the nature of the course the teaching methodology may differ.

16. Text Books

6th, 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Standard Books of Equitable Standard Education System of Tamil Nadu government.

17. Transitory Provision

Curriculum will be revised once in 3 years and the transitory period will be given for 3 years after completion of the course.

18. Duration of the Programme

The duration of B.Ed., Part-Time Programme is of three year with non-semester Pattern, which can be completed in a maximum period of five years from the date of admission to the programme. And the programme followed the National Council of Teacher Education (NCTE) norms and standards of B.Ed (part-time) Programme leading to Bachelor of Education (B.Ed) Degree.

19. Medium of Instruction

The medium of instruction is Tamil and English.

20. Internship

The Institution will continue to teach in their respective schools as part of their work. However the classroom teaching and school based activities shall be supervised by the faculty of teacher education institution and other qualified teachers and teacher educators for 12 weeks. i.e., four weeks each year. They shall be engaged at two levels namely upper primary (Classes VI to VIII) and secondary (Classes IX to X) or Senior Secondary (Classes XI to XII).

PERIYAR UNIVERSITY SALEM 636 011.

TEMPLATE FOR OBE ELEMENTS

Name : Department of Education

Academic Programme offered: B.Ed (Bachelor of Education – Part-Time)

OBE Elements for B.Ed (Part-Time) Programme

Programme Specific Qualifications Attributes

PSQA Vs Core Attributes Mapping

	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	CA5	CA6	CA7
Knowledge (K1)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark
Understanding (K2)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark
Application (K3)		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Analytical (K4)		\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Evaluation (K5)		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Synthesis (K6)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO1: To empower the in-service teachers to be professionally competent, committed, performing, and reflective teachers for different stages of school education and teacher education.

PEO2: To understand the importance of the philosophical sociological and cultural aspects of Education.

PEO3: To apply the principles of learning and teaching in Education and to foster all-round growth of the student teachers.

PEO4: To organize the skills of teaching experiences on teaching different school subjects and to develop their teaching ability in class-rooms.

PEO5: To understand the role of home, school, and community in shaping the personality of the learner, and develop an amicable home-school relationship for mutual benefits, and undertake investigatory projects and action research to improve the system.

Programme outcomes (POs)

PO1: Having the ability to understand the educational concepts and theories and apply the same in the work environment.

PO2: Gain knowledge on different educational competencies and their applications in the classrooms.

PO3: To acquaint a sense of ecological consciousness in terms of sustainable development.

PO4: Inculcate managerial skills to execute developmental programs of educational society

PO5: Apply the knowledge of rural & urban society for nation-building activities.

PO6: Get Sensitization on gender issues to achieve gender parity in educational aspects.

PO7: Develop social engineering skills to resolve the educational pathologies.

PO8: Acquire knowledge on health and sanitation through educational understanding.

PO9: Gain knowledge by reciprocally connecting classroom and rural educational society through the village extension activities

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

PSO1: Impart knowledge and skills of educational aspects and apply the competencies for the educational needs.

PSO2: Develop skills and ability to their subject as a fulfilled teachers in the Society

PSO3: Demonstrate analytical skills to analyze and resolve the educational goals in our life.

PSO4: Gain knowledge and ability through sociological extension programs to uplift the livelihood of oppressed communities.

PSO5: Build up a just society with the values of social harmony through educational understanding.

PEO Vs PO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
PEO1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark			\checkmark
PEO2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
PEO3	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			

PO Vs GA

	GA1	GA2	GA3	GA4	GA5	GA6	GA7
PO1	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
PO2	\checkmark						
PO3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
PO4	\checkmark						
PO5		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
PO6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
PO7				\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
PO8					\checkmark		\checkmark
PO9	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

B.Ed – PART-TIME. MARKS DISTRIBUTION

FIRST YEAR- - Practice Teaching Only

Course No	Name of the Course	Course Code	Marks	Hr/Week Internal Practical	EA	Tot
1.	Pedagogy-I	17BEDPE01	10	6	100	100
	Observation Record					
	Lesson Plan Record		15			
	Teaching Competency		75			
2.	Pedagogy-II	17BEDPE02	10	6	100	100
	Observation Record					
	Lesson Plan Record		15			

	Teaching Competency		75			
3.	School - Based Activities Addressing the school assembly	17BEDPE03	20	6	100	100
	Preparation of School Time Table		20			
	Organizing Career Talk/Parent Teacher Association/ Debate / Panel Discussion / Ouiz		20			
	Case Study		20			
	Action Research		20			
4.	Instruction - Based Activities- Pedagogy-I Micro - Teaching Record	17BEDPE04	10	3	50	100
	Test and Measurement Record		20			
	Instructional Aids		20			
	Instruction - Based Activities- Pedagogy-II Micro - Teaching Record	17BEDPE04	10	3	50	
	Test and Measurement Record		20			
	Instructional Aids		20			
	Total		400	24	400	400

B.Ed – PART-TIME. MARKS DISTRIBUTION

SECOND YEAR - Theory

Course No	Name of the Course	Course Code	Instructional Hours (per week)		Marks		
			Theory	Internal Practical	IA	EA	Tot
1.	Childhood and Growing Up	17BEDC01	4	2	25	75	100
2.	Contemporary India and Education	17BEDC02	4	2	25	75	100
3.	Assessment of Learning	17BEDC03	4	2	25	75	100
4.	Language across the curriculum	17BEDC04	4	2	25	75	100
5.	Tamil Language Education (or) English Language Education	17BEDPT01 17BEDPEL01	4	2	25	75	100

6.	Special Tamil Language Education	17BEDPST02	4	2	25	75	100
	Special English Language Education	17BEDPSE02					
	Mathematics Education	17BEDPME01	4	2	25	75	100
	Physical Science Education	17BEDPPE01					
	Biological Science Education	17BEDPBE01					
	Computer Science Education	17BEDPCS01					
	History Education	17BEDPHE01					
	Geography Education	17BEDPGE01					
	Economics Education	17BEDPEE01					
	Commerce Education	17BEDPCE01					
	Home Science Education	17BEDPHE01					
	Total		20	10	150	450	600
	SECOND Y	EAR – Practice	e Teachi	ng			
	(Enhancing l	Professional Capa	cities-EP	C)	r		
7.	Reading and Reflecting on	17BEDPE05		6		100	100
	Texts						
8.	Drama and Art in Education	17BEDPE06		6		100	100
	Total		20	22	150	650	800

B.Ed – PART-TIME. MARKS DISTRIBUTION

THIRD YEAR - Theory

Course No	Name of the Course	Course Code	Instructional Hours (per week)		Marks		
			Theory	Internal Practical	IA	EA	Tot
1.	Learning and Teaching	17BEDC05	4	2	25	75	100
2.	Understanding Discipline and Subjects	17BEDC06	4	2	25	75	100
3.	Knowledge and Curriculum	17BEDC07	4	2	25	75	100
4.	Gender, School and Society	17BEDC08	4	2	25	75	100
5.	Creating an Inclusive School	17BEDC09	4	2	25	75	100
6.	Career Guidance (or)	17BEDOP01 17BEDOP02	4	2	25	75	100

	Computers in Education									
	THIRD YEAR – Practice Teaching (Enhancing Professional Capacities-EPC)									
7.	Critical Understanding of ICT	17BEDPE07		6		100	100			
8.	Understanding the Self	17BEDPE08		6		100	100			
	Total		20	24	150	650	800			

No.	Year	IA	EA	Total
1.	First Year		400	400
2.	Second Year	150	650	800
3.	Third Year	150	650	800
	Total	300	1700	2000

SECOND YEAR –CORE-I Template for Course Syllabus

Course Code & Title	(CORE:1) 17BEDC01 - CHILDHOOD AND GROWING UP		
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 understand role of edu and problems of growt adolescence understand the proces learning and to organize understand the dynamic 	 understand role of educational psychology the salient features and problems of growth and development during childhood to adolescence understand the process of learning and factors influencing learning and to organize teaching for effective learning understand the dynamics of personality development in order to a solution. 	

	facilitate student trainees' and their students' personal growth
•	understand the concept of personality, Intelligence and creativity
	and motivation for the better teaching and learning process
•	develop the ability to apply the knowledge of Educational
	Psychology to rectify the classroom problems of various kinds

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Educational psychology, Growth and Development: Psychological Science and its Application in Education-	20 Hours
	Meaning of Growth and Development - Differences between	
	growth and development - importance of growth and	
	development - Theories of Development: Cognitive theory of	
	Development (Piaget's) - Psycho-social theory of development	
	(Erikson) - Theory of Moral Development (Kohlberg's) -Theory	
	of psycho- sexual development (Freud) - Attention - Factors	
	relating to Memory and Attention - span of attention -	
	distraction - concept formation and types.	
II	Understanding Adolescent Learner : Adolescent Learner - Growth and Development: Physical, cognitive, social, emotional and moral development pattern - Adolescent period - Factors influencing development: Nature, Peer and Family - Behavioural pattern in terms of motivation, attitude, aptitude, interest and development of self-concept - Method of studying learner's behaviour at the adolescent stage - Observation, interview, experimentation and case-study.	20 Hours
III	Learning Process : Learning by Trial and Error (Thorndike) - Learning by Stimulus-Response conditioning (Pavlov & Skinner) - Classical conditioning - Operant conditioning - Educational implications - Gestalt theory Factors affecting learning - Ways to enhance learning skills - Transfer of learning - Remembering and forgetting - curve of forgetting - individual differences in learning.	20 Hours
IV	Motivation and Emotion – Theory and Practice : Motivation - Kinds of motives -Theories of motivation: Hull's drive reduction, Maslow's need hierarchy, McClelland's achievement motivation - Fear of failure and hope of success - Motivation in the classroom context: praising, blaming, rewarding and punishing - levels of aspirations - Nature of Emotions - Expression of Emotions - Emotional Disorders - Emotional Intelligence.	20 Hours

V	Intelligence – Theory and Practice, Creativity in Education,	20 Hours	
	Personality: Nature of intelligence - Theories of Intelligence:		
	single factor, two factor and multi factor theories - Guilford's		
	structure of the intellect - Individual differences and distribution		
	of intelligence - Multiple Intelligence, Intelligence tests and their		
	advantages-Concept of creativity - Identification of creative		
	pupils - relationship between intelligence and creativity -		
	convergent, divergent and lateral thinking - Steps of creativity-		
	fostering creativity-Personality. Meaning definition and types -		
	Major determinants of personality - Theories of personality:		
	Psycho analysis (Sigmund Freud) – Adjustment – Maturity –		
	Mantal Haulth Assassment of personality Projective		
	techniques Thematic Appareantion Test Integrated		
	nerronality		
Madaaf	Lecture Discussion Case Study Broblem solving		
transcation	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Problem solving.		
transaction			
Practicum	• Observe the various age group children (Early childhood,		
	Later childhood, Adolescent) in various environment like		
	classroom, playground, home, with parents, friends,		
	siblings and list down the characteristics of them.		
	• Visit a school (Practice Teaching) and find out the		
	different measures/activities taken by school or teachers		
	for healthy mental health of the children.		
References	Text Books:		
	• Bhatia, H. R. (1973). Elements of Educational Psychology, 5th edition,		
	Orient Longman.		
	• Bigge, M. L. (1982). Learning Theories for Teachers, (4th edition). New		
	York, Harper and Row Publishers. P.P. 89-90.		
	• Bolles, R. C. (1975): Learning Theory. New York, llolt, Rinehart and		
	Winston, 18-19.		
	• Chauhan. S.S. (1978): Advanced Educational Psych	ology. Vikas	
	Publishing house Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.		
	• Dandapani, S. (2001). A textbook of Advanced Education	al Psychology.	
	New Delhi: Annol Publications.	5 85	
	References:		
	• Dann R (1983) Can students identify their own Le	arning Styles?	
	Educational Leadership 40 P.P. 60-62	aming styles.	
	 Dash M (1988) Educational Psychology Delhi: De 	en and Deen	
	Publication	cp and Deep	
	• Durio I (1075) Derformance of Durils in the Desses	of Instruction	
	• Duric, L. (1975). Fertormance of Pupils in the Process Proticious CDN D.D. 54.00	or instruction.	
	$D = \frac{1}{2} (1000) = $	C E 1 / 1	
	• Duric, L. (1990). Educational Sciences: Essentials of Duricheles and Internet in the Durice of Education of Education and the Durice of Educ	Educational	
	Psychology. International Bureau of Education, UNESCO	J. New Delhi,	
	Sterling Publishers, P. 81.		

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	Ludhiana: Prakash Publishers.		
Course	After studying these chapters:		
Outcomes	• Students will understand the role of educational psychology the salient		
Guicomes	• Students will understand the fole of educational psychology the salient		
	teatures and problems of growth and development during childhood to		
	adolescence.		
	• Students will understand the process of learning and factors influencing		
	learning and to organize teaching for effective learning		
	• Students will understand the dynamics of personality development in		
	order to facilitate student trainees' and their students' personal growth		
	• Students will understand the concept of personality. Intelligence and		
	creativity and motivation for the better teaching and learning process.		
	• Students will be able to develop the ability to apply the knowledge of		
	Educational Psychology to rectify the classroom problems of various		
	kinde		
	KIIIUS.		

SECOND YEAR –CORE-II Template for Course Syllabus

Course Code & Title	CORE COURSE II(17BEDC02) : CONTEMPORARY INDIA AND EDUCATION		
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to: understand the concept and aims of Education develop the social realities of Indian society and its impact on education 		

•	apply the educational contributions of the Indian cum
	western thinkers
•	understand the contemporary issues in education and its
	educational implications
•	understand the historical developments in policy
	framework related to education

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Education and its various Levels: Meaning and definitions of	20 Hours
	Education-Formal, Non-formal and Informal education -	
	Objectives: pre-primary, primary, secondary and higher	
	secondary education -Statuary boards of education - Aims of	
	Education in Contemporary Indian society	
II	Education in Indian Society and Social Realities of Indian	20 Hours
	Society: The Constitutional Framework: The Indian Constitution	
	and Education -Status of Education in the Constitution –	
	Discrimination based on gender, caste, religion and disability -	
	Human Rights-Role of teachers in safeguarding and promoting	
	Drivetization	
TTT	Trends and Problems of Education in Indian Society	20 Hours
111	Population Poverty Illiteracy Child labour AIDS Terrorism -	20 110018
	transit schools - Unemployment and underemployment- Brain	
	drain- Privatization of Education at all levels	
IV	Philosophical Contribution of Indian and Western Thinkers	20 Hours
	in Education: Indian and western school of Philosophy:	20 110 010
	Idealism, Naturalism, Pragmatism and Realism - Educational	
	thoughts of Swami Vivekananda, Sri Aurobindo, Gandhiji,	
	Tagore, Rousseau, John Dewey - Their concept of knowledge,	
	aims of Education, method of instruction and evaluation.	
V	Policy Framework for Public Education in India : Education	20 Hours
	in Post-Independent India - Recommendations of commissions	
	and committees- National Policy on Education (1986, 1992) -	
	Universalization of Elementary Education – Sarva Shiksha	
	Abhiyan- RTE ACT-2009, RUSA- Major functions of	
	UGC,NAAC,NUPEA,NCTE,NCERT and SCERT.	
Mode of	Lectures, discussions, assignments, films on educational	
transaction	thinkers.	
Practicum	• Study the impact of Right to Education Act on schools	
	• Critical Analysis of Different Committees and	
	Commissions on Education	
Pafarancas	Toyt Books:	
Kelelences	Bhatirt B (1.083) The philosophical and Sociological	Foundation of
	Education New Delhi Doaba House.	

	 Dhankar. N. (2010). Education In Emerging Indian Society. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. Mehra D. D. (2009). Education in Emerging Indian Education, Indian Education. Ludhiyana: Tondan Publications, Books Market. Mehta, D. D. (2009). Education in Emerging Indian Education, Indian Education. Ludhiyana:Tondan Publications, Books Market. Narulla, S. &Naik, J. P. (1964). Student History of Education in India. McMillian& Co., of India Pvt. Ltd. National Policy and Education. (1986). MHRD. New Delhi: Govt. of India. References: Pathak, R. P. (2009). Philosophical and Sociological Foundations of Education. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers. Rao, D. B. (1996). G lobals Perception on Peace Education, Vol. I, II & III. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House. Rassekh, S., and Vaideanu, G. (1987). The contents of education. UNESCO, Paris: Richard Clay Ltd., Bungay, Suffolk, England. Siddiqui, M. H. (2009). Philosophical and Sociological foundation of Education. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation, APM Publication Corporation. Thakur, A. S., and Berwal, S. (2007). Education in Emerging Indian Society. New Delhi: National Publishing House.
Course Outcomes	 After studying these chapters: Students will understand the concept and aims of Education
	• Students will be able to develop the social realities of Indian society
	and its impact on education
	• Students will be able to apply the educational contributions of the
	Indian cum western thinkers
	• Students will understand the contemporary issues in education and
	its educational implications.
	• Students will understand the historical developments in policy
	framework related to education.

SECOND YEAR –CORE-III Template for Course Syllabus

Course Code & Title	CORE COURSE- III (17BED	DC03) ASSESSMEN	T OF LEARNING
Class	B. Ed	Year	Π
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to: get basic knowledge of assessment for learning write educational objectives know different techniques of evaluation, tools of evaluation and their uses 		

• understand the basic principles of classroom evaluation	
• compute simple statistics to assess the learning	

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Test, Measurement and Evaluation	20 Hours
	Measurement and Evaluation in Education - Meaning of	
	Testing, - Test as an instrument of evaluation -	
	Characteristics of the evaluation - Reporting evaluation results	
	-Steps of evaluation process - comprehensive and continuous -	
	Formative and summative evaluation - Norm reference &	
	criterion reference tests - Uses of evaluation.	
II	Writing Instructional Objectives: Educational Objectives -	20 Hours
	Learning outcomes as behavioural changes - Relationship	
	between educational objectives, learning experiences and	
	evaluation - Writing educational objectives - different kinds	
	like knowledge, understanding, application, skill, affect	
	attributes, behavioural terms and level of performance -	
	Measurable and non-measurable learning outcomes - Major	
	techniques of evaluation.	
III	Tools of Evaluation: Achievement tests ; standardized and	20 Hours
	teacher made tests - Diagnostic tests - Rating scale - Check	
	list - Anecdotal records - Socio-metric technique - Interview,	
	Questionnaire and inventory Characteristics of a good	
	test: Validity ; different methods of finding validity -	
	Reliability - different methods of finding reliability -	
	Objectivity - Interdependence of validity, reliability and	
	objectivity - Norms – Usability - Essay and Objective type	
	tests - Improving essay type questions - Different types of	
	objective tests.	
IV	Classroom Evaluation : Measurement and Evaluation- Debates,	20 Hours
	written reports, experiments, speeches, video/audio tapes,	
	demonstration, drawing, projects, classroom interaction, student	

	participation/involvement - construction of test - administering	
	the test- diagnostic test-criterion and norms referenced test -	
	Achievement test-uses and remedial measures – Continuous and	
	comprehensive evaluation.	
V	Fundamentals of Educational Statistics: Raw scores -	20 Hours
	Frequency distribution - Graphical representation of grouped	
	data - Measures of central tendency - Measures of variability -	
	Fundamental idea of Standard Score.	
Mode of transaction	Lectures, discussions, and assignments	
Practicum	 Analysis of previous three years X Standard Public Examination question papers. Construct Multiple Choice Questions in your subject and do item analysis 	
References	 subject and do item analysis Text Books: Aggarwal. (1997). Essentials of Examination System, Evaluation, Tests & Measurement. Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd. Alastair Irons. (2008). Enhancing Learning through Formative Assessment & Feedback. London: Routledge Taylor & Francis Group. Bharat Singh. (2004). Modern Educational Measurement & Evaluation System. New Delhi: Anmol Publications. Harry A. Geene, Albert N. Jorgensen & J.Raymond Gerberich. (2012). Measurement & Evaluation in the Secondary School. New Delhi: Surjeet Publications. Khan M.Abbas. (2007). Teacher's Handbook of Measurement & Evaluation. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt Ltd. Mirunalini (2011). Educational Evaluation, New Delhi: Neel Kamal Pub. Pvt.Ltd. References: Mujibul Hasan Siddiqui. (2013). Educational Evaluation. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. Panigrahi, S.C, & Patel, R.C. (2013). Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation. New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing Corporation. Pritam Singh. (2009) Dictionary of Curriculum & Evaluation. New Delhi. Atlantic Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd Robert L. Linn & Norman E. Gronlund. (2003). Measurement & Assessment in Teaching. Eighth Edition. Pearson Education. 	

	 Swarupa Rani, T, J.R. Priyadharsaini & D.Bhaskara Rao. (2004). <i>Educational Measurement & Evaluation</i>. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House Tom Kubiszyn & Gary Borich. (2003). <i>Educational Testing & Measurement-Classroom Applications & Practice</i>. Singapore: Seventh Edition. John Wiley & Sons.
Course	After studying these chapters:
Outcomes	
	• Students will get basic knowledge of assessment for learning
	• Students will write educational objectives
	• Students will know know different techniques of evaluation,
	tools of evaluation and their uses
	• Students will understand the basic principles of classroom evaluation.
	• Students will be able to compute simple statistics to assess the learning

SECOND YEAR –CORE-IV Template for Course Syllabus

Course Code & Title	(CORE COURSE-IV) 17BED CURRICULUM	OC04 - LANGUAG	E ACROSS THE
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		

	To enable the learner to:
Course Objectives	• Understand nature, function and role of language across the curriculum
	• Understand importance and use of first, second language and multi languages system
	• Acquire knowledge about the communication, and its types
	• Develop LSRW skills and to understand barriers to
	listening, speaking, reading, writing
	• Understand the various activities for developing language
	skills through language laboratory.

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Nature and function of Language:	20 Hours
	Language- meaning and concepts - Functions of	
	Language language learning - Theories of language learning -	
	teaching language as skill rather than knowledge subjects - Role	
	of Language across Curriculum - Barriers in using language and	
	strategies in overcome them.	
II	Language diversity in classroom:	20 Hours
	Learning mother tongue - First language - significance	
	of first language - role of home importing mother tongue -	
	second language - significance of teaching second language -	
	Using first and second language in the classroom – tri language	
	system – Multilingualism - relationship of language with	
	cultureDifference between second language and foreign	
	language.	
III	Language and Communication:	20 Hours
	Communication, Meaning and concept - Elements of	
	communication - Process of communication - Types of	
	communication, Verbal and non-verbal communication -	
	Interpersonal, intra-personal and mass communication - Ways	
	and means to developing communication skills at schools -	

	general barriers to communication. Developing techno pedagogy	
	skills.	
IV	Developing LSRW skills:	20 Hours
	Listening skills – sub skills of listening – listening for	
	perception - listening for comprehension - importance of	
	listening skills - Barriers to listening skills: Speaking skills -	
	importance of speaking skills - barriers to speaking skills;	
	Reading skills – importance of reading skills - barriers to reading	
	skills; Writing skills - importance of writing skills-barriers to	
	writing skills, characteristics of good writing.	
V	Language Laboratory and Language assessment:	20 Hours
	Language laboratory- basic materials required for	
	language laboratory – strategy and effective use. Computer	
	Assisted Language Learning. Assessment Methods of teaching	
	reading to beginners – Alphabet – Phonetic – word – phrase and	
	sentence method; testing auditory comprehension.	
Practicum	Organizing debate / stage speak / drama	
	Organizing essay writing or oratory competition	
References	 Text Books: . Betting, S.N.M & Belting (2009). The Modern High School Curriculum, Cosmo Pub, New Delhi Darian, S. (2003). Understanding the Language of Science. Austin: University of Texas Press. Dash, B.N (2010). Curriculum Planning and Development, Dominant Pub, New Delhi. Floyd,K.(2009). Interpersonal communication. New York. McGraw Hill Companies Inc. Kelley,A.V (2013). The Curricular Theory and Practice, Sage Pub, London References: Marlow Ediger & Digumurthi Bhaskara (2005). Philosophy and Curriculum, Discovery Pub, New Delhi. Pandey, M (2007). Concept of Curriculum Planning, Rajat Pub, New 	
	Delhi.	

	 Pritam Singh (2009). Dictionary of Curriculum and Evaluation, Atlantic Pub, New Delhi. Promina Sharma (2014). Principles of Curriculum, APH pub, New Delhi. Srivastava, D.S & Saitakumari (2012). Curriculum and Instruction, Isha Book Pub, New Delhi. Vashist, S.R (2008). The Theory of Curriculum, Anmol Publications, New Delhi. 	
Course	After studying these chapters:	
Outcomes	- Students will understand nature function and role of language comparts	
	• Students will understand nature, function and role of language across the	
	curriculum	
	• Students will understand importance and use of first, second language	
	and multi languages system	
	• Students will acquire knowledge about the communication, and its types	
	• Students will develop LSRW skills and to understand barriers to	
	listening, speaking, reading, writing.	
	• Students will understand the various activities for developing language	
	skills through language laboratory.	

SECOND YEAR –PEDAGOGY <u>Template for course syllabus</u>

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT – PART –I(17BEDPT01)
	தமிழ்மொழி கற்பித்தல் - I

Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 தமிழ் மொழியின் தே பாடத்திட்டத்தின் மு கலைத்திட்டத்தில் செலைத்திட்டத்தில் செல்றித்தல் வளமூலா நூலகம் பற்றி அறித வினாத்தாள் வடிவனை 	 தமிழ் மொழியின் தோற்றம், நோக்கங்கள் பற்றி அறிதல் பாடத்திட்டத்தின் முக்கியத்துவத்கை பற்றி அறிதல் கலைத்திட்டத்தில் மொழியின் இடம் பற்றி அறிதல் கற்பித்தல் வளமூலங்கள், பாடப்புத்தகத்தின் தன்மை மற்றும் நூலகம் பற்றி அறிதல் வினாத்தாள் வடிவமைப்பை பற்றி தெரிந்து கொள்ளுதல் 	

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
I	: தாய்மொழிக் கற்பித்தலின் நோக்கங்கள், பயன்கள் மொழி – தோற்றம் - தமிழ் மொழியின் தன்மை மற்றும் கட்டமைப்பு – தமிழ் மொழி கற்பித்தலின் நோக்கம் - தமிழ் கற்பித்தலின் மதிப்பு - புளுமின் கற்பித்தல் கோட்பாடுகள் - நுண்நிலை கற்பித்தல் திறன்கள்: பல்வகை தூண்டல்களை பயன்படுத்தும் திறன் - கிளா் வினா திறன் - வலுவூட்டிகளை பயன்படுத்தும் திறன் - கரும்பலகையை பயன்படுத்தும் திறன் - இணைப்பு பயிற்சி.	20 Hours
Π	: தமிழ் பாடத்திட்டம் மற்றும் கற்பித்தல் முறைகள் ஆண்டு திட்டம் - அலகுதிட்டம் - பாடத்திட்டம் : வரையறை – நோக்கம் - முக்கியத்துவம் - படிநிலைகள் - பாடத்திட்டம் தயாரித்தல் - கால அட்டவணை – நிறைகள் மற்றும் குறைகள் - கற்பித்தல் முறைகள்: விரிவுரை முறை – விதிவருமுறை – விதி விளக்கமுறை – விளையாட்டு முறை – வாழ்க்கை வரலாற்று முறை – வருணனை முறை – உரையாடல் முறை – விவாத முறை - கற்பனை முறை - சிந்தனை முறை - சொற்றொடராக்கப் பயிற்சி முறை.	20 Hours
III	கல்வி ஏற்பாடு சிறந்த பாடநூல்களைத் தயாரித்தல் - இயல்புகள் - மொழியாசிரியரின் தன்மைகள்: கல்வித்தகுதி – பயிற்சி – மொழிப்பற்று - இலக்கண இலக்கிய புலமை - எடுத்துக் கூறும் ஆற்றல் - திறமையாக எழுதும் திறன் - கலையார்வம் - மாணவர்களுக்கு நல்ல முன்மாதிரியாக இருத்தல்	20 Hours
IV	தமிழ் மொழி கற்பித்தலின் நுட்பக் கூறுகள் கற்பித்தல் துணைக்கருவிகள் - பயன்பாடு – ஒளிப்புகும் கருவிகள் - ஒளிப்புகா கருவிகள் - வானொலி - தொலைக்காட்சி பெட்டி – மொழி பயிற்றாய்வுக் கூடம் - கற்பிக்கும் பொறிகள் - கற்பித்தல் மூலங்கள் : பாடப்புத்தகம் - பாடப்புத்தகத்தின் தன்மைகள் - பாடப்புத்தகத்தை தோதெடுத்தல் - நூலகம்.	20 Hours
V		20 Hours

	வினாத்தாள் வடிவமைப்பு - ஆசிரியர்களால் உருவாக்கப்படும் தேர்வுகள் - தரப்படுத்தப்பட்ட தேர்வுகள் - நல்ல மதிப்பீட்டு கருவியின் பண்பு நலன்கள் - குறையறி சோதனைகள் - அடைவுச்சோதனைகள் - மையப்போக்கு அளவைகள்: கூட்டுச்
	திட்ட விலக்கம் - கால்மான விலக்கம் - ஒட்டுறவு
Practicum	 தமிழ் கவிஞர் ஒருவரின் வாழ்க்கை வரலாறு எழுதுக. தமிழ் பாடத்தலைப்பு ஒன்றிற்கு வினாத்தாள் வடிவமைக்க.
References	 Text Books: வேணுகோபால் இ.பா (2012). பொதுத் தமிழ் கற்பித்தல் . சென்னை: சாரதா பதிப்பகம். கணபதி. வி. ரூ சந்திரிகா ராஜமோகன். (1992). நற்றமிழ் கற்பிக்கும் முறைகள். சென்னை: சாந்தா பப்ளிசாஸ். கார்த்திகேசு சிவதம்பி, (1996). தமிழ் கற்பித்தலில் உன்னதம். சென்னை: நியூசெஞ்சுரி புக் ஹாவுஸ். பாண்டியன், செ. (1983). திட்டத்தைக் கற்றல் - ஒர் அறிமுகம். புதுக்கோட்டை: மீனாட்சி பதிப்பகம். சிவப்பிரகாசம், க. (1996). பிழையின்றி பேச எழுத. சேலம்: இராணி புதிப்பகம். திருமலை, ம. சு. (1988). தமிழ் கற்பித்தல். சென்னை: மணிவாசகர் புதிப்பகம். மருகரத்தினம், தி. (1986). தமிழ் கற்பித்தல். சென்னை: மணிவாசகர் புதிப்பகம். முருகரத்தினம், தி. (1986). தமிழ் வாழும் அண்டை நாடுகளில் தமிழ்க் கல்வி. தஞ்சை: தமிழ் பல்கலைக்கழகம் References: ரெட்டியார், சு. ந. (1994). தமிழ் பயிற்று முறைகள். திருநெல்வேலி: கழக வெளியீடு. வத்தியநாதன், பி. கே. ரூ உலகநாதன். (1985). தமிழ் கற்பிக்கும் முறை. சென்னை: சாந்தா ஆர்ட்பிரஸ். கோவிந்தராசன், மு. (1997). நற்றதமிழ் பயிற்றலின் நோக்கமும் முறையும். சென்னை: சரஸ்வதி புதிப்பகம்.
Course Outcomes	After studying these chapter: • தமிழ் மொழியின் தோற்றம், நோக்கங்கள் பற்றி ஆசிரியர்களால அறிதல் • கற்பித்தல் முறைகள பாடத்திட்டத்தின் முக்கியத்துவத்கை பற்றி அறிதல் • சிறந்த பாடநூல்களைத் தயாரித்தல மற்றும் கலைத்திட்டத்தில்
	மொழியின் இடம் பற்றி அறிதல் ● பாடப்புத்தகத்தின் தன்மை மற்றும் நூலகம் கற்பித்தல் வளமூலங்கள், பற்றி அறிதல்

•	ஆசிரியர்களால கொள்ளுதல்	வினாத்தாள்	ഖடிவமைப்பை	பற்றி	தெரிந்து

SECOND YEAR PEDAGOGY - PART -II Template for Course Syllabus

Course Code &	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT (17BEDPEL01)			
Title	ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION			
Class	B. Ed	Year	II	

Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to Realize the status of English language as an international as well as second language in India. Know and enrich the curricular concepts. Provide opportunities to use and practice LSRW skills with different strategies and techniques. Learn and develop the resources of English language teaching. Comprehend the purpose of tests and examinations.

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Aims, Objectives of teaching English :The place of English in India - Contemporary needs in terms of globalization - The structure of English language: phonological, morphological and syntactic - Aims, goals, objectives – Formulation of performance objectives – cognitive – affective – psychomotor levels –The objectives of teaching each of the four major skills at different levels – listening, speaking, reading and writing.	20 Hours
II	Curriculum Designing: Development – Content Selection – Skill-based – Structure-based – Situation-based – Logical and Psychological – Continuity and Sequence – Curriculum Revision and Improvement – NCERT – DIET – SCERT – ELT, English.	20 Hours
Π	Methods, Techniques and Teaching language skills : Microteaching – skills: explaining, introducing a new lexical item, probing question, stimulus variation, effective use of Black Board – link practice - Grammar - translation method – bilingual method – the Direct method –Structural approach - situational approach - Wilkins's Notional Syllabus - Communicative approach – Teaching of prose, poetry and grammar – Teaching of vocabulary - Unit plan – lesson plan – strategies for classroom transaction - Teaching LSRW – Developing LSRW - Types: Intensive and Extensive, Skimming and Scanning - reading aloud and silent reading – Writing – Types of Composition: Controlled, Guided, Free-writing and Writing summary from notes made - Correction Work.	20 Hours

IV	Equipment and Resources: Language Laboratory – Tape	20 Hours		
	Recorder – Language Discs – Audio Cassettes – Video			
	Tapes – Talking Books – T.V. – Computer – English Films			
	– Library: Dictionary – Reference Books – Encyclopedia –			
	Teaching Aids – Flash Cards – Objects – Pictures – Black			
	board – Flannel Board – Charts – Models – Cut-outs –			
	Scrolls – Match-stick Drawing – Substitution Table –			
	Album – Sketches – Preparation of software for teaching			
	Skills – Use of Internet - Audio-Visual Aids: Blackboard			
	Pictures Cartoons - Different kinds of Letters Flash Cards			
	Use of Electronic Media: Television VI C. Computer			
	- Use of Electronic Media. Television, V.L.C., Computer,			
X 7	Evolucition - Subjective and Objective Tests - Testing:	20 Hours		
v	Evaluation : Subjective and Objective Tests – Testing:	20 Hours		
	Listening Skills – Reading – Reading Comprehension –			
	Oral: Pronunciation and Fluency Test – Testing: Writing			
	Skill – Vocabulary – Blue-print – Construction of an			
	Achievement Test – Characteristics of a Good Test –			
	Interpretation of Test Results – Mean – Standard Deviation			
	– Correlation- Need for Continuous Evaluation and			
	Cumulative Record.			
Method of	Lecture, Discussion, Assignment, Role Play, Dramatization			
transaction				
Practicum	• Practice in quick black board sketches for the purpose of			
	introducing a new item (includes Grammar).			
	• Collection of puzzle games.			
References	Taxt Books.			
Kererences	Barrett H (1968) Practical Mathads in Speech S	an Francisco.		
	Rinehart Press	an Trancisco.		
	• Boadi L A Grieve D N & Navankwo B (1968)	Grammatical		
	Structure and its Teaching. Nigeria. Lagas: African Univ	versity Press &		
	Ginn and Company Ltd.,	5		
	• Bright, J. A & MCGregor, G. P. (1978). Teaching English as a Second			
	Language. London: Longman Group Ltd.			
	• Broughton, G. (1978). Teaching English as a Foreign Language.			
	London, Boston: Roultedge & Kegan Paul.			
	• Chatterjee, Kalyan. K. (1976). English Education In India. New Delhi:			
	The MacMillan Company of India Ltd.			
	• Currie, B. W. (1973). New Directions in Teaching English Language.			
	London: Longmon Group Limited.			
	• David Pearson, P & Johnson, D. D. (1972). Teaching Reading			
	Comprehension. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.			
	• Davidson, G. (2004). New Methods of Teaching Englis	h. Delhi: IVY		
	Publishing House.			
	Harris R (1996) Signs Language and Communication London &			
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	Naw Vork: Poutladge			
	New Tork. Routledge.			
	References:			
	• Oliver, R. T & Cortright, R. L. (1970). Effective Speech. San Francisco:			
	Rinehart Press.			
	• Robert Lado. (1964). Language Teaching – A Scientific Approach.			
	Bombay: Tata Mc Graw – Hill Publishing Co Ltd.			
	• Robinett, B. W. (1978). Teaching English to Speakers of Other			
	Languages-Substance and Technique. New York: University of			
	Minnesota Press & MC Grew- Hill Inter National Book Company.			
	• Smith, Frank. (1971). Understanding Reading. New York: HOLT,			
	Rinehart, and Winston.			
	• Smith Frank (1975) Comprehension and Learning, New York:			
	HOLT. Rinehart. and Winston.			
Course	After studying these chapters:			
Outcomes				
Outcomes	• Students will realize the status of English language as an			
	• Students will realize the status of Eligiish language as an			
	international as well as second language in India.			
	• Students will know and enrich the curricular concepts.			
	• Students will get opportunities to use and practice LSRW skills			
	with different strategies and techniques			
	• Students will loom and develop the resources of English longuage			
	• Students will learn and develop the resources of English language			
	teaching.			
	• Students will be able to comprehend the purpose of tests and			
	examinations.			

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL S Special Tami	SUBJECT – PART l Language Educat	-II (17BEDPST02) ion
Class	B. Ed	Year	Π
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		

	🕨 தமிழ் மொழியின் கொள்கைகள் பற்றி அறிதல்
Course	≽ தேசியக் கல்விக் கொள்கையில் ஆசிரியரின் பங்கினை பற்றி
Objectives	அறிதல்
	≻ கற்பனை மற்றும் உணர்ச்சி பற்றி பற்றி அறிதல்
	🕨 இசைத்தமிழ் பற்றி தெரிந்து கொள்ளுதல்
	≻ சங்க காலம் முதல் இக்காலம் வரை நாடகத்தமிழின்
	நிலையை பற்றி அறிதல்

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
I	மோழி : மொழி – மொழியின் பண்புகள் – கிளை மொழியின் தோற்றக் கொள்கை – மொழியின் வளர்ச்சி - தமிழ்மொழியின் வரலாறு - தமிழ்மொழியின் கிளைமொழிக் கொள்கைகள் -	20 Hours
	பேச்சு மொழியும் எழுத்து மொழியும் - சிறப்பு மொழி – பண்பு மொழிக் கொள்கை – தமிழ் மொழியின் தனித்தன்மைகள்.	
II	கலைத்திட்டமும் - தாய்மொழியும் தேசிய இலக்குகளுக்கும் கல்வி நோக்கங்களுக்குமுள்ள தொடர்பு – கலைத்திட்டத்தில் தாய்மொழி பெறுமிடம் - தேசிய கல்விக் கொள்கையில் கலைக்கல்வி - கலைத்திட்ட கோட்பாடு - ஆரம்ப, இடை, உயர்நிலைகளின் தேசியக் கல்வியின் குறிக்கோள்களும் பள்ளிக் கலைத் திட்டத்திற்குமுள்ள தொடர்பு - கலைக்கல்வியின் இன்றியமையாமை – தேசியக் கல்விக் கொள்கையில் ஆசிரியரின் பங்கு	20 Hours
III	இயல் தமிழ் : இலக்கிய வகை - கவிதை – கற்பனை: விளக்கம் - உணர்ச்சி – வடிவம். பாடுபொருள்- உள்ளுறை: உள்ளுறை உவமம் - உள்ளுறை உவமை - இறைச்சி: உள்ளுறையும் இறைச்சியும் - இறைச்சியால் பெற்ற பொருள் - புதுக் கவிதை	20 Hours
IV	இசைத்தமிழ் இசையும் தமிழும் - மொழிக் கல்வியில் இசை பெறுமிடம் - தொல்காப்பியத்தில் காணலாகும் இசைத்தமிழ்க் கூறுகள் - பக்திப் பாடல்கள் இசை – நாட்டுப்புறப் பாடல்களில் இசை – தற்காலக் கவிதை வளர்ச்சிக்கு இசையின் பங்களிப்பு	20 Hours
V	நாடகத் தமிழ்: நாடகத்தின் தோற்றமும் வளர்ச்சியும் - சங்க காலம் முதல் இக்காலம் வரை - சங்க இலக்கியம் ஒரு கூத்து நாடகம் - சிலப்பதிகாரத்தில் காணப்படும் நாடகச் செய்திகள் - அமைப்பு –வகைப்பாடு - இக்கால நாடகங்கள் - எழுத்து நாடகம் - வாணொலி நாடகம் - வட்டார மொழி நாடகம் - செய்யுளை நாடகமாக்கிக் கற்பித்தல் - நாடகத் தமிழ் உத்திகள்	20 Hours
Practicum	 கவிதை எழுதுதல். நாட்டுப்புறப்பாடல் ஒன்றினை எழுதுதல் . 	
References	Text Books:	ல் . சென்னை: சன்னை: சாரதா ன: நிபுசெஞ்சுரி

	புக் ஹவுஸ். • சிவப்பிரகாசம், க. (1996). பிழையின்றி பேச எழுத . சேலம்: இராணி
	பதுப்பகம். • திருமலை, ம. சு. (1998). தமிழ் கற்பித்தல். சென்னை: மணிவாசகர் பதிப்பகம்.
	 முருகரத்தினம், தி. (1986). தமிழ் வாழும் அண்டை நாடுகளில் தமிழ்க் கல்வி. தஞ்சை: தமிழ் பல்கலைக்கழகம்.
	References:
	 ரெட்டியார், சு. ந. (1994). தமிழ் பயிற்று முறைகள். திருநெல்வேலி: கழக வெளியீடு.
	 வைத்தியநாதன், பி. கே. ரூ உலகநாதன். (1985). தமிழ் கற்பிக்கும் முறை. சென்னை: சாந்தா ஆர்ட்பிரஸ்.
	 கோவிந்தராசன், மு. (1997). நற்றதமிழ் பயிற்றலின் நோக்கமும் முறையும். சென்னை: சரஸ்வதி பதிப்பகம்.
	 பங்கஐம் ஐி. (2007). கல்வியும் சமுதாயமும். சென்னை: சாரதா பதிப்பகம்.
Course	After studying these chapters
Outcomes	🕨 ஆசிரியர்களால் தமிழ் மொழியின் கொள்கைகள் பற்றி அறிதல்
	கலைத்திட்டத்தில் தாய்மொழி பெறுமிடம் மற்றும் தேசியக் கல்விக் கொள்கையில் ஆசிரியரின் பங்கினை பற்றி அறிதல்
	≻ கற்பனை மற்றும் உணா்ச்சி பற்றி ஆசிரியா்களால அறிதல்
	≻ நாட்டுப்புறப் பாடல்களில் இசை மற்றும் இசைத்தமிழ் பற்றி ஆசிரியர்களால தெரிந்து கொள்ளுதல்
	🍃 ஆசிரியர்களால சங்க காலம் முதல் இக்காலம் வரை நாடகத் தமிழ்
	உத்திகள் நிலையை பற்றி அறிதல்

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL S	SUBJECT(17BEDP UAGE EDUCATIO	SE02) – PART -II N
Class	B. Ed	Year	II

Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to Understand the structure of English Language teaching. Acquire a working knowledge of the facts of the language and its psychology. Improve spoken English, Reading ability and Writing ability for Teaching English.
	 Develop the ability to write in an appropriate word formation and sentence structure. Objectives of language testing and to develop knowledge of different types of tests.

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Structure of English Language: Phonology, morphology and	20 Hours
	syntax - Phonetics and Phonology - Production of Speech	
	Sounds - Description of Speech Sounds - Symbols and	
	transcription - Syllable - Word Stress - Sentence Stress -	
	Aspects of Connected Speech - Assimilation - Elision -	
	Intonation – Functions of Intonation – Received Pronunciation.	
II	Psychology of English Language: English Language – Recent	20 Hours
	Approaches and Methods in Language Teaching – Functional	
	and Notional Approach – Communicative Language Teaching –	
	Teacher Centered Instructional Approaches- Lecture -	
	Recitation – Socratic– Student Centered Instructional	
	Approaches: Discussion, - Panel - Debate - Role Play - Co-	
	operative Learning –Microteaching: Skill Practice- Five Skills:	
	Dramatization, Questioning, Illustration, Reinforcement &	
	Explanation. Integration Skills- Link practice – Unit Plan –	
	Lesson Plan.	
III	Reading & Writing Skills: The process of reading – Reading	20 Hours
	for required information: Scanning - Skimming - Identifying	
	topic sentence and supporting details - SQ3R Approach to	
	reading - Transfer of information: note-making, table and	
	graphic representation of material read - Teaching strategy -	

	Note Taking and Note Making - Paragraph Writing: expanding	
	topic sentence - Essay Writing: making an outline from mind	
	mapping – Letter Writing – Report Writing, Sentence Cohesion.	
IV	Word and Sentence Formation in Language Teaching:	20 Hours
	Affixation, conversion, compounding - Patterns of spelling and	
	spelling rules - phrasal verbs and prepositional phrase - Noun	
	Phrase, Verb Phrase, Head Word, Modifiers - Verb: tenses,	
	auxiliaries Types of sentences- Simple, Complex and Compound	
	- prepositions and articles- question, negative forms and question	
	tags.	
V	Evaluation of Language Teaching: Objectives of Language	20 Hours
	Testing – Conduct of Achievement Test – Scoring – Tabulation	
	- Interpretation of Score - Mean, Standard Deviation and	
	Correlation- Knowledge of Different Types of Tests - Qualities	
	of a Good Test, Continuous and Cumulative Record - Using	
	different types of Dictionaries.	
Practicum	• Prepare an album of Phonetic scripts, and articulation of	
	vowels and consonants.	
	• Preparation of aids to make the students to understand	
	the Prose / Poetry concepts.	
References	Text Books.	
	 Andrew Wright, David Batteridge and Michael Buckby of for Language Learning, Syndicate of the University of Can Chris Harner & Vicki erf (2007). Creative Teaching Eng Francis, USA & Canada. Damodas, G, Shallaja, P & Rajeshwar (2008). If Globalization and the Teaching of English, Atlantic Publication, New Delhi. James L Shanhar & Eldon E.Ekwall (1998). Locating a Reading Difficulties, Library of Congress cataloguing Data, USA. Punitha Govil (2007). Teaching of English, H.P. Bhargava Agra. 	(2004). Games nbridge, U.K. lish, Taylor & Γ revaluation, and Correcting in Publication a Book House,
	Keferences:	

	 Punitha Govil (2007). Teaching of English, H.P. Bhargava Book House, Agra. Ramabhadra Charyulu & Sarojini B.B (2010). Methods of Teaching English, Neelkamal pub, Hydrabad. Salim, B (2007). A Companion to Teaching of English, Atlantic Publications, New Delhi. Sinha,B.B (2005). Mastering Effective English, APH Pub, New Delhi.
Course	• After studying these shorters:
Outcomes	• Students will understand the structure of English Language
	teaching
	teaching.
	• Students will acquire a working knowledge of the facts of the
	language and its psychology.
	• Students will be able to improve spoken English, Reading ability
	and Writing ability for Teaching English.
	• Students can develop the ability to write in an appropriate word
	formation and sentence structure.
	• Students will get the objectives of language testing and to develop
	knowledge of different types of tests.

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL S (17BEDPME01) MATHEM	SUBJECT - PART - IATICS EDUCATI	- II ON
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level			

	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5
	To enable the learner to
Course Objectives	• acquire knowledge of the nature of Mathematics and the aims & the objectives of teaching Mathematics.
	• apply the principles of evaluation and related concepts.
	• identify effective methods and techniques of teaching Mathematics.
	• develop effective instructional skills.
	• develop ability to prepare a blue-print for unit test and apply the principles of educational statistics to interpret test results.

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours		
Ι	Aims and Objectives: Need and significance of teaching	20 Hours		
	mathematics – Aims: Practical, Social, Disciplinary and			
	Cultural - Correlation with Physics, Chemistry, Biology and			
	Geography – Objectives of teaching mathematics –			
	Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational objectives.			
II	Micro Teaching, Instructional Planning and Strategies:	20 Hours		
	Micro teaching -An understanding and practice of any 5			
	skills in microteaching – Link practice - Year plan – Unit			
	plan – Lesson plan. Lecture – Lecture cum demonstration –			
	– Laboratory – ABL, ALM – Problem solving method –			
	Limitation of each method — Team teaching –			
	Mathematics teacher: characteristics and roles.			
III	Learning strategies: Group learning inside the class room	20 Hours		
	– CAI — Field trips – Surveys – Projects – Individual			
	learning outside the class room – Assignments –			
	Instructional materials – Need and importance - Web			
	Based Learning.	20.11		
IV	Evaluation: Achievement test in mathematics – Subjective	20 Hours		
	and objective tests – Blueprint – Teacher made and			
	standardized tests - Oral – Written and performance tests –			
	Diagnostic and prognostic tests – Characteristic of a good			
	test – Measures of central tendency – SD – Rank			
X 7		20 11		
v	Equipments, Resources and AVE: Text-books – Black	20 Hours		
	board – instruments and apparatus – Keierence-books –			
	Hand-books – work-books – Library – Mathematics club –			
	Kaulo – Iv – Computer. Non-projected alds – Charts,			
	Graphs, Radio – Projected aids – Episcope, Slides,			

	Filmstrips, OHP, Transparencies, Need for improvised aids.					
Mode of transaction	Lecture, Demonstration, Assignment and Project					
Practicum	Preparation of teaching aids.					
	• Organization of outdoor activity in mathematics for the pupils.					
References	 Text Books: Aggarwal, S. M., (1994). Teaching Modern of Mathematics. Delhi: Dhanpat Rai& Sons. Backhouse, J. K. (1967). Statistics. London: Longman. Clausen-may, Tandi. (2005). Teaching Maths to Pupils with different Learning Styles. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Gronlund, N. E. and Linn, R. L. (1990). Measurement and Evaluation in Teaching. New York: The Macmillan Company. Gupta, H. N. and Shankaran, V. (Ed.), (1984). Content-Cum-Methodology of Teaching Mathematics. New Delhi: NCERT. 					
	 Hogben, Lancelot. (1960). Mathematics for The Million. New York: W.W. Norton & Company Inc., Johan R. E. et. Al, (1961). Modern Algebra; First Course. USA: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company Inc. Richard, Goodman. (1967). Teach Yourself Statistics. London: The English Language Book Society. Sarna, C. S. Gupta R. G. &Garg, P. K. (1995). Mathematics for secondary Schools. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot. Sheffield, LaidaJengen. (2005). Studying the Challenge in Mathematics. London: Sage Publication. 					
Course	After studying these chapters:					
Outcomes	• Students will acquire knowledge of the nature of Mathematics and the aims & the objectives of teaching Mathematics.					
	• Students will be able to apply the principles of evaluation and related concepts.					
	• Students will be able to identify effective methods and techniques of teaching Mathematics.					
	• Students can develop effective instructional skills.					

• Students will be able to prepare a blue-print for unit test and apply
the principles of educational statistics to interpret test results.

Course Code &	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT - PART – II(17BEDPPE01)
Title	PHYSICAL SCIENCE EDUCATION

Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to Comprehend the object Secondary and Higher Develop the skills in methods and technic stimulate and inculcate Develop the skills to physical science. Help the students in special requirements level. Develop the skill of field-work for learning 	ctives of teaching f Secondary classes using appropriate ques of teaching e the spirit of scien to utilize the app organizing instruc at secondary and f organizing labor g physical science.	physical science in modern strategies, physical science, tific inquiry. propriate media in ctions to meet the higher secondary atory and outdoor

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Aims and Objectives: Aims and Objectives of Teaching	20 Hours
	Physical Science – Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational	
	objectives: Cognitive, Affective and Psychomotor -	
	Specifying Objectives- Correlation with Other Subjects -	
	Values of Teaching Physical Science.	
II	Micro Teaching, Instructional Planning and Strategies:	20 Hours
	Micro teaching -An understanding and practice of any 5	
	skills in microteaching – Link practice - Year plan – Unit	
	plan – Lesson plan - Lecture, Demonstration and Historical	
	Biographical methods - Scientific Approach, Scientific-	
	Temper, Attitude and Interest.	
III	Learning Strategies: Learning Strategies in Physical	20 Hours
	Science – Group Learning, Seminar, Group Experiments,	
	viz., Projects, Field Trips, Science Fairs, Exhibition -	
	Personalized Learning Method (PLM), Dalton Plan,	
	Discovery, Computer Assisted Instruction (CAI), -	
	Assignment, Science Club and Excursion.	
IV	Evaluation: Achievement test in physical science –	20 Hours
	Subjective and objective tests – Blueprint – Teacher made	

	and standardized tests - Oral and Written test – Diagnostic	
	and prognostic tests – Characteristic of a good test –	
	Interpretations test results – Measures of central tendency –	
	SD – Rank correlation – Cumulative record - Diagnosis and	
	remedial teaching	
V	Equipment, Resources and AVE: Text-book –	20 Hours
	Characteristics of a Good Text-book - Laboratory -	
	Planning, Equipping, organizing and Managing Lab Work -	
	Accident Prevention – Safety Measures - Science Library –	
	Science Magazines and Science Club.	
	Non-projected Aids: Charts Graphs Models Specimens -	
	Projected Aids: Slides Filmstrins OHPs and	
	Transparencies Improvised Aids Need for Improvised	
	Aida	
	Alds.	
Mode of	Lecture Demonstration Assignment and Project	
transaction	Lecture, Demonstration, Assignment and Project	
Practicum	• Writing a Lesson Plan.	
	• Preparation of Blueprint.	
-		
References	Text Books:	
	• Aruseivi. E. (2007). Leaching of Science. Cher Publications	inai: Saradha
	• Cupto S K (1983) Technology of Science Edu	cotion New
	Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt I td	
	• Gupta, S. K. (1985). Teaching Physical Sciences i	n Secondary
	School. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.	
	• Mangal, S. K. (1995). Teaching of Physical and I	Life Sciences.
	Delhi: Arya Book Depot.	
	• Mangal, S. K., & Mangal, S. (2005). Essentials of	Educational
	Technology and Management. Meerut: Loyal Book	Depot.
	References:	
	• Nayak, (2003). Teaching of Physics. New	Delhi: APH
	Publications.	
	• Sharma, P. C. (2006). Modern Science Teaching.	New Delhi:
	Dhanpat Rai publications.	
	• Sharma, R. C. (1990). Modern Science Teaching	New Delhi:

	 Dhanpat Rai& Sons. Sharma, R. C. (2007). Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Dhanpat Rai publications. Thurber, W. A. & Collette, A. T. (1964). Teaching Science in today's Secondary Schools. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
Course Outcomes	 After studying these chapters: Students will comprehend the objectives of teaching physical science in Secondary and Higher Secondary classes. Students will be able to develop the skills in using appropriate modern strategies, methods and techniques of teaching physical science, stimulate and inculcate the spirit of scientific inquiry. Students will be able to develop the skills to utilize the appropriate media in physical science. Students will get the knowledge of organizing instructions to meet the special requirements at secondary and higher secondary level. Students will be able to develop the skill of organizing laboratory and outdoor field-work for learning physical science.

Course Code &		
Title		

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT - PART – II 17BEDPBE01. BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE EDUCATION

Class	B. Ed	Year	II	
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5			
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to: acquire the knowled biology and its currice understand the concerprocess and principles apply the microteach teaching methods by p develop the laborate maintenance processes Understand the processes 	lge of the terms ular importance, epts of lesson plan s, ung skills and vari practices, tory skills, its de es, ess of evaluation	used for teaching and unit planning ious approaches of esign, safety and and different test	

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
I	GOAL'S AND OBJECTIVES OF BIOLOGY SCIENCE: Introduction, its aims, acquisition of knowledge and understanding – scientific skills, abilities and process - its classification-Individual and societal Perspectives-Science and changing nature of facts- Biology: importance – biology in science curriculum- Types of values – relationship of biology with daily life – its relationship with life science and non-science subjects – educational and instructional objectives – Bloom's Taxonomy and its domains – general aims of teaching	20 Hours
Π	LESSON AND UNIT PLANNING: Introduction- conceptualizing a lesson plan – need – characteristics and elements of good lesson plan – writing and planning instructional objectives – types of lesson plan – components and evaluation of lesson planning – Model lesson plans for Botany and Zoology – steps in developing good unit – teaching and teaching aids – evaluation, recapitulation and assignments – proforma for a unit plan.	20 Hours
III	MICROTEACHING AND METHODS OF TEACHING BIOLOGY: Introduction, definition – microteaching cycle – Teaching skills and their specification types – Introduction,	20 Hours

	explaining, stimulus variation, questioning, demonstration, reinforcement, achieving closure, classroom management, using blackboard – Link lesion: definition and need. Criteria for selection of method – level, time availability and size of class – availability of learning materials and subject matters – Approaches: Inductive and deductive – Analytic, synthetic and Heuristic method – Dalton's plan - Instruction: Programmed, personalized and Computer assisted instruction – Special methods: Lecture, demonstration, laboratory, project, scientific, seminar, symposium, workshop, panel discussion, team teaching, assignment and discussion methods.	
IV	BIOLOGY TEACHER AND LABORATORY: Academic qualification and professional training – Pre and In-service training – classroom climate: Its importance and promoting positivity – Flanders Interaction analysis. Laboratory: Introduction, organizing practical classes and importance – laboratory planning, designing and structural aspects and storage – first aid and safety equipment's - Museum: Importance and preparation materials – fieldtrips – maintenance: Aquarium, Vivarium and Terrarium.	20 Hours
V	EVALUATION AND STATISTICS Test and types: Introduction, principles of test construction, blue print, model question papers and question bank collection – Tests: diagnostic, prognostic, achievement, criterion referenced , norm referenced – steps in test construction - Test items: Essay, short answers, matching, multiple choice, scoring and follow up. Measurements of tests: Mean median, mode, standard deviation, range quartile deviation and correlation – Data representation: Bar, pie, histogram, frequency polygon, cumulative frequency curve, percentile ranks, normal probability curve and its properties, kurtosis and skewness	20 Hours
Practicum	Internal Practical: • Construction of model lesson.	
	Make individual Flanders Interaction analysis after Microteaching	
References	Text Books: • Aggarwal, J.C (2002). "Essentials of educational technology"	ogy, Teaching

 <i>learning innovations in education</i>", Vikas publications, New Delhi. Chhikara, M.S and Sharma S (2002). "<i>Teaching of Biology (Life Sciences)</i>", Tandon publications, Ludhiana. Hellmut, R Lang; Arthur Mc Beath and Jo Herbert (1995). "<i>Teaching strategies and methods for student-centred instruction</i>", Harcourt Brace and Co, USA. Hemalatha, Kalaimathi and Asir J.R (2012). "<i>Teaching of Biology</i>", Neelkamal Publications, Hyderabad. Mangal, S.K (2005). "<i>Foundations of Educational Technology</i>", Tandon Publications, Ludhiana.
References:
• Radha, Mohan (2002). "Innovative science teaching for Physical Sciences", Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
• Rajyalakmi (2003). " <i>Methods of teaching biological science</i> ", Neelkamal Publications, Hyderabad.
• Sharma, L.M (2003). "Teaching of science and Life sciences", Dhanapat Rai publications, New Delhi.
• Sharma, R.C and Shukla C.S (2002). "Modern science teaching",
Dhanapat Rai publications, New Deini.
• Siddiqi and Siddiqi (2002). "Teaching of science today and tomorrow", Doaba House, New Delhi.
After studying these chapters:
• Students will acquire the knowledge of the terms used for teaching
biology and its curricular importance,
• Students will be able to understand the concepts of lesson plan and
unit planning process and principles,
• Students will be able to apply the microteaching skills and various
approaches of teaching methods by practices,
• Students will be able to develop the laboratory skills, its design.
safety and maintenance processes.
• Students will understand the process of evaluation and different test
construction methods.

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT - PART – II(17BEDPCS01)
	COMPUTER SCIENCE EDUCATION

Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to Acquire the skill fundamentals. Acquire the skill of a Do statistical calcula Develop the knowl ability through comp Familiar with the lat 	of using the co using utility of wo ations using spread edge of PowerP outer. est trends of ICT	omputers and its ord processing. d sheet utility. Point presentation in Education.

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Computer fundamentals: Characteristics of Computes –	20 Hours
	Classification of computers - Input and output devices -	
	Operating Systems: Different Operating systems:	
	Windows, Linux, Mac: General idea about these OSs -	
	Introduction to Windows: Desktop, My Computer, folders	
	and files, Explorer, other utilities: Clock and Calendar;	
	other facilities; saving, accessing, searching and deleting	
	files.	
II	Word Processing: Introduction – Entering Text –	20 Hours
	Selecting and inserting text – Making a Paragraph, Getting	
	help – Moving and Copying – Searching and Replacing –	
	formatting Character and paragraph - Tables and of	
	Contents and Index - Sorting, formatting sections and	
	Documents.	
III	Spread Sheet: The Excel environment – Entering and	20 Hours
	Changing information and formula – functions – Copying,	
	Moving and Deleting information - Names and arrays -	
	Saving Work Sheet – Working with rows and columns –	

	displaying calculation, Charts and graphs	
IV	Presentation: Creating a presentation – Saving – Changing	20 Hours
	View - Printing - Closing a Presentation - Creating	
	Presentation with Presentation - Simple editing - Simple	
	Animation – Adding Pictures and drawings – Embedding	
	voice – Preparation of Presentation for teaching.	
V	Utility of ICT for Computer Teaching: Computer	20 Hours
	Assisted Instruction -Computer Based Testing -	
	Technology in teaching and learning, e-learning – blended	
	learning -Integrating ICTs in Teacher Education; Online	
	and offline resources, e-Mail: Creation of a mail Account –	
	Sending and Reading mails with attachments - Chatting -	
	Search engines.	
Practicum	• Preparation of Graphical representations using spread	
	sheet	
	• Preparation of PPTs (at least 5 in each Optional) for	
	classroom use	
References	 Text Books: Ajoy Kumar Ray & Tinku Acharya (2011). Information Technology, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New Delhi. 	on
	• Jasim Ahmed, Md Shahid Ahamad, Aerum Khan (201 Applications in Education, Neelkamal Pub, Hydrabad	2). Computer
	 John Jacob (2005)l. Educational System in the Compu Common Wealth Pub, New Delhi. 	ter Age,
	 Mishra, R.C (2005). Teaching of Information Technology Pub, New Delhi 	ogy, APH
	 Nibedita Desh (2005). Secondary School organization and Educational Technology, Dominant Pub, New Del 	Guidance hi.

	References:
	 Patnaik, M.S (1999). Interactive Distance Learning over internet, Rajat Pub, New Delhi.
	 Rajasekar, S. (2011). Methods of Teaching Computer Science, Neelkamal pub, Hydrabad
	 Ramesh Chandra (2005). Web Based Education, Kalpaz Pub, New Delhi.
	 Ramesh Chandra (2010). Impact of Media and Technology in Education, Kalpaz Pub, New Delhi.
Course	After studying these chapters:
Outcomes	• Students will acquire the skill of using the computers and its
	fundamentals.
	• Students will acquire the skill of using utility of word processing.
	• Students will be able to do statistical calculations using spread sheet
	utility.
	• Students will be able to develop the knowledge of PowerPoint
	presentation ability through computer.
	• Students will be familiar to the latest trends of ICT in Education.

Course Code & Title	

	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT - PART – II(17BEDPHE01)		
	HISTORY EDUCATION		
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to: Formulate aims and ob Comprehend procedur Apply the different in teaching of history. Develop skills in prusing them appropriate Acquire the skills in interpretation of test restricts 	ojectives of teaching res for developing structional strateg reparing instruction ely. required for test esults.	ng the subject. history curriculum. ies for the efficient onal materials and construction and

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Introduction to History Education: Aims and objectives of	20 Hours
	teaching History; cognitive and psychomotor - domains	
	specifying objectives - History as a record of past -	
	Dimensions of history - Kinds of History - Correlation of	
	History with other subjects - Values of teaching History -	
	Micro teaching -An understanding and practice of any 5	
	skills in microteaching - Link practice - Year plan - Unit	
	plan – Lesson plan.	
II	Curriculum Designing: Principles : linear, spiral and	20 Hours
	concentric - Types of curricula: logical and Psychological	
	organization - Needs for selection of materials for the	
	syllabus - Theories influencing selection of materials -	
	Doctrines of natural taste and interest - Cultural Epoch	
	Theory – Proceeding from the near to remote etc.	
III	Teaching and Learning Strategies: Traditional Methods:	20 Hours

	Oral, Recitation, Review, Drill, Storytelling, Inductive and	
	Deductive - Modern Methods: Historical, Role play,	
	Dramatization, Project method, Problem solving approach,	
	Discussions and socialistic techniques, small group based	
	buzz sessions - Workshop - Symposia - Teaching time	
	concept and management-time line graphs - History	
	teacher: Characteristic & Roles - Assignment - Preparation	
	of models and specimens – Visits to related fields:	
	Temples, Museums, Art galleries, Exhibitions - Collection	
	of specimens, stamps, coins etc Self-learning materials -	
	Computer assisted instruction – Multimedia approach.	
IV	Resources for Teaching and Learning History:	20 Hours
	Collateral reading books: History textbooks, qualities,	
	preparation – History club and its activities – History	
	teaching guide, charts, globes, models, maps, etc Guest	
	lectures by eminent historians - School history museum -	
	Recent Trends in History Education –History from Bottom-	
	up - Audio-visual aids: Radio, Record Player and Cassette	
	recorder, Slide projector, Filmstrip projector, The O.H.P.	
	and Sound film projector – The T.V., V.C.R. and V.C.P. –	
	Computer and History Education - Need for improvised	
	aids.	
V	Evaluation in History Education: Test – Measurement	20 Hours
	and evaluation of teaching and learning history -	
	Objectives to be evaluated – Achievement test – Essay type	
	test - Objective type test - Merits and Demerits -	
	Characteristics of good achievement test - Blueprint -	
	Interpretation of test scores – Standard deviation – Need for	

	continuous evaluation – Maintenance of cumulative
	records.
Method of transaction	Lecture, Demonstration, Discussion, Assignment, Project, Field trip and cash study.
Practicum	• Preparation of instructional materials for any one unit on one of the following areas – world history, Indian history and local history
	Building up a picture album and scrap book
References	 Text Books: Aggarwal, J.C. (1992). Teaching of History-A Practical Approach. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Biranchi, N.D. (2003). Teaching of History. Hyderabad: Neal Kamal Publications Pvt. Ltd. Das, S.K. (1996). The Educational System of the Ancient Hindus. New Delhi: Gyan Books Pvt. Ltd. Dennis Gunning, (1978). The Teaching of History. London: Croom Helm. Geoff T. (2008). Teaching and Learning History. New Delhi: Sage Publications. John Chatter and Lawrence Taylor, (1977). History and the History Teacher. London: George Allen . References: Kochhar, S.K. (1989). Teaching of History. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. Moturi Srinivasa and I.Prasada Rao, (2004). Methods of Teaching History. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House. Rao, V.K (2005). History of Education. New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing Corporation. Rekha, P. (2005). Movements in Medieval India. New Delhi: Gyan Books Pvt. Ltd. Singh, Y.K (2008). New Delhi: A.P.H.Publishing Corporation. Thiruganaasampandam, R. (2005). Varalaru Karpithal Muraikal. Chennai: Shantha Publishers. Watts, D.G (1972). The Learning of History. London: Routledge & Kanganpaul. Yogendra K.Sharma, (2001). History and Problems of Education VOL.2. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers.
Course	After studying these chapters:

Outcomes	• Students will be able to formulate aims and objectives of teaching
	the subject.
	• Students will be able to comprehend the procedures for developing
	history curriculum.
	• Students will be able to apply the different instructional strategies
	for the efficient teaching of history.
	• Students will be able to develop skills in preparing instructional
	materials and using them appropriately.
	• Students will acquire the skills required for test construction and
	interpretation of test results.

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT (PART – II)- (17BEDPGE01) GEOGRAPHY EDUCATION		
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5 To enable the learner to: Understand the nature, aims and objectives of geography education at different levels Design and develop geography curriculum at secondary level Initiate various methods to teach geography Develop necessary skills in the use and preparation of relevant teaching aids. Construct an achievement test in geography to assess the 		

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Geography Education: Aims and objective	20 Hours
	teaching through micro teaching practice and teaching link	
	practice – Year plan, unit plan and daily plan – Preparation	
	of lesson plan - geography teacher: Characteristics and	
	roles.	
II	Curriculum Designing: Selection - organization and up	20 Hours
	gradation of subjects content - principles to be followed -	
	the linear or spiral and the concentric types of curriculum -	
	Logical and psychological organization - Need for choice	
	of materials in the syllabus - curriculum revision -	
	curriculum improvement – enriched curriculum –	
	assessment of different school curricula - Homogeneous	
	grouping - supervised study- Recent innovations and	
	development in the field of geography	

III	Instructional Strategies: Traditional methods: lecture	20 Hours
	method, enquiry method, source method - Modern	
	methods: inductive and deductive approaches, problem	
	solving method, case study, project method, - regional	
	method and comparative method - Discussion and	
	socialized methods: seminar, symposia, panel, debate,	
	workshop – Team teaching – Group learning and individual	
	learning.	
IV	Resources for Geography Teaching and Learning:	20 Hours
	Supplemental reading - subject books, current events,	
	newspapers, magazines etc. – Material for collateral reading	
	- The geography room and its equipment - Necessity for a	
	separate geography room – Minimum essentials in	
	equipment and their classification – The geography	
	museum - Materials of geography teaching : black board,	
	charts, maps, globe, diagrams graphs, models, specimens,	
	pictures, figures etc Audio Visual Aids: Radio, record	
	player and cassette recorder - slide projector, film strip	
	projector, the OHP and the sound film projector -	
	television, video cassette recorder - Video cassette player -	
	Computers in geography education, CAI - Need for	
	improvised aids – Software for CAI and Video.	
V	Evaluation in Geography: Tests, measurement and	20 Hours
	evaluation in teaching and learning geography -	
	Characteristics of good achievement test – Construction and	
	merits and demerits of objective type tests short answer	
	type tests and essay type tests - Procedure for construction	
	of Blue print of a test – Construction of teacher made tests	

	 Marchant, E.C. (Ed) (1971). The Teaching of Geography at School Level. London: George G Harrap & Co. Ltd. Steinberg, Stephen, J & Sheila L Steinberg, (2009). Geographic Information Systems for the Social Sciences. London: Sage Publications. Thralls, Z. A. The Teaching of Geography. New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House, Pvt, Ltd. 		
Course Outcomes	 After studying these chapters: Students will understand the nature, aims and objectives of geography education at different levels Students will be able to design and develop geography curriculum at secondary level Students will get the knowledge of various methods to teach geography. Students will be able to develop skills in the use and preparation of relevant teaching aids. Students can construct an achievement test in geography to assess the students' learning outcomes 		

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT (PART – II)(17BEDPEE01)ECONOMICS EDUCATION		
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to: know the aims and the higher seconda comprehend proceurriculum select and use Economics develop necessary relevant teaching the acquire the skills interpretation of teaching the skills inte	l objectives of teac ry curriculum edures for devel the appropriate to skills in the use esources required for test st results	hing Economics in loping Economics methods to teach and preparation of t construction and

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Economics Education: Aims and	20 Hours
	objectives of teaching Economics - Bloom's Taxonomy of	
	educational objectives - Cognitive, affective and	
	psychomotor domains- Values of teaching economics:	
	practical, cultural, ethical and disciplinary - Correlation of	
	Economics with other subjects and with life - Micro	
	teaching -An understanding and practice of skills in	
	microteaching - Link practice - Year plan - Unit plan -	
	Lesson plan	
II	Curriculum Designing: Selection, organization and up	20 Hours
	gradation of subject content - principles to be followed:	
	linear, spiral and concentric - Logical and psychological	
	need for choice of content in the syllabus - Curriculum	
	revision - Curriculum improvement - Enriched curriculum	

	- Scope of modern Economics – Economic reforms.	
III	Instructional Strategies : Traditional methods: Lecture,	20 Hours
	enquiry method, case study, role play and dramatization -	
	problem approach: Inductive and deductive approaches -	
	panel discussion, buzz session, seminars, workshops and	
	symposia – Team teaching – Homogeneous grouping –	
	Supervising study - Economics teacher: characteristics and	
	role - Learning strategies: Interpretation of graphs -	
	preparation of models - collection of data figures - Field	
	trip to banks, share markets, exhibition - Analysis of	
	general and railway budget - reading newspapers, journals	
	etc Self-Learning Materials, CAI - Electronic media:	
	video, software and hardware.	
IV	Resources for Teaching and Learning Economics:	20 Hours
	Supplemental reading – subject books, newspapers,	
	magazines etc Material for collateral reading - subject	
	clubs and related activities - Economics teachers guides -	
	Material for economics teaching : charts, models, figures,	
	graphs, budgets etc community resources of utilization -	
	Audio-visual aids: Radio, record player and cassette	
	recorder – Slide projector, film strip projector, the OHP and	
	the sound film projector – T.V., V.C.R., V.C.P., computer	
	in Economics education, CAI- Need for Improvised aids-	
	software for CAI & Video	
V	Evaluation in Economics: Characteristics of a good	20 Hours
	achievement test - Essay type and objective type tests:	
	merits and demerits - blueprint - construction of teacher	
	made test and standardized tests - Statistical treatment of	

	scores – Measures of central tendencies variation – Mean,		
	Median, Mode, SD and Correlation – Graphical		
	representation - Interpretation of scores - Maintenance of		
	cumulative records and need for continuous evaluation		
Mode of	Lecture Discussion Assignment Project and survey		
transaction	Lecture, Discussion, Assignment, 110ject, and survey.		
Practicum	Conducting a socio-economic survey in a village and		
	writing a report.		
	• Writing a report on the following economic aspects:		
	a) Cashless Economy		
	b) Demonetization		
References	Text Books: • Aggarwal, J.C. (2005). Teaching of Economics. Agra. Vinod		
	Pustak Manir.		
	• John Sheehan, (1973). The Economics of Education. London: George Allen		
	• Karthick, G.S. (2004). Teaching of Economics. New Delhi.		
	Discovery Publication House.		
	• Kumar, J.J. (2001). Encyclopedia of Teaching of Economics. (vol. 1-3). New Delhi: Annol Publications		
	References:		
	• Mark Blaug, (1970). An Introduction to the Economics &		
	Education. London: Penguin Books.		
	• Koomson, T.K. and Wilson K.D. (1977). Extending Economics within the Curriculum. London: Rutledge and Kegan Paul.		
	• Sharma, K. & Tuteja, T. (1995). Teaching of Economics. New		
	Delhi: Common Wealth Publications.		
	• Sharma, S. (2004). Wodern Technologies of Teaching Economics. New Delhi. Annul Publishing House.		
	• Smith etal, (1961). The Educator's Encyclopedia. New York:		
	Prentice Hall.		
	• wesley, E.B. (1950). Teaching Social Studies in High Schools. Boston: Health and Company.		
	• Yadav, A. (2002). Teaching of Economics. New Delhi: Anmol		
0	Publications.		
Course Outcomes	After studying these chapters: • Students will know the sime and objectives of teaching		
	- Students will know the arms and objectives of teaching		

Economics in the higher secondary curriculum.

- Students will be able to comprehend the procedures for developing Economics curriculum.
- Students will be able to select and use the appropriate methods to teach Economics.
- Students will be able to develop necessary skills in the use and preparation of relevant teaching resources
- Students will acquire the skills required for test construction and interpretation of test results.

SECOND YEAR – PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT - PART - II

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT (PART – II) (17BEDPCE01) COMMERCE EDUCATION		
Class	B. Ed	Year	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5 To enable the learner to: Understand and appreciate the objectives of teaching commerce and accountancy in higher secondary schools. comprehend procedures for developing Commerce curriculum Acquire the necessary skills of using proper and suitable methods of teaching Commerce and Accountancy in higher secondary schools. Acquire and develop the abilities to prepare and use appropriate instructional aides and materials for teaching Commerce and Accountancy. acquire the skills required for test construction and interpretation of test results 		

<u>Template for Course Syllabus</u>

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Commerce Education: Aims, objectives	20 Hours
	of teaching Commerce - values of studying Commerce and	
	Accountancy: Need and importance of teaching Commerce	
	and Accountancy at higher secondary level; Formulation of	
	performance objectives – Bloom's taxonomy of educational	
	objectives: Cognitive, Affective and Psychomotor domains	
	- Correlation of Commerce and Accountancy with other	
	subjects and with life - Micro teaching -An understanding	
	and practice of the skills in microteaching – Link practice -	
	Year plan – Unit plan – Lesson plan.	

II	Curriculum Designing: Selection – Organization and up-	20 Hours
	gradation of subject content, principles to be followed:	
	linear, spiral and concentric - logical and psychological	
	types, theories influencing selection of content: curriculum	
	revision, curriculum improvement, enriched curriculum.	
III	Instructional Strategies: Teaching methods: Lecture,	20 Hours
	enquiry meth, Demonstration, inductive and deductive	
	approaches - Discussion - panel discussion, buzz sessions,	
	seminar, symposia and workshops - Team teaching -	
	Homogeneous grouping - supervised study - Commerce	
	teacher: Characteristics and roles – Leaning strategies:	
	Discussion and project – interpretation of graphs,	
	advertisements, press release of public relation material,	
	balance sheet, etc preparation of models - collection of	
	data and figures - Field visit to exhibitions, trade fairs,	
	banks, share-markets - analysis of budgets and balance	
	sheets of various organizations, case studies, individual	
	learning methods: CAI Modules, videos	
IV	Resources for Teaching and Learning Commerce: Supple	20 Hours
	bills, balance sheet, budgets, etc.; community resources -	
	Audio-visual aids: Radio, Record Player, cassette recorder,	
	slide projector, film strip projector, OHP and sound film	
	projector, TV, VCR, VCP - projected and non-projected	
	aids - improvised aids.	
V	Evaluation in Commerce: Construction and evaluation of	20 Hours
	achievement test in commerce and accountancy -	
	characteristics of a good achievement test; essay type and	
	objective type tests; merits and demerits: Blue print and	

	construction of achievement test: statistical treatment of				
	scores, measures of central tendencies and variation: Mean,				
	Median, Mode, SD and correlation - graphical				
	representations - remedial measures - maintenance of				
	progress reports.				
Mode of	Lecture, Discussion, Assignment, Project, field visit and				
transaction	survey				
Practicum	• Visiting a bank and reporting on the bank				
	transactions				
	• Prepare income and expenditure statement for the				
	given data.				
Deferrere					
Kelerences	• Agarwal, J.C. (2005). Teaching of commerce. A Practical				
	Approach. (2 nd ed). U P Vikas publishing house.				
	• Binning, A.C. (1967) Teaching of Social Studies in Secondary				
	Schools, McGraw Hill and Co., New York.				
	• Kumar Mahesh (2004) Modern teaching of commerce New				
	Delhi: Anmol Publications				
	References.				
	• Raj, Rani Bansal. (1999). New trends in teaching of commerce:				
	Models of teaching and concepts of learning. New Delhi: Anmol				
	Publications.				
	• Rao, Digumarti Bhaskara. (2006). <i>Methods of teaching commerce</i> . New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House				
Course	After studying these chapters:				
Outcomes	• Students will be able to understand and appreciate the objectives of				

teaching commerce and accountancy in higher secondary schools.

- Students will comprehend the procedures for developing Commerce curriculum.
- Students will acquire the necessary skills of using proper and suitable methods of teaching Commerce and Accountancy in higher secondary schools.
- Students will acquire and develop the abilities to prepare and use appropriate instructional aides and materials for teaching Commerce and Accountancy.
- Students will acquire the skills required for test construction and interpretation of test results.

SECOND YEAR – PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT - PART - II

Course Code & Title	PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT - PART – II (17BEDPHE01) HOME SCIENCE EDUCATION				
Class	B. Ed	Year	II		
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5				
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to Understand and appreciate the importance of study of Home science at the secondary and higher secondary levels. Promote the skills of preparing objective based question papers for different topics in Home science. Develop in organizing and administering Home science laboratory in school. Familiarize with the different techniques if teaching and evaluation in Home science. Promote the skills in teaching Home science effectively as an academic and ucceptional course. 				

Template for Course Syllabus

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Aims and Objectives: Aims and Objectives of teaching	20 Hours
	Home Science - Values of Home Science Education -	
	Bloom's taxonomy of educational objectives: Cognitive,	
	Affective and Psychomotor domains – Correlation of Home	
	science with other subjects and with life.	
II	Instructional Strategies: Lecture, demonstration,	20 Hours
	Heuristic, team teaching - individualized instruction,	
	individual projects - discussion, seminar, symposium, role	
	play – Practice of micro-teaching for any five skills:	
	explaining, demonstration reacting stimulus variation, use	
	of chalk board and probing questioning relevant for	
	reaching – Link practice in Home science – Home science	
	teacher: characteristics and role.	
III	Learning Strategies: Assignment – Problem solving –	20 Hours

	Usage of programme instructional material - CAI -				
	Multimedia – Instructional packages – Midday meal				
	programme - Nutrition - Extension and adult education				
	programme.				
IV	Evaluation: Essay and objective type tests: advantage and	20 Hours			
	limitation – Blueprint – Construction of achievement test –				
	characteristic of good test – Interpretation of test results:				
	mean, median, Mode, SD and correlation - Diagnosis and				
	Remedial Teaching.				
V	Equipment's and Resources: Home science exhibition –	20 Hours			
	Home science club – Home science lab: Equipping,				
	organizing, maintenance and Records & registers to be kept				
	– Home science textbooks and reference books.				
Mode of	Lecture, Demonstration, Discussion, Assignment and				
transaction	Project				
Practicum	• Writing specific instructional objectives for teaching				
	a unit Home science.				
	• Participating in Home science club activity and				
	reporting.				
Pafarancas					
Keleicies		1 (1000)			
	• Arvinda Chandra, Anupama Shah and Uma J	OSh1 (1989).			
	Fundamentals of Teaching Home Science. New L	eini: Sterling			
	Published Phylic Lid.	New Delle			
	• Seema Yadav, (1994). Teaching of Home Science	. New Defini:			
	Allinoi Fudisileis Fvi. Liu.				
	• Rajammai P. Devadas. Methods of Teaching Ho	ome Science.			
	Commutatore: Profeet Press.				
	• Achar, S.J., (1959). Child Care in India and F Countries Medree: MeeMillen and Co. I td	Neighbouring			
	Countries. Madras. MacMinan and Co. Ltd.	•og Landon			
	• Beryl, Kruth, (1907). Teaching Home Econom	ics. London:			
	Keterences:				
	• Cales, M.F., (1949). About 1001 Home. London. Sons I td	Diackie allu			
	Dentyagi Sushaala (1068) Fundamental of Toytik	a and Thair			
	• Dantyagi Susheeta, (1908). Fundamental of Textiles and Their Care Madron Orient Longmons				
	• Paiammal P. Davadas (1068) Taashing of Hom	o Sojongo in			
	- Rajanninai I. Devauas, (1700). Leathing of Hom Secondary Schools New Dalbi- NCEPT	e science in			
	• Idold IN (1062) House Croft Science London: I	Coll and Sona			
	• Iuoiu, J.N., (1902). House Crait Science. London: I	Sell and Solls			
Course Outcomes	After studying these chapters:				
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	• Students will be able to understand and appreciate the importance				
	of study of Home science at the secondary and higher secondary				
	levels.				
	• Students will get the promote skills of preparing objective based				
	question papers for different topics in Home science.				
	• Students will develop the skills in organizing and administering				
	Home science laboratory in school.				
	• Students will familiar with the different techniques in teaching and				
	evaluation in Home science.				
	• Students will get enhanced skills in teaching Home science				
	effectively as an academic and vocational course.				

THIRD YEAR -CORE-V Template for Course Syllabus

Course Code & Title	CORE COURSE V -17BEDC05: LEARNING AND TEACHING.			
Class	B. Ed	Year	III	
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5			
Course Objectives	 K-1. K2., K5. K-4. K-5 To enable the learner to: To develop an understanding of the learning and process To acquire depth of knowledge on teaching To understand the relationship between teaching and learning To explore the various teaching strategies To understand the teaching methods and evaluation 			

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Learning: Learning - Concept of learning - types of	20 Hours
	learning - factors influencing learning - Learning process:	
	Attention, sensation, perception and concept formation -	
	Memory and forgetting. Theories of learning: Thorndike,	
	Pavlov, Skinner, Bruner, Koehler, Piaget's developmental	
	theory of learning – Social learning (Bandura).	
II	Concepts of Teaching : Concept of teaching - Meaning,	20 Hours
	Definitions of teaching- Characteristics of teaching- Nature	
	and Components of teaching - Types of teaching -	
	Variables of teaching and their functions - Phases of	
	teaching: Pre-active Phase, Intermediate Phase, Post-active	
	Phrase - Factors affecting teaching – Models of teaching:	
	Functions, Components and models of teaching learning	
	process.	
III	Understanding Teaching and learning: Teaching and	20 Hours
	Learning: Meaning, Principles and Significance of	
	Learning -Factors affecting learning - Relationship between	
	Teaching and Learning - Transfer of Learning -	
	Characteristics and needs of the learners – Individual	
	differences in learners: Physical, Cognitive, Affective,	
	Psychomotor and Socio-cultural - Correlating teaching	

	styles and learning styles - Challenging the Learners and		
	Evolving Teachers.		
IV	Teaching Tactics and Strategies	20 Hours	
	Learning structures: Signal learning, Chain learning,		
	Multiple discrimination learning, Concept learning and		
	Principle learning – Teaching Strategies : Lecture, Lesson		
	Demonstration, Group Discussion, Tutorials, Role Playing,		
	Brain Storming, Programmed learning, Sensitivity		
	Training, Independent Study, Leaderless grouping.		
V	Teaching methods and Evaluation	20 Hours	
	Types, Classifications of teaching methods –		
	Assignment method of teaching - Project method -		
	Discussion method - Inductive - Deductive method -		
	Evaluation Systems - Purpose of Evaluation - Types of		
	Evaluation – Process of Evaluation – Tools and Techniques		
	of Evaluation – Utility of Evaluation.		
Mode of	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Problem solving		
transaction			
Practicum	• Conduct a group discussion on strategies of		
	memorization and prepare a report		
	• Writing instructional objectives in behavioral terms.		
References	Text Books:		
	• Beggie, H.L. and Hunt M. P: Psychological Fo	undations of	
	Education		
	• Benjamin S.Bloom et al. (1964) Taxonomy of	educational	
	objectives, Longman Group		
	• Bruce Joyce (1985) Models of teaching (2 nd Ed.) Prentice Hall		
	• Chauhan, S.S. (1978) Advanced Educational Psych	ology, Vikas	
	Publication House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.		
	• Dash, B. N., (2005). Development of learner and teac	hing learning	
	process. New Delhi: Dominant Publishers and Distributors.		
	• Ebel, R.L. and Freshie, D.A. (2009). Essentials of Educational		
	Measurement, New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,		
	• Erickson, Eric, H. (1972). <i>Play and Development</i> . New York [.] W		
	W. Norton		
	• Hilgard, E.R. and Bower, G.H. <i>Theories of Learning</i> .	Prentice Hall	

	India, New Delhi
	 References: Hurlock, E.B. (1999). Developmental Psychology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi Karthikeyan, C (2004) A Text Book of Instructional Technology, RBSA Mangal, S.K. (1984) Psychological foundations of Education, Ludhiana: Prakash Publishers. Piaget, J. (1926). Psychology of Intelligence. New York: Basic Books Sharma, K.N. (1990). Systems, Theories and Modern Trends in Psychology. Agra: HPB. Skinner, E.C. (1984 Educational Psychology-4th Edition, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., Sprinthall, Norman A. and Richard C. Sprint hall (1990). Educational Psychology - A Developmental Approach, Fifth Edition. New York: McGraw-Hill International Edition, Psychology Services. Thorndike, R.M. (2010). Measurement and Evaluation in Psychology and Education. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. Yakaiah, P. & Bhatia, K.K. (2005). Introduction to Educational Psychology
Course Outcomes	 After studying these chapters: Students will be able to develop an understanding of the learning and process. Students will acquire the depth of knowledge on teaching. Students will be able to understand the relationship between teaching and learning. Students will explore the various teaching strategies. Students will be able to understand the teaching methods and evaluation.

THIRD YEAR -CORE-VI

Course Code & Title	CORE COURSE VI : UNDERSTANDING DISCIPLINE AND SUBJECTS			
Class	B. Ed	Year	111	
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5			
Course Objectives	To enable the learner to: • Understand the be emerging knowled • understand the en- • develop among understanding of • understand nature • develop among understanding of discipline.	basis of knowledge lge. mergence of variou g the bachelo science as a discip e of Mathematics a g the teacher language and soc	e and branches of s disciplines r trainees an pline. s a discipline- trainees an cial science as a	

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Discipline of Education and School Curriculum: Education as Inter-disciplinary Field of Study - Nature and Characteristics of a Discipline - Emergence of Various Disciplines from Education - Convergence of Various Disciplines into Education - Interrelation and Interdependence among Various School Subject.	20 Hours
II	Language Curriculum and Discipline : Centrality of language in education - Role of language in children's intellectual development and learning - Language in the school curriculum; aims issues and debates - Policy issues and language at school - Language as a Medium of Communication - Phases of Language Development.	20 Hours
III	Mathematics Curriculum and Discipline: Nature and History of Mathematics - Place of Mathematics in School Curriculum Mathematics in Day-to-day life - Relationship of Mathematics with Other Subjects.	20 Hours
IV	Science Curriculum and Discipline : Nature and history of science - Scientific method; a critical view - Knowledge, understanding of science - The socio-	20 Hours

	cultural perspective and the ethical consideration - Science as a discipline, place of scientific knowledge in the schema of school curriculum - Study of emergence of school science in relation to the social political and intellectual and historical context – Curriculum, syllabus and textbooks ; the paradigm shift in the discipline.
V	Social Science Curriculum and Discipline : Nature and Philosophy of Social Science - Social Science as an Area of Study - Need of Studying Social Science through Interdisciplinary Perspectives - Place and Relevance of Social Science in School Curriculum20 Hours
Mode of transaction	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Problem solving.
Practicum	 Search in the net and write a critical report on the development of disciplines across the world leading universities. Analyze any one school subject from disciplinary knowledge point of view.
References	 Text Books: Silver, Harold, (1983) 'Education as history' British library, Methuen London LA 631.7 S4E2 Position papers published by NCERT (2006) in respective subjects Sidhu, K. B. (1974). The Teaching of Mathematics. New Delhi: Sterling Pub (p) Ltd
	 Sharma, R. C. (2006). Modern Science Teaching. New Delhi: Dhanpat rai publishing comp. Binning A.C. & Binning A.H. : Teaching Social Studies in Secondary Schools, New Yorks, McGraw Hill & Co. R. Fagin, J. Y. Halpern, Y. Moses, and M. Y. Vardi. Reasoning
	 about Knowledge, The MIT Press, 1995. ISBN 0-262-56200-6 . References: Augsburg, Tanya. (2005), Becoming Interdisciplinary: An

	Introduction to Interdisciplinary Studies.				
	 Dullemeijer, P. (1980). "Dividing biology into disciplines: Chaos or multiformity?" Journal Acta Biotheoretica, 29(2), 87-93. Golinski, Jan (1998/2005). Making Natural Knowledge: Constructivis, and the History of Science. New York: Cambridge University Press. Klein, J. T. (1990). Interdisciplinary: History, Theory, and Practice. Detroit: Wayne State University Press. 				
	• Lindholm Romantschuk, Y. (1998). Scholarly Book Reviewing in the Social Sciences and Humanities: The Flow of Ideas within and among Disciplines. Westport, Connecticut: Greenwood Press.				
Course Outcomes	After studying these chapters:				
outcomes	 Students will be able to understand the basis of knowledge af branches of emerging knowledge 				
	• Students will be able to understand the emergence of various				
	disciplines.				
	• Students will get the knowledge of science as a discipline.				
	• Students can understand nature of Mathematics as a discipline.				
	• Will students will get the enhanced knowledge of the language				
	and social science as a discipline.				

THIRD YEAR CORE-VII

Course Code & Title	CORE COURSE VII. 17BEDC07 - KNOWLEDGE AND CURRICULUM			
Class	B. Ed	Year	III	
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5			
Course Objectives	 enable the students of knowledge enable the student of curriculum enable the studen determinants of curri Develop skills in des Evaluate the standard 	 To enable the learner to: enable the students to learn about epistemological bases of knowledge enable the students to understand the conceptual basics of curriculum enable the students to understand the bases and determinants of curriculum development. Develop skills in designing a curriculum Evaluate the standards of curriculum at different levels. 		

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Epistemological bases of Knowledge : Concept of	20 Hours
	Knowledge - Structures and Forms of knowledge - Ways	
	of acquiring knowledge - Changing paradigm in	
	education; cognitivist, behaviorism, constructivism,	
	connectivism - Activity -based curriculum	
II	Conceptual aspects of Curriculum : Meaning and	20 Hours
	concept of curriculum - Meaning of Curriculum	
	framework, syllabus, textbook - Types of curriculum:	
	Core, Hidden, Null and Latent curriculum -	
	Differentiated curriculum.	
III	Basics of Curriculum Development: Need and	20 Hours

	Importance of Curriculum development - Principles of				
	curriculum development - Foundations of curriculum :				
	Indian Context: Philosophical foundations, Sociological				
	foundations , Psychological foundations and Historical				
	foundations - Determinants of curriculum development -				
	Theories of curriculum development - Stage Specific				
	Curriculum-Pre-primary, primary, Secondary, Higher				
	Secondary - Curriculum reforms in India ; National				
	Curriculum Framework.				
IV	Curriculum Designing Process: Curriculum development	20 Hours			
	- Process of curriculum development - Curriculum				
	planning - Curriculum designing - Curriculum				
	implementation - Models of teaching : Inquiry training				
	model, Concept attainment model and Advance organizer				
	Model.				
V	Issues in Curriculum Evaluation : Formative and	20 Hours			
	Summative Evaluation - Criteria for evaluating the				
	curriculum - Curriculum evaluation models - Curriculum				
	development and its Issues.				
Mode of transaction	Lecture, Discussion, Assignment and project.				
Practicum	• Search in the Net about ALM method, and				
	prepare an interview tool and interview 10				
	teachers who are using ALM method.				
	• Write a comparative report based on the				
	curriculum development in India and any other				
	countries by referring internet.				
References	Text Books: . Aggarwal, Deepak (2007): Curriculum developmen	t: Concepts,			

	Methods and Techniques. New Delhi. Book Enclave.
	• Allen C.Ornsteing and Franchie P. Hunkins Curriculum Foundation,
	Principles and lesson, London - Prentice Hall International (U.K) limited
	1966.
	• Olive, Peter F. (1988) Developing the Curriculum. Scott, and Foresman
	and Co.
	• Reddy, B (2007): Principles of Curriculum Planning and Development.
	• Aggarwal, J.C (1990). Curriculum Reform in India - World overviews,
	Doaba world Education Series-3 Delhi: Dababa House, Book Seller and
	Publisher.
	• NCERT (2005) National Curriculum Framework 2005, NECRT, Sri
	AurobindoMarg.NewDelhi
	• NCERT (2000). National Curriculum Framework for school Education,
	NCERT. New Delhi.
	• Shivaprakasham.M.N. (2007). Curriculum Development in Elementary
	Education. New Delhi: Rajat Publication.
	Keferences: Shiyaprakasham M N (2007) Curriculum Development in Elementary
	Education. New Delhi: Raiat Publication.
	• Ediger Marlow and Bhaskara Rao Digumarti (2007) Curriculum of
	School Subject. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House
	 Mirudullapandey (2007) Principles of Curriculum Development, New
	Delhi: RajatPublication
	• Sharma R.A. (2007) Managing Curriculum: Curriculum Transaction and
	Evaluation. Meerut: R.L.all Depot.
	• Marlow Ediger and DigumartiBhaskararao (2007) Curriculum
	Organization New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House
	• Mirudullanandey (2007) Changing the Curriculum New Delhi Rajat
	Publication
Course	After studying these chapters:
Outcomes	

• Students will learn about epistemological bases of knowledge.
• Students can understand the conceptual basics of curriculum.
• Students will understand the bases and determinants of curriculum
development.
• Students will get the skills in designing a curriculum.
• Students will be able to evaluate the standards of curriculum at
different levels.

THIRD YEAR –CORE-VIII Template for Course Syllabus

Course Code & Title	CORE COURSE :VIII	COURSE :VIII. 17BEDC08 :GENDER, SCHOOL AND SOCIETY			
Class	B. Ed	Year	III		
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5	K2:, K3: K-4: K-5			
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to: Understand the make student faced in school make students relation to gen make them aw human rights aware on chall 	e the learner to: Understand the concept of Gender make student understand about the gender issues faced in school make students aware about the role of education in relation to gender issues make them aware about constitutional provisions of human rights and women rights			

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Gender and development: Introduction - Definition of	20 Hours
	Gender - Difference between Gender and Sex - The	
	Concept of Gender, sexuality and Development - Gender	
	Dynamics and Development - Basic Gender Concepts	
	and Terminology - Social Construction of Gender -	
	Gender Roles - Types of Gender Roles - Gender Roles	
	and Relationships Matrix - Gender-based Division and	
	Valuation of Work - Exploring attitudes towards gender.	
II	Gender Issues in School: Gender bias in school	20 Hours
	enrolments, dropouts, house hold responsibilities, social	
	attitudes, towards Girl's education, value accorded to	
	women's education - Issues related to Gender in School:	
	Sexual Abuse, Sexual Harassment, and Perception of	
	safety at school, home and beyond - Adult education	
	and non-formal education for women's development -	
	Importance of vocational training and income	
	generation for women - Representations of gendered role,	
	relationships and ideas in textbooks and curricula.	
III	Social aspects of Gender: History and current scenario	20 Hours
	of Indian women - concept of Patriarchy and Matriarchy	
	and issues related to Indian women - Gender roles in	

	againty through variety of institutions such as family			
	society through variety of institutions such as family,			
	caste, religion, culture, the media and popular culture			
	(films, advertisements, songs etc.), law and state -			
	Stereotypes in society -Issue related to women girl child:			
	female infanticide and feticide sex ratio sexual			
	horogement of women at work place honour killing			
	harassment of women at work place, nonour kinnig,			
	dowry, child marriage, property rights, divorce,			
	widowhood, Identification of sexual abuse/violence and			
	its verbalization, combating the societal outlook of			
	objectification of the female body.			
IV	Legal and Quality aspects of Gender. Introduction to 20 Hours			
	laws related to woman Property inheritance			
	Trafficiation Wessengle measured in hill history and			
	Trafficking) - women's reservation bill - history and			
	current status - The Indian constitution and provisions			
	according to women - Human rights and women's right.			
	Quality aspects of Gender:			
	Gender disparity and gender parity - Quality education for			
	girls – Life skill course to deal with gender issues – Critical			
	analysis on co-education - Strategies to develop parity			
	gender equality and empowerment - Support services for			
	gender equality and empowerment - Support services for			
T 7				
v	Challenges in Gender issues : How schools nurture or 20 Hours			
	challenge creation of young people as masculine and			
	feminine selves - Role of schools, peers, teachers,			
	curriculum and textbooks in challenging gender -			
	inequalities or reinforcing gender parity.			
Mode of	Lecture, Discussion, Assignment and project.			
transaction				
Practicum	• Write a critical report on challenges faced by			
	different women groups in present society based on			
	unified which groups in present society based on			
	vand published reports.			
	• Organizing drama and debate to develop awareness			
	for gender issues.			
References	Text Books:			
	• Aggrawal.N (2002) Women and Law in India. New Delhi: New			
	Century Publications. Agnes.F., Chandra.S&Basu,M. (2004),			
	Women and Law in India. NewDelhi: Oxford University Press			
	• Curran Daniel I and Renzetti Claire M (1003) · Contemporary			
	Contain Damon, J. and, Konzeur Chane, 1975). Contemporary			
	Societies ; Problems and Prospects, Prentice Hall, New jersey, N-			
	1, 2009)			
	• Kammeyer.C.W., George Ritzer and Yetman.R.(1987):			
	Sociology(E5), Allyn and Bacon,London.			

	 References: Larsen Randy .J. and Buss David.M. (2011). Personality Psychology, New Delhi: Tata Mcgraw hill Companies. Sullivan Thomas.J. (2001): Sociology (E5), Allyn and Bacon.
Course Outcomes	 After studying these chapters: Students will understand the concept of Gender. Students will be able to understand about the gender issues faced in school. Students will get awareness about the role of education in relation to gender issues. Students will get awareness about constitutional provisions of human rights and women rights. Students will get awareness on challenges in gender issues in schools.

THIRD YEAR –CORE-IX

Course Code & Title	CORE COURSE IX. 17BEDC09 : CREATING AN INCLUSIVE SCHOOL			
Class	B. Ed	Year	III	
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5			
Course Objectives	 K-1. K2., K3. K-4. K-5 To enable the learner to: Know the concepts of Inclusive Education Understand the policies for policies of Inclusive Education Understand the different types of learners in Inclusive School Know the Grants for assistive Technology for learners in Inclusive Education Enhance Competency in dealing children with diverse 			

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours			
Ι	Introduction: Meaning and Definitions of Inclusive	20 Hours			
	Education – Scope of Inclusive Education – Approaches to				
	Inclusive Education – National Initiatives for Inclusive				
	Education – Advantages and Limitations of Inclusive				
	Education - Need of Inclusive Education - Challenges to				
	achieving Inclusive Education – Suggestion to achieving an				
	effective Inclusive Education - Role of Technology and				
	Inclusive Education – role of Teachers and organization in				
	Implementing Inclusive Education in Indian Context				
	Integrated Education: Concepts - Quality of Integrated				
	Education in Inclusive Schools – Development in giving				
	Integrated Education.				
II	Policies for Inclusive Education: Perspectives of	20 Hours			
	Inclusive Education- National Policy on Education (NPE,				
	1986) – Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Act,				
	2001 – Disability Discrimination Act (1995) – Persons with				
	Disability Act (PDA, 1995) - Rights of Persons with				
	Disability, UNESCO(2006) - National Level Practices on				
	Education of Children with Disabilities (DPEP) - Sarva				

	Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) Framework for the Disabled.	
III	Different Learners in Inclusive Education: Types of Learning Disabilities – Physically Challenged, Visually Challenged, Hearing Impaired, Mentally Retarded, Autism – Role of Teachers, Administrators and Organization for teaching and instructing learners with different Disabilities.	20 Hours
IV	Need of Learners in Inclusive School: Enrolment policy – Attendance and participation – Code of Discipline – measure to prevent bullying and harassment with special educational needs - Establishment of Special School and Classes – Schemes for schools in areas of educational disadvantage – Visiting Teacher Service – Grants for assistive Technology- Special Transport – Scheme of Reasonable accommodation.	20 Hours
V	TeacherPreparationforInclusiveEducation:EducationalProgrammesofferedinschools–roles,Responsibilities, skills, competencies andprofessionalethicsofteachersandteachereducatorsforinclusivesettings.Evaluationandfollowforimprovisationofteacherpreparationprogrammes. </th <th>20 Hours</th>	20 Hours
Mode of transaction	Lecture, Discussion, Assignment and project.	
Practicum	 Make a survey and write a report based on disability learner's status in your nearby schools Case study of one/two people with special needs in secondary 	
References	 Text Books: Adam Abdelnoor., (1999). Preventing Excluss Heinemann Educational Publishers. Aggarwal, J.C., (1996). Principles, Methods and Teaching. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt Anderson. Elizabeth, M., (1973). The disabled sc study of integration in primary school. London: M Ltd. Arul, M et al. (2009). Inclusive Education Ad crossing boundaries, sharing ideas. New E publications India Pvt Ltd. Berdine, W.H &Blackhurst, A.E. (1985). An In Special Education. Harper Collins Publishers: USA BhupendraTripathi., (2007). Special Education. Device Publications. 	sion. Oxford: Fechniques of Ltd. shool child: A fethuen & Co cross cultures Delhi: SAGE ntroduction to A elhi: Bharati

	Book Organization.
	• Booth, T. et al, (2000). Index for Inclusion: Developing learning and participation in schools. (Bristol, Center for Studies on
	Inclusive Education).
	References:
	• Farrell, P., &Ainscow, M. (2002) Making Special Education Inclusive: From Research to Practice. London: David Fulton Publishers. 107 Second Year
	 Rao, V.K., (2004). Special Education. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
	 Sharma, R.A. (2006). Fundamentals of Special Education: Integrated Teaching for Mainstreaming. Meerut: Surya Publication.
	 Venkatesan, S. (2003). Children with developmental disabilities: A training guide for parents, teachers and care givers. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
Course	After studying these chapters :
Outcomes	• Students will know about the concepts of Inclusive Education.
	• Students can understand the policies for policies of Inclusive
	Education.
	• Students can understand the different types of learners in Inclusive
	School.
	• Students will know about the Grants for assistive Technology for
	learners in Inclusive Education.
	• Students will get enhanced Competency in dealing children with
	diverse needs.

THIRD YEAR -_OPTIONAL (ELECTIVE -I)

Course Code & Title	OPTIONAL COURSE 01 17BEDOP01- CAREER GUIDANCE			
Class	B. Ed	Year	III	
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5			
Course Objectives	 To enable the learner to Trace the different individual. Classify the various societal functions Group the potentia development Develop favorable a which one is found fit Inculcate the interest period of target. 	stages of career kinds of counsel ality of mass attitude towards to psychometrically. in path independe	r mobility of an lling agencies and media in career the profession for ently with various	

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Career Education and Source of Career Information:	20 Hours
	Introduction – Concept – Education and Work – Right to	
	Education - Right to Work - Government Services -	
	Private Services - Self Employment. Aim of Career	
	Information – Career Information for School level.	
II	Career Literature and Career Fields: Newspaper and	20 Hours
	Magazine Articles - Career Talks and Conferences -	
	Workshops — Job Fairs – Methods of Collecting	
	Information -Introduction about career fields – Advertising	
	and Marketing- Computer Hardware - Software Education	
	– Fire Fighting – Waste Management – Media	
	(Newspaper, Magazine, and The Internet)	
III	Strengthening the Individual and Career Counselling:	20 Hours
	Development of Knowledge, Attitude and skills – Training	
	Self – Development of Interests and Personality – Public	
	Relations. Career Relationship – Choosing and Starting a	
	Career – Job Interviews – Recruitment Procedure in Public	

	and Private.	
IV	Applying, ResumesAppointment Coveringand CareerDevelopment:Resumes-CoveringLetters-Developing CommunicationalSkills-PerformanceinInterview-ProcedureforAppointment-ProcedureforAppointment-FringeBenefits-Promotions-CareerDevelopment	20 Hours
V	Techniques and Tools for Assessment: Standardized Tools: Intelligence Tests, Aptitude Tests, Personality Inventories – Techniques: Observation, Interview, Anecdotal Record, Autobiography, Case Study - Future Perspectives in Career Guidance across the Globe.	20 Hours
Mode of transaction	Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Self-Study and Project	
Practicum	Prepare an interview schedulePrepare different types of letters	
References	 Text Books: Chadwick, Ruth. (1998). Encyclopedia of Applied Academic Press. Chambors, James (Ed.) (2006). International Enc Careers and Vocational Guidance. New D Publications, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd. Chaube, S. B. (2005). A Textbook of Educational an Guidance. New Delhi: Dominant Publishers and Distr Ghose, Jayanti (2003). Encyclopedia of Careers. Harper Collins Publishers. Husen, Torsten (Edi.) (1985). The International Enc Education. New York: Pergamon Press. References: Maqbool, Ahmad (2008). Comprehensive Di Education. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers and Dist Ltd. Morkes, Andrew (Managing Editor) (2004). Encyclopedia of Careers and Vocational Guidance Career Publications, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd. Nair, Jeevan (Ed.) (2008). Encyclopedia of Social S Delhi: Pentagan Press, HausKhas. Sills, David L. (Ed.) (1968). International Encyclope Sciences. USA: Macmillan Company. Singh, Y. K. & RuchikaNath (2005). Guidance 	Ethics. USA: cyclopedia of elhi: Career d Vocational ributors. New Delhi: cyclopedia of feributors Pvt. International e. New Delhi: ciences. New edia of Social and Career

	Counselling. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
Course Outcomes	 After studying these chapters: Students will be able to trace the different stages of career mobility
	of an individual.
	• Students will be able to classify the various kinds of counselling
	agencies and societal functions.
	• Students will be able to group the potentiality of mass media in
	career development
	• Students can develop favorable attitude towards the profession for
	which one is found fit psychometrically.
	• Students will inculcate the interest in path independently with
	various period of target.

THIRD YEAR -OPTIONAL (ELECTIVE –II)

Course Code & Title	OPTIONAL COURSE 02: 17BEDOP02 – COMPUTERS IN EDUCATION		CATION
Class	B. Ed	Year	III
Cognitive Level	K-1: K2:, K3: K-4: K-5		
Course Objectives	 K-1: K2:, K5: K-4: K-3 To enable the learner to acquire the skill of using the computers acquire the skill of Operation system and MS office browse Internet and search necessary information for Teaching and Learning open an E-mail account and adapt Computer security measures familiar with the latest trends of ICT in Education 		

UNIT	Content	No. of Hours
I	Computer fundamentals : Introduction - Characteristics of	20 Hours
	Computes - Classification of computers - Input and output	
	devices - Operating Systems: Windows, Linux, Mac -	
	Introduction to Windows: Desktop, My Computer, folders and	
	files, Explorer, other utilities - Clock and Calendar - Note pad -	
	Basic functions of computer – different types of file formats.	
II	Microsoft Office: Word Processing - Introduction - Text	20 Hours
	document - basic operations - Making a Paragraph - Searching	
	and replacing - formatting Character and paragraph - Tables -	
	The Excel environment - Entering and Changing information	
	and formula - functions - Names and arrays - Working with rows	
	and columns - displaying calculation, Charts and graphical	

	representations	
	Deres Driet Decentation Creating another in	
	Power Point Presentation - Creating presentation-	
	Changing View - Simple editing - Changing designs – Creating	
	new text box - Simple Animation - Adding Pictures, drawings	
	and graphs - Embedding voice - Preparation of Presentation for	
	teaching	
III	Computer for Teaching and Learning: Concept of	20 Hours
	Educational technology – Technology in Education -	
	Technology of Education - Computer Assisted Instruction - CBL	
	Packages - Technology in teaching/learning - Multimedia - e-	
	Content – e-Books - Software for Computation	
IV	Online Utilities and Security: Internet - Internet Explorer -	20 Hours
	other web browsers - Search of Information using Key Words -	
	E-Mail - Search engines. Online security tips – Online crooks –	
	Login Precautions – Use of password – Avoiding external	
	devices – Antivirus software – Scanning – Cautious about mails	
	and free downloads – e-commerce cautions	
V	ICTs Pedagogy in Teacher Education: Definition of the term –	20 Hours
	Open and Distance learning – Teleconferencing in Education - e-	
	learning – blended learning – Virtual learning – Flipped	
	classroom – MOOCs – MOODLE – SWAYAM – NDL -	
	Integrating ICTs in Teacher Education – Future of ICT.	
Mode of		
transaction	Lecture, Demonstration, Discussion	
Practicum	• Preparation of PPTs (at least 2 in the respective subject)	
	• Creation of user accounts in gmail, NDL, SWAYAM,	
	MOOCs and MOODLE.	
Def		
Keierences	• Alexis, M. L. (2001), Computer for Every One New	Delhi: Vikas
	Publishing House Ltd.	_ • mub
	• Chandra, R. (2005). Impact of Media and Technology	in education.

-	Delhi: Kalpaz Publications.
•	Goel, H. G. (2005). Teaching of Computer Science. New Delhi: R.
	Lal Books Ltd.
•	Helen Holding & Clare Martin, (1998). Mastering Microsoft
	Office. London, UK: MacMillan.
•	John W (2007) Learning and Teaching Using ICT New Delhi
	Learning Matters Ltd
	Mohanty P. C. (2004) Mass Media and Education New Delhi-
•	Ashish Publishing House
•	Oureshi H (2004) Modern Teaching of Computer Science New
•	Delhi: Annol Publications Pyt I td
	Define Annot Fublications I vt. Edu.
•	Najlserial Dublications Dut Ltd
-	ineerkamar Publications Pvt. Ltd
Defense	
Kelere	Inces: The second se
•	Talesra, H., Marashdeh, W., & Nagda, M. L. (2005). Web based
	Learning. Deini: Authors Press.
•	Varanası, L., Sudhakar, V., & Murunalını, T. (2005). Computer
	Education. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
Web Re	esources :
E-Boo	ks and Audio Books
htt	p://www.gutenberg.org/
htt	ps://www.free-ebooks.net/
htt	p://www.bookrix.com/
htt	p://www.obooko.com/
htt	p://www.audiobooks.org/
htt	p://www.audiobooks.com/
htt	p://www.librophile.com/
Video	s / Video Lessons / E-Content for Learning
htt	p://www.learnerstv.com/
htt	p://webcast.berkeley.edu/
htt	p://nptel.ac.in/
htt	p://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
htt	p://www.co-learn.in/
Digita	l Libraries
htt	p://www.dli.ernet.in/
htt	p://www.loc.gov/education/
MOO	Cs - Massive Open On-line Courses
htt	ps://www.coursera.org/
htt	ps://www.edx.org/
htt	p://ocw.mit.edu/
htt	p://www.open.edu/itunes/
htt	p://nptel.ac.in/cerified_nptel_courses.php

Course Outcomes	After studying these chapters:
	• Students can develop the skill of using the computers.
	• Students can develop the skill of Operation system and MS office.
	• Students will get knowledge about to browse Internet and search
	necessary information for Teaching and Learning.
	• Students can open an E-mail account and adapt Computer security
	measures.
	• Students will be able to familiar with the latest trends of ICT in
	Education.

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