

# PERIYAR UNIVERSITY

# PERIYAR PALKALAI NAGAR SALEM - 636011

# **DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

Syllabus for

# **B.SC. BIOINFORMATICS**

(SEMESTER PATTERN)

( For Candidates admitted in the Colleges affiliated to Periyar University from 2017 - 2018 onwards )

#### REGULATIONS

#### 1. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

A candidate who has passed the Higher Secondary Examination with Biology or Pure Science (Academic stream or Vocational stream) as one of the subjects under Higher Secondary Board of Examination, Tamil Nadu, as per norms set by the Government of Tamil Nadu or an Examination accepted as equivalent thereto by the syndicate, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed thereto are permitted to appear and qualify for the **Bachelor of Bioinformatics degree examination** of this university after a course of study of three academic years.

#### 2. DURATION OF THE COURSE

The course shall extend over a period of three years comprising of six semesters with two semesters in one academic year. There shall not be less than 90 working days for each semester. Examination shall be conducted at the end of every semester for the respective subjects.

#### 3. COURSE OF STUDY

The course of study shall comprise instruction in the following subjects according to the syllabus and books prescribed from time to time. The syllabus for various subjects shall be clearly demarcated into five viable units in each paper/subject. Part -I, Part-II, Part – III and Part – IV subjects are as prescribed in the scheme of examination.

#### 4. EXAMINATIONS

The theory examination shall be three hours duration to each paper at the end of each semester. The candidate failing in any subject(s) will be permitted to appear for each failed subject(s) in the subsequent examination. The practical examinations for UG course should be conducted at the end of the even semester.

#### 4.(a) Submission of record note books for practical examinations

Candidates appearing for practical examinations should submit bonafide Record Note Books prescribed for practical examinations, otherwise the candidates will not be permitted to appear for the practical examinations. However, in genuine cases where the students, who could not submit the record note books, they may be permitted to appear for the practical examinations, provided the concerned Head of the department from the institution of the candidate certified that the candidate has performed the experiments prescribed for the course. For such candidates who do not submit Record Books, zero (0) marks will be awarded for record note books.

#### 5. Revision of Regulations and Curriculum

The University may revise /amend/ change the Regulations and Scheme of Examinations, if found necessary.

#### 6(a). Passing Minimum - Theory

The candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if the candidate secure not less than 40 marks out of 100 (CIA – 10 marks out of 25 and EA – 30 marks out of 75) in the University examination in each theory paper.

#### 6(b). Passing Minimum - Practical

The candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if the candidate secure not less than 40 marks put together out of 100 (CIA - 16 marks out of 40 and EA - 24marks out of 60) in the University examination in each practical paper.

#### 7. Question Paper Pattern

7.1 (a). THEORY - Question Paper Pattern [EA] (Total Marks: 75)

$$PART - A (10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$$

(Answer ALL questions), (Two questions from each unit)

$$PART - B$$
 (5 x 5 = 25 Marks)

(Answer ALL questions) & (One question from each unit with Internal Choice)

$$PART - C (3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$$

(Answer ANY THREE questions) & (Open Choice – 3 out of 5 questions)

7.1 (b). THEORY - Internal Marks Distribution [CIA] (Total Marks: 25)

Attendance : 5 Marks

Assignment : 5 Marks

Internal Examinations : 15 Marks

7.2 (a). PRACTICAL – Marks Distribution & Question paper Pattern (Max. Marks: 100)

[External [EA]: 60 Marks & Internal [CIA]: 40 Marks]

#### 8. Commencement of this Regulation

These regulations shall take effect from the academic year 2017-2018, i.e, for students who are to be admitted to the first year of the course during the academic year 2017-2018 and thereafter.

Part	Sub Code	Subject	Credit	Marks				
				CIA	EA	Total		
	SEMESTER I							
I	Language	guage Tamil - I			75	100		
II	Language	English - I	3	25	75	100		
III	Core I	Cell Biology	4	25	75	100		
	Core Practical I	8, 11		-	-	-		
	Allied I	Basic Mathematics	4	25	75	100		
		Value Education		25	75	100		
		Total		125	375	500		
	SEMESTER II							
I	Language	Tamil - II	3	25	75	100		
II	Language	English - II	3	25	75	100		
III	Core II	Biophysics		25	75	100		
	Core Practical I  Allied II Fundamentals of computer and office automation		6	40	60	100		
			4	25	75	100		
	Allied Practical - I	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		25	75	100		
IV		Env. Studies		25	75	100		
		Total		190	510	700		

Part	Sub	Subject	Credit	Marks				
Part	Code Subject		Credit	CIA	EA	Total		
		SEMESTER III						
I	Language	Tamil - III	3	25	75	100		
II	Language	English - III	3	25	75	100		
	Core III	Microbiology	4	25	75	100		
III	NMEC - I	Fundamentals of Bioinformatics	2	25	75	100		
	Allied III	Chemistry	4	25	75	100		
		Total	16	125	375	600		
	SEMESTER IV							
I	Language	Tamil - IV	3	25	75	100		
II	Language	English - IV	3	25	75	100		
III	Core IV	Biostatistics		25	75	100		
	Allied IV	Biochemistry	4	25	75	100		
	NMEC II	ore Microbiology		25	75	100		
	Core Practical -II			40	60	100		
	Allied Biochemistry Practical - II		6	40	60	100		
	Total		28	205	495	700		
		SEMESTER V						
III	Core V	Molecular Biology	4	25	75	100		
	Core VI	Biological Data banks and their analysis	4	25	75	100		
	Core VII	Immunology	4	25	75	100		
	Core VIII	Plant and Animal Biotechnology	4	25	75	100		
	Core IX Relational Data Bases Management Systems		4	25	75	100		
	Total			125	375	500		

Part	Sub	Subject	Credit	Marks		
	Code		Credit	CIA	EA	Total
		SEMESTER VI				
III Core X		Systemic evolution and Environmental Biology	4	25	75	100
	Core XI	Drug and Molecular modelling	4	25	75	100
	Core XII	Proteomics and Genomics	4	25	75	100
	Core XIII	Data mining and Warehousing	4	25	75	100
	Core XIV	Object oriented programming and C++	4	25	75	100
	Core Practical III	Lab in Molecular Biology and Plant Biotechnology	6	40	60	100
	Core Practical IV	Lab in Data base analysis, programming in PERL, C++ and molecular modelling	6	40	60	100
		Total	32	205	495	700

#### **CORE - I - CELL BIOLOGY**

#### UNITI

Cell as a basic unit, classification of cell types, cell theory, organization of plant and animal cells, comparison of microbial, plant and animal cell.

#### UNITII

Ultrastructure of cells, Biochemical composition of cells (nucleic acid, carbohydrate, protein and lipids).

### **UNIT III**

Subcellular organization- cytosol, endoplasmic reticulum, nucleus, cytoskeleton, ribosomes, mitochondria, chloroplast, vacuoles, peroxisomes, lysosomes and cell wall.

#### **UNITIV**

Structure and functions of cell membranes, cell division (eukaryotic and prokaryotic), mitosis, meiosis and cell cycle.

#### **UNIT V**

Specialized cell-motile cells, nerve cells, muscle cells, cell death and apoptosis.

- De Robertis and De Robertis. 2005. 8<sup>th</sup> Eds. Cell and Molecular Biology. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- Lodish, Berk, Baltimore et al. 2000. 6<sup>th</sup>Eds Molecular Cell Biology. W.H. Freeman & Co.
- Gerald Karp, 2008. Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, 5th Eds. Wiley
- Geoffrey Cooper, 2000. The Cell: A molecular approach. 2<sup>nd</sup> Eds. Sinauer Associates Inc.

## **CORE-II - BIOPHYSICS**

#### **UNITI**

Energetics of a living body, sources of heat limits to temperature (qualitative treatment), heat dissipation to conservation, laws of thermodynamics. Nature of chemical bonds, intra and intermolecular interaction in biological systems.

#### **UNITII**

Chromatography- Principles behind chromatography techniques; Types-Paper, Thin Layer, Column, HPTLC, ion-exchange, affinity & Gas chromatography; Electrophoresis-PAGE & SDS.

#### UNITIII

Spectroscopic techniques- Beer-Lambert's law, colorimetry, spectrophotometry (UV-visible, Fluorescence, Atomic absorption, IR to Ramanspectra).

#### **UNITIV**

Physical methods of imaging, intact biological structures (X-ray, CAT-Scan, ECG, EEG &NMR) and radioactive pollution-GM counter.

#### **UNIT V**

Structure of proteins-primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary. X-ray crystallography. Physical methods for determining size and shape of macromolecules – diffusion to sedimentation, reverse osmosis, ultracentrifugation

- · Volkones, HV, General Biophysics Vol I&II.
- Pullman, B and M. Voino. Molecular biophysics.

#### **SEMESTER - I & II**

### CORE PRACTICAL - I - CELL BIOLOGY & BIOPHYSICS

- 1. Cell types Microbial, animal and plant morphometric measurements.
- 2. Fractionation of cellular components.
- 3. Cell membrane, separation and analysis of membrane components.
- 4. Cell Staining: Cytochemical methods for demonstration of cellular and sub-cellular components (Protein, carbohydrate and lipids).
- 5. Enzymes: Assay of urease, demonstration catalytic activity.
- 6. Titration curve of amino acids.
- 7. Selection of complementary filters.
- 8. Beer-Lambert's law verification.

#### SEMESTER - II

#### **ALLIED - II**

#### FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER AND OFFICE AUTOMATION

(This paper is introduced instead of Allied paper - II: Computer Fundamentals and Basic programming)

#### **UNITI**

Introduction to Computers: — Characteristics of Computers. Classification of Computers — Programming Languages: Machine Language — Assembly Language — Input Devices- Keyboard — Mouse - Trackball — Output Devices — Dot Matrix Printer — Inkjet — Laser Printer — LCD & LED Printers: Hard Disk — CD — DVD — primary memory

#### UNIT-II

Getting Started: Starting a Program – Identifying Common Screen Elements – Choosing Commands – Finding Common Ways to Work – Getting Help with Office.

#### UNIT-III

MS-WORD: Learning Word Basics – Formatting a Word Document – Working with Longer Document.

#### UNIT-IV

MS-EXCEL: Creating a Simple Spreadsheet – Editing a Spreadsheet – Working with Functions and Formula – Formatting Worksheets – Completing Your Spreadsheet – Creating Charts

#### UNIT-V

MS-POWERPOINT: Creating and Viewing Presentations – Editing a Presentation – Working with Presentation Special Effects

- 1. Fundamentals of computers science and Communication Engineering. **Alexis Leon & Mathews Leon**, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (Unit-I)
- 2. Microsoft Office XP fast & easy (UNIT II, III, IV & V), DIANE KOERS Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2001

#### ALLIED PRACTICAL -I: COMPUTER LAB

# (This practical lab is introduced instead of Allied Practical -I: Computer fundamentals and Basic programming)

#### LAB EXERCISE

#### **MS Office**

- 1. Create a document with tables, and do the following: Formatting, tab setting, page setting for printing, and Header & Footer setting
- 2. Drawing flow chart using drawing toolbar, inserting picture and setting frames
- 3. Mail Merge in word (Creating main document, data source, inserting merge fields and viewing merge data, viewing and printing merged letter, using main merge to print envelope creating mailing labels)
- 4. Create a document, Format the document and edit the document as follows:
  - (i) Find and Replace options
  - (ii) Cut, Copy and Paste options
  - (iii) Undo and Redo options
  - (iv) Using Bold, Underline and Italic.
  - (v) Chance Character size using the font dialog box.
  - (vi) Formatting paragraph: Center, Left aligns & Right aligns
  - (vii) Changing paragraph and line spacing Using Bullets and Numbering in paragraphs
  - (viii) Creating Hanging paragraphs

#### MS-EXCEL

1. Create a work sheet, moving / copying / inserting / deleting rows and Columns. (Usage of cut, paste commands, copying a single cell, copying a range of data, filling up a cell. Undo command, inserting a row, column Deleting rows and columns).

- 2. Create a worksheet and perform to date, time, Math functions, and Logical and financial functions
- 3. a. Data base concept: Data base, Record field and field name creating and sorting a data base and maintaining a data base (date form)
  - b. Using auto filter, advanced filter
  - c. Creating subtotals and grand totals Using database functions
- 4. Creating charts (Pie, Bar, Line)
  - a. Using chart wizard (five steps)
  - b. Changing the chart type (Pie, Bar, Line)
  - c. Inserting titles for the Axes x, y
  - d. Changing colors
  - e. Printing charts

#### MS-POWER POINT

- 1. Creating a presentation using auto content wizard
- 2. Different views in power point presentation
- 3. Setting animation effects / grouping / ungrouping / cropping power/ point objects
- 4. Design to presentation to market the product using animation effects/buttons/links

#### **CORE - III - MICROBIOLOGY**

#### UNIT 1

Microbial study: Types of Microscopes (Light, Phase-contrast and Electron microscopy) –classification of microorganisms-viruses, bacteria, fungi, algae and protozoans.

#### **UNIT II**

Microbial physiology: Microbial growth- medium, Environmental factors affecting growth-nutritional classification of microbes. Microbial metabolism: glycolysis, Aerobic process-Photosynthesis- cyclic and non-cyclic Phosphorylation.

#### **UNITIII**

Viruses (Lytic and Lysogenic), Bacterial genetics: Plasmids and conjugation, transduction and transformation. Mutations, mutagenesis and recombination.

#### **UNITIV**

Environmental & Agricultural microbiology: Biogeochemical cycle: Biodegradation and bioremediation. Bio-fertilizers.

#### **UNITV**

Microbiology of human diseases- Bacteria *–Staphylococcus*sp., *Vibriocholerae*, Virus-Pox-virus, Adeno virus, Fungus-*Aspergillus*and*Candida*sp. Medicine: Penicillin and Streptomycin.

- Michael T. Madigan John M. Martin & Jack Parker, 1984. Biology of Microorganisms Prentice Hall International, Inc., London.
- Edward A. Birge, 1992. Modern Microbiology. Principles and application. W.M.C. Brown Publishers, Inc. U.S.A.
- Gerard J. Tortora, Berdell R. Funke, Christine & L. Case, 2001. Microbiology –An Introduction. Benjamin Cummings, U.S.A.
- Danial Lim, 1998. Microbiology, McGraw-Hill Company, New York.

#### SEMESTER - III

### NON MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSES

#### NMEC I - FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOINFORMATICS

#### Unit -I

Bioinformatics-Definition, History, Scope and Applications. Opportunities in Bioinformatics. Emerging areas of Bioinformatics

#### **Unit II**

Computers and Programming Languages. Internet, World Wide Web, Browsers, Search Engines – Google, Yahoo

#### Unit III

Cell Structures and Cell Organelles. Introduction to Macromolecules like DNA, RNA and Proteins

#### **Unit IV**

Introduction to Molecular Biology and genetics. Central dogma of life: DNA – RNA - Protein. Role of Bioinformatics in Human Genome Project

#### Unit -V

Biological databases, Importance of databases, Nucleic acid sequence databases, Protein databases and Structure databases

- 1. Basic Bioinformatics S.Ignacimuthu (2005). Narosa Publishing House
- 2. Bioinformatics for Beginners K.Mani and Vijayaraj (2002). Kalaikathir Achagam
- 3. Fundamentals of Bioinformatics Irfan Ali Khan, AtiyaKhanum (2003). Ukaaz publications.

#### **SEMESTER – IV**

#### **CORE - IV - BIO STATISTICS**

#### UNIT 1

Biostatistics- definition- statistical methods- basic principles. Variables- Measurements and functions. Limitations and uses of statistics.

#### UNITII

Data: primary and secondary. Methods of data collection. Merits and limitations. Classification, tabulation and presentation of data.

#### **UNITIII**

Measures of Central tendency- Mean, Median and Mode, – merits and limitations. Measures of dispersion – range, standard deviation and mean deviation.

#### UNITIV

Correlation and regression, similarities and dissimilarities of correlation and regression methods.

#### **UNIT V**

Statistical interference – hypothesis: simple hypothesis, Hypothesis testing. Student's t-test, Chi-Square test, ANOVA.

#### **Recommended Books**

Daniel, W.W. 1987. Biostatistics, John Wiley Sons, New York.

Sundarrao, P.S.S. and Richards, J.2003. An Introduction to Biostatistics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CMC, Vellore.

Selvin, S. 1991. Statistical analysis of epidemiological data, University press, NY.

Bishop, O.N, 1983. Statistics for biology, Hougtan, Boston.

Freedman, P, 1950. The principles of scientific research, Pergamonpress, NY.

### NON MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE

#### NMEC - II - APPLICATIONS OF BIOINFORMATICS

#### Unit -I

Protein Structure prediction, Gene and Protein expression data. Protein interaction data, Similarity and database searching tools – FASTA, BLAST

#### **Unit II**

Protein sequence data banks, NBRF, PIR, SWISSPROT, Nucleic Acid Sequence Data Bank, EMBL & NCBI

#### **Unit III**

Sequence analysis and Phylogeny – sequence search alignment- pair wise and multiple sequence. Scoring matrices. Introduction to Phylogenetic Trees.

#### **Unit IV**

Introduction to drug discovery: Structure based drug design. Docking. Classical SAR/QSAR.

#### Unit V

Structure of commonly used drugs in medical field. New drug design for cancer. Identification of novel drug design with least side effect.

- 1. Introdcution to Bioinformatics S.Sundararajan and Balaji
- 2. Instant notes Bioinformatics Westhead, Howard parish and Twyman. Viva books Pvt. Limited. Chennai
- 3. Bioinformatics basic skills and applications Rastogi

### SEMESTER – IV

### **CORE PRACTICAL II - MICROBIOLOGY**

- 1. Staining techniques gram staining, negative staining, flagellar staining and spore staining.
- 2. Microscopic slide preparation-bacterial and fungal strains.
- 3. Various sterilization techniques surface, glassware, media, dry heat, wet heat, radiation, chemicals and filtration.
- 4. Preparation of solid and liquid media.
- 5. Isolation of microorganisms from soil, air, plants and water by streak plate, pour plate and spread plate methods
- 6. Maintenance of cultures soil stock, glycerol stock and lyophilisation
- 7. Biochemical test- starch hydrolysis, catalase production, milk curdling, fluorescence, acid and gas production by Durham tube, IMVIC.

### **CORE - V - MOLECULAR BIOLOGY**

#### Unit I

Cell structure and function: Membrane architecture, membrane associated process, ATP synthesis and photosynthesis, Subcellular organelles: Mitochondria and chloroplast.

#### **Unit II**

Chromosomal structure: prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Gene transfer in bacteria- genetic mapping and its uses.

#### **Unit III**

Prokaryotic and eukaryotic replication: Gene expression-transcriptional and translational regulation in prokaryotes. Post translational modification in eukaryotes.

#### **Unit IV**

Mutations and mutant, Biochemical basis of mutation, types of mutation – spontaneous and conditional. Chemical and physical mutagens-point mutation.

#### Unit V

Transposons and insertion sequences: Types of transposons – prokaryotes and eukaryotes. DNA rearrangement mediated by transposons.

- Lodish, Berk, Baltimore et al. 2000. Molecular Cell Biology. 6th Edition. W.H. Freeman & Co
- Twyman, R.M.2000. Advanced Molecular Biology. Garland/bios Scientific Publishers.
- Sandy B Primrose, 1991. Molecular Biotechnology. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Blackwell Scientific Publishers.
- Brown, T.A, 2002. Genomes. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Wiley-Liss (New York).
- Larry Snyder, Wendy Champness, 2002. Molecular Genetics of Bacteria. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. American Society for Microbiology.

#### **CORE - VI - BIOLOGICAL DATA BANKS AND THEIR ANALYSIS**

#### Unit I

DNA and protein sequence data banks, NCBI, EMBL, DDBJ, NBRF-PIR, SWISSPROT, signal peptide databank.

#### **Unit II**

Analytical tools for sequences databanks: BLAST, FASTA, Pairwise alignment-Multiple alignment-ClustalW, PRAS.

#### **Unit III**

Structural databanks: Protein databank (PDB), the Cambridge structural database, Genome databank, metabolic pathway databanks- KEGG and Meta Cyc.

#### **Unit IV**

Introduction to microbial strain data network, numerical coding system of microbes, hybridoma data bank structure, virus and cell line information system.

#### Unit V

Protein structure classification databases: SCOP and CATH, Human genome and diseases database – OMIM.

- · Adams, M. D., C. Fields, J. C. Venter. 1994. Automated DNA sequencing and analysis. Academic press, London.
- Bishop, M. J., C.J. Rawings. 1997. Nucleic acid and protein sequencing, A practical approach, IRI press, Oxford.
- Sushai, S, 1997. Theoretical and computational methods in genome research. Plenum press, NY.
- + Hepsyba, S.G.H. and C.R. Hemalatha, 2009. Basic Bioinformatics, MJP Publishers, Chennai.

#### **CORE - VII - IMMUNOLOGY**

#### UNITI

Historical perspectives and overview of immune system: Innate and acquired immunity. Cells and organs of immune system. Inflammation.

#### UNITII

Antigens, antigenicity. Immunogenicity. Complement system. Antigen-antibody interaction. Monoclonal antibodies.

#### **UNITIII**

Organization and expression of immunoglobulin genes. Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) and antigen.

#### UNITIV

Cytokines: Structure, function and receptors, Cell mediated immunity. T- Cell maturation and activation. B-Cell activation and proliferation. Hypersensitive reactions – Types I, II, III and IV.

#### **UNIT V**

Immune regulation, Vaccines, autoimmunity, immune response to infectious and immuno-deficiency diseases.

- Thomas J. Kindt, Barbara A. Osborne, **Janis Kuby**, **Richard A. Goldsby**, 2006. Immunology, **Janis Kuby**. W H Freeman & Co.
- Charles Janeway, Paul Travers, Mark Walport, Mark Shlomchik, Mark J. Shlomchik,
   2004.Immunobiology: The Immune System in Health and Disease. Garland Pub.
- Abul K Abbas, Andrew K. Lichtman& Jordan S. Pober (Eds.), 1997. Cellular and Molecular Immunology, 3rd Edn. W.B.Saunders Company.

#### CORE - VIII - PLANT AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

#### UNITI

Application of plant tissue culture, organogenesis and somatic embryogenesis. Protoplast culture and fusion. *Agrobacterium* mediated transformation in plants, production of secondary metabolites by cell culture.

#### UNITII

In-vitro conservation of germplasm. Synthetic seeds. Transgenic plant -Bt, herbicides, resistance pests and pathogens .Biotic & Abiotic stresses.

#### **UNITIII**

Animal cell culture: historical perspectives and applications, manipulation of animal cells (microinjection, electroporation, liposome mediated transformation). Production of native and recombinant proteins- animal viral vectors.

#### **UNITIV**

Embryo transfer technology and animal breeding. Micromanipulation and embryo splitting, *In vitro* fertilization-chromosome engineering. Stem cells and its applications.

#### **UNIT V**

Transgenic animals: gene targeting, types of vaccines recombinant and DNA vaccines, production and its applications.

- Kalyan Kumar De, 1992. Plant Tissue Culture, New Central Book Agency, Calcutta
- Robert N. Trigiano, Dennis J. Gray, 1996. Plant Tissue Culture Concept and Laboratory Exercises, CRC Press, London.
- P.S. Srivasta, 1998. Plant Tissue Culture and Molecular Biology, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- R.Spier and J.Griffiths, 1994. Animal Cell Biotechnology. Academic Press.
- M.M. Ranga, 2000. Animal Biotechnology, Agrobios (India)

### CORE - X - SYSTEMIC EVOLUTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY

#### UNIT-I

Morphological classification of plants: Various systems, Binomial nomenclature; Cyto and chemotaxonomy.

#### **UNIT-II**

Morphology and Whittaker's five kingdom classification of animals, animal diversity, classification of chordates and non-chordates up to classes.

#### **UNIT-III**

Evolution: Origin of life, fossils, Carbon dating in fossils, Geological time scale. Palaeozoic, Mesozoic, Cenozoic life, Lamarkism, Neolamarkism, living fossils, modern concepts of evolution and speciation, variations, natural selection, isolation, mechanisms in evolution and speciation.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Environmental biology: Autoecology, synecology, ecosystem and its components, energy flow, primary productivity, food chain. Wild life preservation and management, water, air and noise pollution. Global warming and Marine pollution (Oil spills).

#### **UNIT-V**

Function of ecosystems. Vegetation pattern in South India. Pollution and soil conservation. Afforestation and social forestry. A general account of renewable and non-renewable resources.

- G.L.Chopra, 1976. Angiosperms. S.Nagin& Co, Delhi.
- C.L.Porter, 1969. Taxonomy of flowering plants. Eurasia Pub. house, Delhi.
- Hans-Joachim Jördening, Josef Winter, 2005. Environmental Biotechnology: Concepts and Applications. Wiley.
- S.K. Dwivedi, M.C. Kalita, Padmanabh Dwivedi. 2007. Biodiversity and Environmental Biotechnology. (1<sup>st</sup> edition) Scientific Publishers.
- P.D.Sharma, 1994. Environmental Biology. Rastogi Publishers.
- Gary K.Meffe & Ronald Carroll, C, 1994. Principles of Conservation Biology, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Massachusetts.

## **CORE - IX - RELATIONAL DATABASES MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

#### Unit I

Purpose of database systems-Entity relationship model: mapping constraints-primary keys-ER diagram.

#### **Unit II**

Relational model: Structure-formal query languages-relational Algebra-relational calculus-commercial query language.

#### **Unit III**

Relational database design: Pitfalls-Normalization using functional dependencies-Decomposition-Third and fourth normal form-normalization.

#### Unit IV

Hierarchical data model: Tree structure diagram-data retrieval, Networks data model: Data structure diagram-DBTG CODASYL model, updating and set processing.

#### Unit V

Interpretation-equivalence of expressions-Query processing cost- query optimizer. Basic concepts of data base recovery-currency control, database security and integrity-distributed database.

- Jeffery D. Ulman, 1998. Principles of database system, Galgotia Publishers.
- Jdate C.J., 1995. An Introduction to Database System, Third Ed. Narosa Publishing Company.
- Henry F. Korth and Abraham Silberschatz, 2000. Database system concepts, McGraw Hill International Publication.

# CORE - XI - DRUG AND MOLECULAR MODELLING

#### **UNITI**

Classification of drugs, routes of drug administration. Absorption & Distribution of drugs. Importance of liver and kidney in drug interaction with biomolecules. Binding of drugs to plasma proteins. Effect of drug dosage on rate of metabolism.

#### **UNITII**

Importance of Phase I and Phase II biotransformation. Role of cytochrome p-450, enzyme inhibition strategies, enzyme induction and pharmacological activity, detoxification enzyme system,  $LD_{50}$  and  $IC_{50}$ .

#### **UNIT III**

Drug receptors: Drug-receptor interaction, Drug action not mediated by receptors. Structural based drug design, mechanism of their action. Lipinski's rule of 5, Clinical trials 1-4 phases.

#### **UNITIV**

Target sites & mode of action of cancer, neuro and HIV chemotherapy agents. Antimetabolites, antibodies, plantibodies, radiation therapy and alkylating agents. PUBCHEM database.

#### **UNIT V**

Molecular modelling- Homology modelling, Abinito methods and modelling, structure validation, Prochem, Ramachandran plot, stability- Molecular dynamics stimulation

- Singh.H and Kapoor. V.K, 2002. Organic pharmaceutical chemistry. Vallabhprakashan publishers.
   New Delhi
- Andrew, R., 1998. Molecular modeling: principles and application. Leach. Harlow.
- · Andrew, R., 1997. Molecular modeling: Basic principles and applications. Hans- X.

### **CORE - XII - PROTEOMICS AND GENOMICS**

#### **UNITI**

Algorithms and applications of proteomics: proteome mining, protein expression profiling, protein-protein interaction, protein modification and automation.

#### **UNITII**

Protein digestion techniques, SDS-PAGE, 2D-Electrophoresis, Isoelectric focusing(IEF), High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Mass Spectroscopy (HPLC-MS).

#### **UNITIII**

Overview of genome, genome sequence acquisition and analysis, comparative homologies, evolutionary changes, Single Nucleotide Polymorphism (SNPs). Genetic analysis: linkage mapping and analysis; physical mapping, Microarrays; sequence specific tags, sequence tagged sites, ISH, FISH.

#### **UNITIV**

DNA sequencing: Maxam and Gilbert method, Sanger method, Ladder, Fluorescent, Shotgun, Automation DNA sequencing. Implications of DNA sequencing. Basics about Next Generation Sequencing.

#### **UNIT V**

Construction of cDNA and genomic DNA libraries; Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR), Yeast two-hybrid system, SAGE Adaptation for Downsized Extract (SADE), ESTs,

- Leibler DC. 2002. Introduction to proteomics, tools for the new biology. Humana press.
- · Hunt SP, Livesey FJ, 2000. Functional genomics, Oxford University press.
- Cantor CR, 1999. Genomics. John Wiley, NY.
- Westermier R, Naven T, 2002. Proteomics in practice: A laboratory manual of proteome analysis. John Wiley-VCH.

### CORE - XIII - DATA MINING AND WAREHOUSING

# (This paper is introduced instead of Major Paper - XIII: Parallel Computing and programming in PERL)

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Data mining application – data mining techniques – data mining case studies- the future of data mining – data mining software - **Association rules mining: Introduction**- basics- task and a naïve algorithm-apriori algorithm – improve the efficient of the apriori algorithm – mining frequent pattern without candidate generation

#### UNIT - II

**Classification :** Introduction – decision tree – over fitting and pruning - DT rules – estimation predictive accuracy of classification methods – other evaluation criteria for classification method – classification software

#### UNIT - III

**Cluster analysis**: cluster analysis – types of data – computing distances-types of cluster analysis methods – partitioned methods – hierarchical methods – density based methods – dealing with large databases – quality and validity of cluster analysis methods - cluster analysis software.

#### UNIT - IV

**Web data mining:** Introduction- web terminology and characteristics- locality and hierarchy in the web-web content mining-web usage mining- web structure mining – web mining software - **Search engines:** Search engines functionality- search engines architecture – ranking of web pages.

#### UNIT - V

**Data warehousing:** Introduction – Operational data sources- data warehousing - Data warehousing design – Guidelines for data warehousing implementation - Data warehousing metadata - **Online analytical processing (OLAP):** Introduction – OLAP characteristics of OLAP system – Multidimensional view and data cube - Data cube implementation - Data cube operations OLAP implementation guidelines

#### **Recommended Books**

1. "Introduction to Data mining with case studies", G.K. Gupta, PHI Private limited, New Delhi, 2008.

#### **SEMESTER - VI**

# CORE - XIV - OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING AND C++

#### Unit I

Principles of object oriented programming (OOP): Software evolution-OOP paradigm-basic concepts of OOP-object oriented languages-applications of OOP.

#### **Unit II**

Introduction to C++, Tokens, keywords, Identifiers, Variables, Operators, Manipulators, Expressions and control structures in C++. Functions in C++-main function-function typing-call by reference-return by reference-function overloading-friend and virtual function.

#### **Unit III**

Classes and objects: constructors and destructors and operating overloading and type conversions.

#### **Unit IV**

Inheritance: Types – single, multilevel, hierarchical and hybrid inheritance. Pointers, virtual functions and polymorphism. Managing console I/O operations.

#### Unit V

Working with files: Classes for file stream operations-opening and closing a file-end of file (EOF), file detection-file pointers-updating a file-error handling during file operations-command line arguments.

- Balagurusamy, E. 1995. Object oriented programming with C++, TMH.
- Herbert Schidt, 1995. C++ The complete Reference, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Osborne, MGH.

# **CORE PRACTICAL - III**

## LAB IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

- 1. Isolation of plasmid and genomic DNA and further confirmation by Agarose gel electrophoresis
- 2. SDS-PAGE
- 3. Preparation of culture medium and basic sterilization techniques
- 4. Cell suspension
- 5. Callus induction
- 6. Extraction of secondary metabolites using cold percolation technique
- 7. Thin Layer chromatography.

#### **SEMESTER-VI**

#### **CORE PRACTICAL - IV**

# LAB IN DATABASE ANALYSIS, PROGRAMMING IN PERL, C++ AND MOLECULAR MODELLING

- 1. PDB analysis of protein structure by RASMOL
- 2. NCBI, EMBL and DDBJ (accession of information)
- 3. BLAST and FASTA search
- 4. Alignments pair wise and multiple sequence alignment-ClustalW and X
- 5. Program for function, operation overloading
- 6. program for multiple constructors in a class
- 7. program for multiple handling
- 8. program for error handling
- 9. program for friend and virtual functions
- 10. Molecular mechanics and dynamics of nucleotides and proteins
- 11. Molecular modelling using HEX

## SKILL BASED ELECTIVE COURSES

- 1. Microbial diversity
- 2. Medical Laboratory techniques
- 3. Recombinant DNA technology I
- 4. Recombinant DNA technology II
- 5. Microbial Biotechnology I
- 6. Microbial Biotechnology II

# NON MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSES

- 1. Bioinstrumentation I
- 2. Bioinstrumentation II

### **PART IV**

- 1. Environmental Studies
- 2. Value Education Yoga

### **PART V**

1. Extension Activities